

# **How Rhode Island's State and Local Expenditures Compare**

**2007 Edition**



**RIPEC**

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## **I. Introduction**

Uniform and dependable expenditure information is needed to accurately compare state and local expenditures. In RIPEC's opinion, a credible and commonly used source of comparative state and local expenditure data is *Government Finances* compiled by the United States Census Bureau. Thus, the analysis presented here is based on the United States Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2005 and FY 1995 data.

RIPEC's report, *How Rhode Island Compares – State and Local Expenditures, 2007 Edition* provides details on state and local government expenditures for fiscal year 2005, the latest year for which national data are available. The publication compares Rhode Island's expenditures with those of the other 49 states and the United States average.

A comparison of Rhode Island's actual expenditures to other states would provide little, if any, useful information given the vast differences in land area, population and personal wealth. To provide a common basis for comparison, expenditures are shown on both a "Per Capita" and "Per \$1,000 of Personal Income" basis. This provides two types of common denominators that account for differences due to the population of a state (per capita measurement) and the personal income level of the state (per \$1,000 of personal income).

Per capita refers to the amount of state and local expenditures divided by the number of residents in the state. Measuring expenditures on a per capita basis shows the level of government spending for a particular service for each resident in a state. However, this measure does not reflect the ability to pay for these services or the demographic characteristics of a state. Per \$1,000 of personal income refers to the amount of state and local expenditures expended per every \$1,000 of personal income generated by the state's residents. Measuring spending against personal income provides some measure of a state's residents' ability to pay.

One should note that there are other measures to benchmark expenditures as well. For example, education expenditures can be measured on a per pupil basis or social welfare expenditures can be measured by the caseloads served. All of these measurements have their strengths and weaknesses. Therefore, several gauges should be considered in analyzing a state's expenditure trends. Nevertheless, RIPEC believes that reporting and analyzing relative expenditure trends per capita, per \$1,000 of personal income, and as a percent of total expenditures provides a benchmark to assess a state's expenditure choices.

RIPEC relied primarily on data made available through the United States Department of Commerce's Bureau of the Census website ([www.census.gov](http://www.census.gov)). Per capita calculations were completed by RIPEC using Census Bureau population figures and per \$1,000 of personal income calculations by using the U.S. Dept. of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis income data as of March 2007.

*How Rhode Island Compares – State and Local Expenditures, 2007 Edition* contains four sections in addition to this Introduction:

- Section II: Executive Summary;
- Section III: Expenditure Analysis provides analysis and highlights major types of expenditures;
- Section IV: State and Local Government Expenditures contains 32 tables of expenditure data for fiscal years 1995 and 2005 on a per \$1,000 of personal income basis and a per capita basis; and
- Section V: Glossary of Terms.

## II. Executive Summary

The executive summary provides an overview of how Rhode Island's per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita direct general expenditures compare to Connecticut, Massachusetts and the United States as a whole for selected expenditure categories (elementary and secondary education; higher education; Medicaid/vendor payments; cash assistance; highways; police; fire; parks and recreation; and housing and community development). In addition, this summary provides an analysis of expenditure trends for these expenditure categories for FY 1995 and FY 2005.

	Per \$1,000 of PI			Per Capita		
	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
U.S.	\$206.83	-	-	\$6,778	-	-
CT	165.30	50	79.9%	7,488	10	110.5%
MA	185.60	43	89.7%	7,731	5	114.1%
RI	219.29	18	106.0%	7,492	9	110.5%

\* Direct General Expenditures include all expenditures except expenditures for utilities, liquor store, insurance trust, and intergovernmental expenditures.  
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

As shown on Table 1, Rhode Island's direct general expenditures of \$219.29 per \$1,000 of personal income were 6.0 percent above the national average and ranked 18<sup>th</sup> highest in FY 2005. This varied significantly from Connecticut and Massachusetts. Connecticut's spending of \$165.30 per \$1,000 of personal income was 20.1 percent below the national average and Massachusetts' spending (\$185.60 per \$1,000 of personal income) was 10.3 percent below the national average.

On a per capita basis, Rhode Island's expenditures of \$7,492 per capita (9<sup>th</sup> highest) were 10.5 percent above the national average of \$6,778 per capita. Connecticut's per capita spending was 10.5 percent above the national average, ranking 10<sup>th</sup> highest in the Nation. Massachusetts' per capita state and local government spending was 5<sup>th</sup> highest, 14.1 percent above the average for the 50 states.

*Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income*

Table 2 presents expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income for the above mentioned expenditure categories. The data shows that in FY 2005 Rhode Island:

	<b>U.S. Amount</b>	<b>Rhode Island Amount Rank</b>	<b>Connecticut Amount Rank</b>	<b>Massachusetts Amount Rank</b>
El. & Sec. Education	\$48.73	\$50.15 19	\$42.76 39	\$41.07 48
Higher Education	18.76	14.07 44	12.33 49	11.85 50
Medicaid/Vendor Paym.*	27.72	44.29 5	19.73 46	35.53 15
Cash Assistance	2.25	4.00 8	1.86 20	1.84 22
Highways	12.75	10.26 44	8.23 49	8.84 47
Police	7.68	7.94 14	5.29 48	5.86 39
Fire	3.16	6.77 1	2.70 31	3.40 13
Parks & Recreation	5.74	2.88 48	2.43 49	2.12 50
Housing & Comm. Dev.	4.12	5.74 5	4.00 22	5.58 6

\* Includes Medicaid and other public welfare vendor payments.  
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Government Finances, and RIPEC calculations.

- ranked in the top 10 states for per \$1,000 of personal income expenditures for cash assistance payments (8<sup>th</sup>), Medicaid/vendor payments (5<sup>th</sup>), fire protection (1<sup>st</sup>), and housing and community development (5<sup>th</sup>);
- ranked in the bottom 10 states for per \$1,000 of personal income expenditures for higher education (44<sup>th</sup>); highways (44<sup>th</sup>); and parks and recreation (48<sup>th</sup>);
- ranks higher than its neighboring states in all listed categories of spending per \$1,000 of personal income expenditures;
- was similar to Connecticut and Massachusetts in spending less than most other states on higher education, and parks and recreation. This reflects the region's geography and tradition of private colleges; and
- spent significantly more per \$1,000 of personal income than does Connecticut and Massachusetts on Medicaid/vendor payments, cash assistance programs, elementary and secondary education, and fire protection.

*Expenditures Per Capita*

Another way of looking at expenditures is on a per capita basis. As shown on Table 3, Rhode Island’s per capita expenditures:

- ranked in the top 10 states in six categories: elementary and secondary education (9<sup>th</sup>), Medicaid/vendor payments (3<sup>rd</sup>), cash assistance payments (5<sup>th</sup>), police (10<sup>th</sup>), fire (1<sup>st</sup>), and housing and community development (6<sup>th</sup>);
- ranked in the bottom 10 states in three areas: for higher education (47<sup>th</sup>); highways (46<sup>th</sup>); and parks and recreation (49<sup>th</sup>);
- spent significantly more for Medicaid/vendor payments than did Connecticut and slightly more per capita than Massachusetts;
- was almost identical to Massachusetts for elementary and secondary education spending and was 11.6 percent below Connecticut on a per capita basis;
- had significantly higher expenditures for cash assistance payments and fire than Connecticut and Massachusetts; and
- had lower expenditures for highways and higher education than Connecticut and Massachusetts on a per capita basis.

**Table 3  
Selected Expenditures Per Capita  
FY 2005**

	<b>U.S. Amount</b>	<b>Rhode Island Amount Rank</b>	<b>Connecticut Amount Rank</b>	<b>Massachusetts Amount Rank</b>
El. & Sec. Education	\$1,597	\$1,713 9	\$1,937 5	\$1,711 10
Higher Education	615	481 47	558 36	494 44
Medicaid/Vendor Paym.*	908	1,513 3	894 20	1,480 4
Cash Assistance	74	137 5	84 14	77 17
Highways	418	351 46	373 40	368 41
Police	252	271 10	240 18	244 17
Fire	104	231 1	122 11	142 4
Parks & Recreation	188	99 49	110 47	88 50
Housing & Comm. Dev.	135	196 6	181 7	232 2

\* Includes Medicaid and other public welfare vendor payments.  
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Government Finances, and RIPEC calculations.

*Expenditure Trends FY 1995 – FY 2005*

Table 4 sets forth a third way to examine public expenditures: state and local government spending as a percent of direct general expenditures for selected categories in FY 1995 and FY 2005. Analysis of these data show:

- the largest portion of expenditures was for elementary and secondary education in Rhode Island, accounting for 22.9 percent of direct general expenditures in FY 2005, which approximates the national average;
- two expenditure categories (elementary and secondary education and Medicaid/vendor payments) accounted for 43.1 percent of direct general expenditures in Rhode Island in



FY 2005. Nationally the figure was 37.0 percent. The difference is due almost entirely to spending on Medicaid/vendor payments;

- higher education expenditures as a percentage of direct general expenditures declined in Rhode Island in contrast to the trend in both neighboring states, and the Nation;
- significant increases in the percentage of direct general expenditures for Medicaid/vendor payments in both Rhode Island and Massachusetts; and
- cash assistance payments as a percentage of direct general expenditures declined for the United States as a whole as well as Rhode Island, Massachusetts and Connecticut reflecting changes in welfare laws.

**Table 4**  
**Selected Expenditures as Percent of Direct General Expenditures**  
**Fiscal Years 1995 and 2005**  
**(In Percent)**

	FY 1995				FY 2005			
	US	RI	CT	MA	US	RI	CT	MA
El. & Sec. Education	23.1%	21.4%	23.2%	20.4%	23.6%	22.9%	25.9%	22.1%
Higher Education	8.5	6.6	5.3	4.8	9.1	6.4	7.5	6.4
Medicaid/Vendor Pymts.*	10.8	11.6	11.1	13.3	13.4	20.2	11.9	19.1
Cash Assistance	2.5	3.0	3.7	2.8	1.1	1.8	1.1	1.0
Highways	6.7	6.6	6.0	7.0	6.2	4.7	5.0	4.8
Police	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.2
Fire	1.5	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.5	3.1	1.6	1.8
Parks & Recreation	1.6	1.2	1.2	0.7	1.6	0.7	1.1	0.6
Housing & Comm. Dev.	1.9	2.6	2.4	3.3	2.0	2.6	2.4	3.0

\* Includes Medicaid and other public welfare vendor payments.

Source: U.S. Census, Government Finances 1995 and 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

### III. Expenditure Analysis

#### FY 2005 Comparison per \$1,000 of Personal Income

Table 5 provides an overview of select state and local expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income. It compares Rhode Island's expenditures with the U.S. average, as well as Massachusetts and Connecticut. Direct general expenditures include all expenditures except expenditures for utilities, liquor stores, insurance trust, and intergovernmental expenditures.

Selected State and Local Expenditures	U.S.	Rhode Island			Connecticut			Massachusetts		
	Amount	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
<b>Education Expenditures</b>	<b>\$70.95</b>	<b>\$72.78</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>102.6%</b>	<b>\$57.37</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>80.9%</b>	<b>\$60.07</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>84.7%</b>
Elementary & Secondary Education	48.73	50.15	19	102.9%	42.76	39	87.7%	41.07	48	84.3%
Higher Education	18.76	14.07	44	75.0%	12.33	49	65.7%	11.85	50	63.2%
<b>Social Services Expenditures</b>	<b>\$55.37</b>	<b>\$64.11</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>115.8%</b>	<b>\$38.97</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>70.4%</b>	<b>\$48.25</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>87.1%</b>
Cash Assistance Payments	2.25	4.00	8	177.8%	1.86	20	82.7%	1.84	22	81.8%
Medicaid/Vendor Payments	27.72	44.29	5	159.8%	19.73	46	71.2%	35.53	15	128.2%
<b>Transportation Expenditures</b>	<b>\$15.19</b>	<b>\$11.75</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>77.4%</b>	<b>\$8.68</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>57.1%</b>	<b>\$11.24</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>74.0%</b>
Highways	12.75	10.26	44	80.5%	8.23	49	64.5%	8.84	47	69.3%
<b>Public Safety Expenditures</b>	<b>\$18.27</b>	<b>\$21.80</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>119.3%</b>	<b>\$12.51</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>68.5%</b>	<b>\$13.81</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>75.6%</b>
Police Protection	7.68	7.94	14	103.4%	5.29	48	68.9%	5.86	39	76.3%
Fire Protection	3.16	6.77	1	214.2%	2.70	31	85.4%	3.40	13	107.6%
<b>Environment &amp; Housing Expenditures</b>	<b>\$15.79</b>	<b>\$15.27</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>96.7%</b>	<b>\$10.98</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>69.5%</b>	<b>\$12.52</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>79.3%</b>
Natural Resources, Parks & Recreation	5.74	2.88	48	50.2%	2.43	49	42.3%	2.12	50	36.9%
Housing & Community Development	4.12	5.74	5	139.3%	4.00	22	97.1%	5.58	6	135.4%
Sewerage & Solid Waste	5.93	6.65	10	112.1%	4.54	37	76.6%	4.83	32	81.5%
<b>Governmental Administration</b>	<b>\$10.97</b>	<b>\$13.02</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>118.7%</b>	<b>\$9.56</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>87.1%</b>	<b>\$8.54</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>77.8%</b>
<b>Direct General Expenditures**</b>	<b>\$206.83</b>	<b>\$219.29</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>106.0%</b>	<b>\$165.30</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>79.9%</b>	<b>\$185.60</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>89.7%</b>

\* Includes employment security administration and veterans' services.  
 \*\* Direct General Expenditures include all expenditures except expenditures for utilities, liquor store, insurance trust, and intergovernmental expenditures.  
 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

In FY 2005, **direct general expenditures** in Rhode Island were \$219.29 per \$1,000 of personal income, ranking the Ocean State 18<sup>th</sup> highest in the country. Rhode Island's direct general expenditures were 6.0 percent above the U.S. average of \$206.83, while both of its neighboring states were below the U.S. average. Connecticut's direct general expenditures of \$165.30 per \$1,000 of personal income were 20.1 percent below the national average, ranking the state 50<sup>th</sup>. Massachusetts ranked 43<sup>rd</sup> highest in the country, with direct general expenditures of \$185.60 per \$1,000 of personal income.

As is the case nationally, the largest portion of Rhode Island's expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income supports **education**. In Rhode Island, education expenditures of \$72.78 per \$1,000 of personal income placed the Ocean State 30<sup>th</sup> highest in the country, compared to \$57.37 per \$1,000 of personal income in Connecticut (48<sup>th</sup> highest) and

\$60.07 per \$1,000 of personal income in Massachusetts (46<sup>th</sup> in the country). **Elementary and secondary education** expenditures alone accounted for almost 70 percent of total education expenditures. In FY 2005, \$50.15 per \$1,000 of personal income was spent for this category in Rhode Island, ranking the State 19<sup>th</sup> highest in the country, 2.9 percent above the national average of \$48.73 per \$1,000 of personal income. By contrast, Connecticut spent \$42.76 per \$1,000 of personal income (39<sup>th</sup> highest), and Massachusetts 48<sup>th</sup> highest with \$41.07 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005. Massachusetts' elementary and secondary expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income were 18.1 percent less than Rhode Island's expenditures.

The three southeast New England states devote a significantly smaller amount to support **higher education** when compared to most other states. Rhode Island ranked 44<sup>th</sup> highest in spending on higher education per \$1,000 of personal income. Rhode Island's expenditures of \$14.07 per \$1,000 of personal income were 25.0 percent below the national average of \$18.76 per \$1,000 of personal income.

The second largest spending category per \$1,000 of personal income was **social services** expenditures. This category includes expenditures for public welfare (payments under the public welfare program - including Medicaid - made directly to individuals and non-governmental organizations as well as cash assistance payments, including SSI and TANF), hospitals, health, employment security administration, and veterans' services.

In FY 2005, Rhode Island spent \$64.11 per \$1,000 of personal income in this category, 15.8 percent above the national average of \$55.37. This ranked the Ocean State 15<sup>th</sup> highest in the United States. Social services spending per \$1,000 of personal income in the two neighboring states were below the national average. Massachusetts' spending was \$48.25 per \$1,000 of income or 12.9 percent below the US average, ranking the Bay State 36<sup>th</sup> highest. Connecticut's social services spending were \$38.97 per \$1,000 of personal income (45<sup>th</sup> highest) or 29.6 percent below the average for the 50 states.

It should be noted that the federal government includes employment security programs under the category of "Social Service Expenditure". Employment security expenditures include the administration of unemployment compensation systems, public employment services and the Federal Social Security, Medicare, and railroad retirement trusts.

Expenditures for **Medicaid/vendor payments** accounts for the largest amount of spending on social services across the country. In Rhode Island, these expenditures total \$44.29 per \$1,000 of personal income, and comprised two-thirds of all social services expenditures. This ranked the Ocean State 5<sup>th</sup> highest in the country per \$1,000 of personal income, almost 60.0 percent above the national average. Massachusetts' expenditures of \$35.53 per \$1,000 of personal income ranked the Bay State 15<sup>th</sup> highest in the country, 28.2 percent above the national average. Conversely, Connecticut's \$19.73 per \$1,000 of personal income expenditures were 28.8 percent below the national average, ranking the state 46<sup>th</sup> highest in the country in FY 2005.

Another category relating to social services expenditures is **cash assistance payments**. This includes cash payments made directly to individuals, including, but not limited to,

SSI, and state cash payments to families under TANF. Rhode Island's FY 2005 expenditures ranked the State 8<sup>th</sup> highest in the country with an amount of \$4.00 per \$1,000 of personal income, 77.8 percent above the national average. In contrast, both Connecticut and Massachusetts spent below the national average, ranking the states 20<sup>th</sup> and 22<sup>nd</sup> highest, respectively. Connecticut's spending in FY 2005 amounted to \$1.86 per \$1,000 of personal income and Massachusetts' to \$1.84 per \$1,000 of personal income.

**Transportation** per \$1,000 of personal income spending ranked the Ocean State 46<sup>th</sup> highest in the nation, 22.6 percent below the national average. Rhode Island's spending amounted to \$11.75 per \$1,000 of personal income, compared to a national average of \$15.19 per \$1,000 of personal income. Connecticut ranked last in the nation, with \$8.68 per \$1,000 of personal income and Massachusetts 47<sup>th</sup> highest with \$11.24 per \$1,000 of personal income. One should note that the Census Bureau no longer includes transit subsidies in this category – a change from previous years – and FY 1995 has been adjusted to allow the comparison to FY 2005.

Expenditures on **highways**, which include costs of maintenance, operation, repair and construction, comprise the largest portion of transportation expenditures. All three southern New England states rank in the bottom ten and spend less than the national average of \$12.75 per \$1,000 of personal income. In FY 2005, Rhode Island spent \$10.26 per \$1,000 of personal income, 19.5 percent below the national average, and ranked 44<sup>th</sup> highest in the country. Connecticut spent \$8.23 per \$1,000 (49<sup>th</sup> highest), and Massachusetts spent \$8.84 per \$1,000, ranking 47<sup>th</sup> highest.

Fire protection expenditures varied considerably among the three surveyed states. Rhode Island's expenditures for **fire protection** ranked the State 1<sup>st</sup> in the nation, with \$6.77 per \$1,000 of personal income, more than double than the national average of \$3.16 per \$1,000 of personal income.

Expenditures for **police protection** also varied among the three New England states, ranging from 14<sup>th</sup> highest in Rhode Island to 48<sup>th</sup> highest in Connecticut. Rhode Island's police protection expenditures of \$7.94 per \$1,000 of personal income were 3.4 percent above the national average. Expenditures for **governmental administration** among the three surveyed states ranged from \$13.02 per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island expenditures (15<sup>th</sup> highest) to \$8.54 per \$1,000 of personal income (47<sup>th</sup> highest) in Massachusetts. This category includes expenditures related to financial administration, judicial and legal, general public buildings, and other governmental administration (see glossary of terms for additional details).

#### *FY 2005 Comparison Per Capita*

Selected per capita expenditures are shown on Table 6. Rhode Island's **direct general expenditures** per capita of \$7,492 were the 9<sup>th</sup> highest in the country in FY 2005. Connecticut ranked 10<sup>th</sup> highest in the country with \$7,488 per capita for direct general expenditures, and Massachusetts ranked 5<sup>th</sup> highest, with expenditures of \$7,731 per capita.

Educational and social services expenditures per capita accounted for 61.1 percent of direct general expenditures in the nation, 60.2 percent in Massachusetts, 58.3 percent in Connecticut, and 60.5 percent in Rhode Island.

Over two-thirds of education expenditures per capita are for **elementary and secondary education**. Connecticut's elementary and secondary expenditures of \$1,937 per capita ranked the state 5<sup>th</sup> highest in the Nation. Rhode Island's elementary and secondary education expenditures of \$1,713 per capita placed the State 9<sup>th</sup> highest in the country. Massachusetts' \$1,711 per capita expenditures ranked the Bay State 10<sup>th</sup> highest. All three states have risen in the rankings since FY 1995, when they ranked 6<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> highest, respectively.

Per capita **higher education** expenditures in the all three southern New England states were below the national average of \$615 per capita. Rhode Island spent \$481 per capita (21.8 percent below the national average) and ranked 47<sup>th</sup> highest. Connecticut was ranked 36<sup>th</sup> highest and Massachusetts 44<sup>th</sup> highest with spending of \$558 per capita and \$494 per capita, respectively. Rhode Island was the only state of the three to decline in the 50-state rankings, from 41<sup>st</sup> highest in the country in FY 1995.

**Table 6**  
**State and Local Expenditures Per Capita**  
**How Rhode Island Compares to the United States Average, Connecticut and Massachusetts**  
**Fiscal Year 2005**

Selected State and Local Expenditures	U.S.	Rhode Island			Connecticut			Massachusetts		
	Amount	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
<b>Education Expenditures</b>	<b>\$2,325</b>	<b>\$2,487</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>107.0%</b>	<b>\$2,599</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>111.8%</b>	<b>\$2,502</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>107.6%</b>
Elementary & Secondary Education	1,597	1,713	9	107.3%	1,937	5	121.3%	1,711	10	107.1%
Higher Education	615	481	47	78.2%	558	36	90.7%	494	44	80.3%
<b>Social Services Expenditures</b>	<b>\$1,814</b>	<b>\$2,190</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>120.7%</b>	<b>\$1,765</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>97.3%</b>	<b>\$2,010</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>110.8%</b>
Cash Assistance Payments	74	137	5	185.1%	84	14	113.5%	77	17	104.1%
Vendor Payments (incl. Medicaid)	908	1,513	3	166.6%	894	20	98.5%	1,480	4	163.0%
<b>Transportation Expenditures</b>	<b>\$498</b>	<b>\$401</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>80.5%</b>	<b>\$393</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>78.9%</b>	<b>\$468</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>94.0%</b>
Highways	418	351	46	84.0%	373	40	89.2%	368	41	88.0%
<b>Public Safety Expenditures</b>	<b>\$599</b>	<b>\$745</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>124.4%</b>	<b>\$567</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>94.7%</b>	<b>\$575</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>96.0%</b>
Police Protection	252	271	10	107.5%	240	18	95.2%	244	17	96.8%
Fire Protection	104	231	1	222.1%	122	11	117.3%	142	4	136.5%
<b>Environment &amp; Housing Expenditures</b>	<b>\$518</b>	<b>\$522</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>100.8%</b>	<b>\$497</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>95.9%</b>	<b>\$522</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>100.8%</b>
Natural Resources, Parks & Recreation	188	99	49	52.7%	110	47	58.5%	88	50	46.8%
Housing & Community Development	135	196	6	145.2%	181	7	134.1%	232	2	171.9%
Sewerage & Solid Waste	194	227	9	117.0%	206	15	106.2%	201	16	103.6%
<b>Governmental Administration</b>	<b>\$360</b>	<b>\$445</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>123.6%</b>	<b>\$433</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>120.3%</b>	<b>\$356</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>98.9%</b>
<b>Direct General Expenditures**</b>	<b>\$6,778</b>	<b>\$7,492</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>110.5%</b>	<b>\$7,488</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>110.5%</b>	<b>\$7,731</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>114.1%</b>

\* Includes employment security administration and veterans' services.

\*\* Direct General Expenditures include all expenditures except expenditures for utilities, liquor store, insurance trust, and intergovernmental expenditures.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

In FY 2005, Rhode Island's spending for **social services** of \$2,190 per capita basis ranked the Ocean State 9<sup>th</sup> highest in the country. The Bay State social services spending of \$2,010 per capita ranked 14<sup>th</sup> highest and Connecticut ranked 23<sup>rd</sup> highest with expenditures of \$1,765 per capita. Both of Rhode Island's neighboring states experienced a larger drop in the relative rankings than did the Ocean State; since FY 1995, Massachusetts fell ten places from 4<sup>th</sup> highest, and Connecticut dropped 16 ranks from 7<sup>th</sup> highest. In contrast, Rhode Island declined only one place.

The major driver of expenditures within the category is vendor payments, which includes Medicaid spending. In FY 2005, Rhode Island spent \$1,513 per capita on vendor payments, ranking the Ocean State 3<sup>rd</sup> highest in the country, followed by Massachusetts with \$1,480 per capita (4<sup>th</sup> highest). Connecticut's spending of \$894 per capita was slightly lower than the national average of \$908 per capita, placing the state 20<sup>th</sup> highest in the country.

Per capita **transportation** expenditures in Rhode Island ranked 45<sup>th</sup> highest at \$401 per capita compared to the national average of \$498 per capita. Spending on **highways** was also lower than the national average in the Ocean State, at \$351 per capita, compared to the national average of \$418 per capita, ranking the state 46<sup>th</sup> highest. Rhode Island, Massachusetts and Connecticut were below the national average for transportation and highway spending. Transportation expenditures ranged from 21.1 percent below the 50-state average (Connecticut) to 6.0 percent below (Massachusetts). Highway expenditures ranged from 16.0 percent below the national average (Rhode Island) to 10.8 percent below the national average (Connecticut).

In Rhode Island, **public safety** expenditures per capita were 24.4 percent above the national average of \$599 per capita in Rhode Island, placing the Ocean State 6<sup>th</sup> highest (\$745 per capita). In both Connecticut and Massachusetts per capita public safety expenditures are below the national average. Connecticut's expenditures were \$567 per capita (19<sup>th</sup> highest) and Massachusetts' expenditures \$575 per capita (17<sup>th</sup> highest). While spending on police protection in the Ocean State was comparable to the rest of the country (7.5 percent above the national average), fire services expenditures of \$231 were more than double the national average of \$104.

**Environment and housing** expenditures per capita in Rhode Island and Massachusetts were higher than spending in Connecticut and the national average of \$518 per capita, although not significantly so. Both the Ocean State and the Bay State spent \$522 per capita in FY 2005, ranking the states at 21<sup>st</sup> and 22<sup>nd</sup>, respectively. Connecticut's expenditures of \$497 per capita were below the national average, ranking Connecticut 28<sup>th</sup> highest (4.1 percent below the national average).

Per capita **governmental administration** expenditures ranged from a high of \$445 per capita in Rhode Island (8<sup>th</sup> highest) to a low of \$356 per capita in Massachusetts (23<sup>rd</sup> highest). The Constitution State's per capita expenditures for governmental administration ranked 10<sup>th</sup> highest at \$433 per capita. Both Rhode Island and Connecticut were above the national average of \$360 per capita.

FY 1995 – FY 2005 Selected Expenditure Trends

The following analysis compares expenditure trends per \$1,000 of personal income for Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island for the categories of total direct general expenditures, elementary and secondary education, selected public welfare programs, and transportation for the period FY 1995 through FY 2005.

This analysis reveals that over this period:

- Rhode Island continues to spend more per \$1,000 of personal income to support elementary and secondary education than does its neighbors;
- Rhode Island devoted more of its income to support public welfare programs than did Connecticut and Massachusetts. Cash assistance spending per \$1,000 of personal income has declined at a slower pace in the Ocean State than in the neighboring states, and vendor payments per \$1,000 of personal income (including Medicaid) have been growing at a faster pace than in Connecticut and Massachusetts; and
- Although Rhode Island spent more than its neighbors, and the national average, on transportation programs in FY 1995, all three comparison states spent a relatively smaller percentage of personal income than the national average in FY 2005.

	2005			1995		
	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
U.S.	\$206.83	-	-	\$196.47	-	-
CT	165.30	50	79.9%	172.62	45	87.9%
MA	185.60	43	89.7%	186.23	36	94.8%
RI	219.29	18	106.0%	215.98	14	109.9%

\* Direct General Expenditures include all expenditures except expenditures for utilities, liquor store, insurance trust, and intergovernmental expenditures.  
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances 1995, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

Between FY 1995 and FY 2005 Rhode Island’s direct general expenditure spending increased from \$215.98 per \$1,000 of personal income to \$219.29 (18<sup>th</sup> highest). Over the same time period Connecticut’s and Massachusetts’ direct general spending per \$1,000 of personal income decreased. In Connecticut, spending went from \$172.62 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 1995 (45<sup>th</sup> highest) to \$165.30 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005 (50<sup>th</sup> highest). Direct general expenditures in Massachusetts declined from \$186.23 in FY 1995 (36<sup>th</sup> highest) to \$185.60 in FY 2005 (43<sup>rd</sup> highest). Direct general expenditures include all expenditures except expenditures for utilities, liquor stores, insurance trust, and intergovernmental expenditures.

**Table 8**  
**Elementary & Secondary Education Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 1995 and 2005**

	2005			1995		
	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
U.S.	\$48.73	-	-	\$45.29	-	-
CT	42.76	39	87.7%	40.08	43	88.5%
MA	41.07	48	84.3%	38.02	47	83.9%
RI	50.15	19	102.9%	46.23	28	102.1%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances 1995, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

Expenditures for **elementary and secondary education** per \$1,000 of personal income increased in all three southern New England states between FY 1995 and FY 2005. As shown on Table 8, since FY 1995, the Ocean State has increased elementary and secondary education expenditures from \$46.23 per \$1,000 of personal income and has risen in the rankings from 28<sup>th</sup> highest to 19<sup>th</sup> highest in FY 2005 (\$50.15 per \$1,000 of personal income). Connecticut was ranked 39<sup>th</sup> highest, and Massachusetts ranked 48<sup>th</sup> highest in the 50-state comparison. In both FY 1995 and FY 2005, the Ocean State consistently spent slightly more per \$1,000 of personal income than the national average and its neighboring states.

Expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income for **public welfare vendor payments/Medicaid** grew rapidly in the Ocean State between FY 1995 and 2005. Nationally, such payments per \$1,000 of personal income grew by 30.9 percent. Since FY 1995, many states saw increases in Medicaid/vendor payments; however, the growth in Rhode Island was larger than either of its two neighboring states and the national average. Notably, the State went from expenditures slightly under the national average to expenditures almost 60.0 percent over the national average per \$1,000 of personal income during this time period. While Connecticut saw an increase of 3.4 percent, and Massachusetts had a 43.5 percent increase, Rhode Island's Medicaid/vendor payments increased by 76.3 percent.

**Table 9**  
**Public Welfare Vendor Payments (incl. Medicaid)**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 1995 and 2005**

	2005			1995		
	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
U.S.	\$27.72	-	-	\$21.18	-	-
CT	19.73	46	71.2%	19.08	28	90.1%
MA	35.53	15	128.2%	24.76	13	116.9%
RI	44.29	5	159.8%	25.12	12	118.6%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances 1995, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.



As shown on Table 9, Rhode Island’s vendor payments increased from \$25.12 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 1995 to \$44.29 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005. The Ocean State’s ranking increased from 12<sup>th</sup> highest in FY 1995 to 5<sup>th</sup> highest in FY 2005. In Massachusetts, vendor payment expenditures increased from \$24.76 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 1995 to \$35.53 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005, ranking the Bay State 13<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> highest, respectively. In Connecticut, expenditures increased slightly from \$19.08 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 1995 (28<sup>th</sup> highest) to \$19.73 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005 (46<sup>th</sup> highest).

**Table 10**  
**Public Welfare Cash Assistance Payments**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 1995 and 2005**

	2005			1995		
	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
U.S.	\$2.25	-	-	\$4.94	-	-
CT	1.86	20	82.7%	6.38	6	129.1%
MA	1.84	22	81.8%	5.22	13	105.7%
RI	4.00	8	177.8%	6.38	5	129.1%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances 1995, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

Unlike Medicaid/vendor payments, **cash assistance payments** in the Ocean State and throughout the country have been decreasing since FY 1995. While both Connecticut’s and Massachusetts’ expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income were above the national average in FY 1995, they were significantly below the nation in FY 2005. Unlike its neighbors, however, Rhode Island continues to be above the national average and has increased the percentage by which its payments exceed the national average.

Between FY 1995 and FY 2005, expenditures for cash assistance payments per \$1,000 of personal income declined 37.3 percent in Rhode Island from \$6.38 per \$1,000 to \$4.00. By comparison, cash assistance payment expenditures declined 64.8 percent in Massachusetts (from \$5.22 per \$1,000 of personal income) and 54.5 percent nationally (from \$4.94 per \$1,000 of personal income). In FY 1995 Connecticut’s cash assistance payments were equal to those in Rhode Island and have since declined 70.6 percent to \$1.86 per \$1,000.

**Transportation** expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income declined in all three southern New England states between FY 1995 and FY 2005; however, the Ocean State saw a larger decrease in transportation expenditures during this time period than either Connecticut or Massachusetts. In FY 1995 Rhode Island ranked 25<sup>th</sup> highest in the country for transportation expenditures, spending \$17.52 per \$1,000 of personal income. By FY 2005 the State’s expenditures on transportation declined 32.9 percent to \$11.75 per \$1,000 of personal income, ranking the State 46<sup>th</sup> highest. The national average was the same in both years.

**Table 11**  
**Transportation Expenditures\***  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 1995 and 2005**

	2005			1995		
	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.	Amount	Rank	% of U.S.
U.S.	\$15.19	-	-	\$15.19	-	-
CT	8.68	50	57.1%	10.92	50	71.9%
MA	11.24	47	74.0%	14.95	38	98.4%
RI	11.75	46	77.4%	17.52	25	115.3%

\* Figures do not include transit subsidies, which were included in previous years

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State and Local Finances 1995, 2005, and RIPEC calculations.

Connecticut's transportation expenditures declined from \$10.92 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 1995 to \$8.68 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005 and the state ranked last in both years. Similarly, Massachusetts' transportation expenditures decreased from \$14.95 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 1995 (38<sup>th</sup> highest) to \$11.24 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2005 (47<sup>th</sup> highest).

A significant portion of transportation expenditures are related to highway expenditures. All three states have seen expenditures decrease for highways since FY 1995 when the Ocean State ranked 26<sup>th</sup> highest (\$14.20 per \$1,000), Connecticut ranked 47<sup>th</sup> highest (\$10.38 per \$1,000) and Massachusetts ranked 36<sup>th</sup> highest (12.97 per \$1,000). In FY 2005, expenditures on highways totaled \$10.26 per \$1,000 of personal income, \$8.23 per \$1,000 of personal income and \$8.84 per \$1,000 of personal income, respectively.

#### **IV. State and Local Government Expenditures**

Per \$1,000 of Personal Income

Per Capita

**Table 12**  
**Direct General Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$206.83	-	\$196.47	-
Alaska	395.14	1	413.77	1
Wyoming	286.48	2	266.28	2
New Mexico	277.92	3	248.45	4
Mississippi	256.97	4	219.95	12
New York	248.07	5	249.38	3
South Carolina	246.42	6	209.93	19
West Virginia	242.46	7	228.13	8
Maine	242.43	8	215.70	15
Vermont	242.25	9	211.86	17
North Dakota	235.00	10	225.64	9
Louisiana	234.26	11	232.69	5
Delaware	232.84	12	206.82	20
Alabama	229.20	13	198.52	25
Utah	228.77	14	222.50	11
Hawaii	226.83	15	228.16	7
Montana	222.82	16	229.81	6
Ohio	221.02	17	181.84	40
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>219.29</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>215.98</b>	<b>14</b>
Arkansas	218.82	19	185.33	37
California	217.43	20	199.07	23
Wisconsin	213.75	21	209.95	18
Iowa	213.27	22	206.66	21
Oregon	213.13	23	219.50	13
Idaho	210.89	24	202.44	22
Kentucky	209.55	25	194.71	28
Michigan	209.54	26	190.54	31
Pennsylvania	208.67	27	184.73	38
North Carolina	208.51	28	187.14	34
Minnesota	206.32	29	224.56	10
Washington	204.50	30	214.21	16
Indiana	203.68	31	175.79	44
Arizona	200.64	32	194.39	29
Florida	199.36	33	187.43	33
Kansas	196.40	34	188.70	32
Nebraska	196.39	35	195.32	27
Tennessee	194.28	36	180.10	43
Georgia	191.52	37	196.29	26
Oklahoma	190.76	38	186.29	35
Texas	190.21	39	181.34	41
Missouri	188.46	40	160.04	50
Nevada	188.19	41	180.57	42
Illinois	185.96	42	170.63	46
Massachusetts	185.60	43	186.23	36
South Dakota	184.84	44	198.79	24
New Jersey	181.72	45	191.16	30
Colorado	176.05	46	183.00	39
Virginia	174.71	47	163.40	49
Maryland	166.16	48	164.87	48
New Hampshire	165.80	49	167.17	47
Connecticut	165.30	50	172.62	45

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 19th in FY 2004

**Table 13**  
**Direct General Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$6,778	-	\$4,362	-
Alaska	13,261	1	10,353	1
Wyoming	9,979	2	5,462	4
New York	9,532	3	6,545	2
Delaware	8,105	4	4,870	10
Massachusetts	7,731	5	4,916	8
California	7,626	6	4,604	12
Vermont	7,598	7	4,277	19
New Jersey	7,582	8	5,314	5
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>7,492</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>4,898</b>	<b>9</b>
Connecticut	7,488	10	5,190	6
Minnesota	7,414	11	5,162	7
Hawaii	7,327	12	5,656	3
New Mexico	7,317	13	4,374	15
Maine	7,216	14	4,187	23
Washington	7,050	15	4,863	11
Pennsylvania	6,957	16	4,173	25
North Dakota	6,854	17	4,314	17
Wisconsin	6,825	18	4,505	14
Ohio	6,794	19	3,949	32
Michigan	6,644	20	4,346	16
South Carolina	6,593	21	3,889	36
Iowa	6,561	22	4,208	20
Maryland	6,558	23	4,203	22
Oregon	6,520	24	4,594	13
Illinois	6,444	25	4,118	26
Alabama	6,382	26	3,700	42
Florida	6,339	27	4,082	27
Louisiana	6,329	28	4,290	18
Nebraska	6,236	29	4,058	29
Colorado	6,217	30	4,184	24
Nevada	6,191	31	4,206	21
Virginia	6,161	32	3,794	39
Montana	6,148	33	4,063	28
Mississippi	6,136	34	3,573	46
West Virginia	6,124	35	3,906	35
Kansas	6,112	36	3,985	31
Indiana	6,096	37	3,644	43
North Carolina	6,065	38	3,814	38
New Hampshire	5,995	39	3,928	33
Utah	5,831	40	3,927	34
South Dakota	5,738	41	3,864	37
Texas	5,728	42	3,630	44
Tennessee	5,691	43	3,627	45
Idaho	5,640	44	3,729	41
Missouri	5,625	45	3,337	49
Kentucky	5,618	46	3,539	47
Arkansas	5,586	47	3,229	50
Georgia	5,552	48	4,041	30
Arizona	5,531	49	3,758	40
Oklahoma	5,385	50	3,426	48

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 10th in FY 2004

**Table 14**  
**Elem. & Secondary Education Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$48.73	-	\$45.29	-
Alaska	77.70	1	75.15	1
Vermont	61.67	2	52.39	10
New Mexico	58.51	3	50.30	15
Wyoming	58.10	4	63.53	2
Michigan	57.91	5	50.95	12
New Jersey	57.73	6	50.02	16
New York	57.13	7	54.63	7
South Carolina	56.17	8	47.49	23
Arkansas	54.27	9	43.42	33
Ohio	54.18	10	45.14	31
Georgia	53.56	11	47.61	22
West Virginia	53.33	12	56.85	5
Texas	52.43	13	48.74	20
Maine	52.36	14	50.68	14
Indiana	51.40	15	46.83	25
Mississippi	51.05	16	49.99	17
Wisconsin	50.78	17	52.99	9
Pennsylvania	50.22	18	41.56	40
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>50.15</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>46.23</b>	<b>28</b>
Delaware	49.56	20	44.76	32
North Dakota	49.45	21	46.01	29
Utah	49.05	22	57.91	4
California	48.70	23	38.81	45
Montana	48.43	24	61.66	3
Louisiana	48.22	25	45.85	30
Iowa	47.99	26	46.30	27
Oklahoma	47.09	27	51.13	11
Nebraska	46.63	28	54.03	8
Idaho	46.55	29	50.90	13
Alabama	45.84	30	38.12	46
Minnesota	45.50	31	55.80	6
Missouri	45.32	32	43.38	34
Virginia	45.19	33	41.14	41
New Hampshire	45.15	34	41.97	38
Illinois	44.87	35	39.37	44
Kansas	44.48	36	47.27	24
Kentucky	44.29	37	42.97	35
Oregon	43.99	38	49.64	18
Connecticut	42.76	39	40.08	43
Washington	42.56	40	49.30	19
North Carolina	42.55	41	41.62	39
South Dakota	42.35	42	47.82	21
Arizona	42.30	43	46.77	26
Hawaii	42.02	44	32.58	50
Colorado	42.00	45	42.82	36
Nevada	41.48	46	36.39	49
Florida	41.26	47	42.79	37
Massachusetts	41.07	48	38.02	47
Maryland	40.62	49	40.13	42
Tennessee	40.09	50	37.49	48

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
 Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
 RI ranked 15th in FY 2004

**Table 15**  
**Elem. & Secondary Education Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$1,597	-	\$1,006	-
Alaska	2,608	1	1,880	1
New Jersey	2,409	2	1,390	3
New York	2,195	3	1,434	2
Wyoming	2,024	4	1,303	4
Connecticut	1,937	5	1,205	6
Vermont	1,934	6	1,057	12
Michigan	1,836	7	1,162	7
Delaware	1,725	8	1,054	13
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>1,713</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1,048</b>	<b>14</b>
Massachusetts	1,711	10	1,003	18
California	1,708	11	897	38
Pennsylvania	1,674	12	939	32
Ohio	1,666	13	980	22
Minnesota	1,635	14	1,283	5
New Hampshire	1,632	15	986	20
Wisconsin	1,621	16	1,137	8
Maryland	1,603	17	1,023	16
Virginia	1,594	18	955	28
Texas	1,579	19	976	25
Maine	1,558	20	984	21
Illinois	1,555	21	950	29
Georgia	1,553	22	980	23
New Mexico	1,541	23	885	39
Indiana	1,538	24	971	27
South Carolina	1,503	25	880	40
Colorado	1,483	26	979	24
Nebraska	1,481	27	1,123	9
Iowa	1,476	28	943	30
Washington	1,467	29	1,119	10
North Dakota	1,442	30	880	41
Arkansas	1,385	31	756	48
Kansas	1,384	32	998	19
Nevada	1,365	33	848	43
Hawaii	1,357	34	808	46
Missouri	1,353	35	905	36
West Virginia	1,347	36	973	26
Oregon	1,346	37	1,039	15
Montana	1,336	38	1,090	11
Oklahoma	1,329	39	940	31
South Dakota	1,315	40	930	35
Florida	1,312	41	932	34
Louisiana	1,303	42	845	44
Alabama	1,276	43	710	50
Utah	1,250	44	1,022	17
Idaho	1,245	45	938	33
North Carolina	1,238	46	848	42
Mississippi	1,219	47	812	45
Kentucky	1,187	48	781	47
Tennessee	1,174	49	755	49
Arizona	1,166	50	904	37

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
 Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
 RI ranked 8th in FY 2004

**Table 16**  
**Higher Education Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$18.76	-	\$16.64	-
Utah	34.40	1	32.21	2
North Dakota	34.25	2	32.13	3
New Mexico	33.62	3	32.53	1
Vermont	30.02	4	25.24	7
North Carolina	29.34	5	22.03	16
Mississippi	29.13	6	25.03	8
Iowa	27.77	7	26.08	5
Alabama	27.56	8	23.68	9
Wyoming	26.78	9	28.70	4
Kansas	26.70	10	22.78	12
Delaware	26.64	11	25.95	6
Oklahoma	25.05	12	20.02	24
Wisconsin	24.79	13	22.39	14
Nebraska	24.70	14	23.19	10
Michigan	24.64	15	21.32	18
Alaska	24.55	16	19.71	26
Oregon	24.52	17	21.66	17
Arkansas	24.08	18	17.49	32
West Virginia	23.97	19	19.82	25
Montana	23.80	20	23.11	11
Kentucky	22.93	21	18.76	27
South Carolina	22.90	22	20.97	20
Indiana	22.61	23	21.27	19
Idaho	22.45	24	22.08	15
Texas	21.66	25	18.46	29
Hawaii	21.41	26	22.58	13
Arizona	21.01	27	20.79	21
Washington	20.87	28	20.66	23
Louisiana	19.52	29	18.51	28
Ohio	19.13	30	16.00	35
California	18.35	31	15.01	39
Virginia	18.28	32	16.42	33
Colorado	17.72	33	20.66	22
South Dakota	17.62	34	15.66	36
Maryland	17.53	35	15.02	38
Maine	17.05	36	15.44	37
Illinois	16.97	37	13.40	43
Minnesota	16.92	38	17.85	31
Georgia	16.76	39	16.08	34
Missouri	16.74	40	14.06	42
Pennsylvania	15.83	41	14.34	40
Tennessee	15.68	42	18.22	30
New Hampshire	14.25	43	12.79	45
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>14.07</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>14.20</b>	<b>41</b>
Nevada	13.37	45	13.08	44
New Jersey	13.17	46	11.88	47
New York	12.70	47	12.69	46
Florida	12.68	48	11.72	48
Connecticut	12.33	49	9.13	49
Massachusetts	11.85	50	8.86	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 43rd in FY 2004

**Table 17**  
**Higher Education Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$615	-	\$369	-
North Dakota	999	1	614	1
Vermont	941	2	510	8
Wyoming	933	3	589	3
Delaware	927	4	611	2
New Mexico	885	5	573	4
Utah	877	6	568	5
Iowa	854	7	531	7
North Carolina	854	8	449	17
Kansas	831	9	481	12
Alaska	824	10	493	9
Wisconsin	792	11	480	13
Nebraska	784	12	482	11
Michigan	781	13	486	10
Alabama	768	14	441	18
Oregon	750	15	453	16
Washington	719	16	469	15
Oklahoma	707	17	368	29
Mississippi	696	18	407	23
Maryland	692	19	383	26
Hawaii	691	20	560	6
Indiana	677	21	441	19
Montana	657	22	409	21
Texas	652	23	370	28
Virginia	645	24	381	27
California	644	25	347	32
Colorado	626	26	472	14
Kentucky	615	27	341	34
Arkansas	615	28	305	42
South Carolina	613	29	389	25
Minnesota	608	30	410	20
West Virginia	606	31	339	35
Idaho	600	32	407	22
Ohio	588	33	347	31
Illinois	588	34	323	40
Arizona	579	35	402	24
Connecticut	558	36	274	48
New Jersey	550	37	330	38
South Dakota	547	38	305	44
Pennsylvania	528	39	324	39
Louisiana	527	40	341	33
New Hampshire	515	41	300	45
Maine	508	42	300	46
Missouri	500	43	293	47
Massachusetts	494	44	234	50
New York	488	45	333	36
Georgia	486	46	331	37
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>41</b>
Tennessee	459	48	367	30
Nevada	440	49	305	43
Florida	403	50	255	49

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 46th in FY 2004

**Table 18**  
Cash Assistance Payments  
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income  
Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$2.25	-	\$4.94	-
Alabama	7.12	1	2.47	40
Alaska	6.98	2	9.36	2
North Carolina	5.53	3	4.75	14
New Mexico	4.61	4	5.80	9
California	4.42	5	10.03	1
Maine	4.19	6	6.18	8
Utah	4.19	7	2.79	32
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6.38</b>	<b>5</b>
Minnesota	3.37	9	6.33	7
Virginia	3.27	10	3.71	19
Vermont	3.12	11	5.77	10
New York	2.98	12	8.75	3
Washington	2.93	13	5.30	12
Missouri	2.64	14	3.03	28
Wisconsin	2.45	15	3.68	20
Oregon	2.43	16	3.55	22
South Carolina	2.15	17	2.60	36
Hawaii	2.06	18	7.45	4
Tennessee	2.04	19	3.08	27
Connecticut	1.86	20	6.38	6
Ohio	1.86	21	5.48	11
Massachusetts	1.84	22	5.22	13
Pennsylvania	1.72	23	4.53	15
Louisiana	1.61	24	2.49	39
Maryland	1.51	25	3.36	23
South Dakota	1.46	26	2.07	43
Michigan	1.45	27	4.33	16
West Virginia	1.44	28	3.64	21
Idaho	1.38	29	2.00	44
New Hampshire	1.27	30	3.00	29
Texas	1.20	31	3.19	25
Arizona	1.19	32	4.10	17
Kansas	1.17	33	2.76	34
Florida	1.11	34	2.57	37
Nebraska	1.03	35	1.74	47
Montana	0.98	36	3.16	26
Iowa	0.92	37	2.78	33
Illinois	0.92	38	3.98	18
New Jersey	0.90	39	2.85	31
Kentucky	0.90	40	3.24	24
North Dakota	0.89	41	1.73	48
Arkansas	0.83	42	1.96	45
Wyoming	0.77	43	2.49	38
Delaware	0.73	44	2.39	41
Nevada	0.68	45	1.49	49
Oklahoma	0.68	46	2.73	35
Georgia	0.51	47	2.91	30
Colorado	0.35	48	2.28	42
Mississippi	0.28	49	1.17	50
Indiana	0.24	50	1.94	46

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 3rd in FY 2004

**Table 19**  
Cash Assistance Payments  
Per Capita  
Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$74	-	\$110	-
Alaska	234	1	234	1
Alabama	198	2	46	41
North Carolina	161	3	97	16
California	155	4	232	2
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>7</b>
Maine	125	6	120	10
New Mexico	121	7	102	14
Minnesota	121	8	145	6
Virginia	115	9	86	18
New York	115	10	230	3
Utah	107	11	49	39
Washington	101	12	120	9
Vermont	98	13	116	12
Connecticut	84	14	192	4
Missouri	79	15	63	26
Wisconsin	78	16	79	22
Massachusetts	77	17	138	8
Oregon	74	18	74	23
Hawaii	67	19	185	5
Tennessee	60	20	62	28
Maryland	60	21	86	19
South Carolina	57	22	48	40
Pennsylvania	57	23	102	13
Ohio	57	24	119	11
New Hampshire	46	25	71	24
Michigan	46	26	99	15
South Dakota	45	27	40	43
Louisiana	43	28	46	42
New Jersey	38	29	79	21
Idaho	37	30	37	45
Kansas	37	31	58	31
West Virginia	36	32	62	27
Texas	36	33	64	25
Florida	35	34	56	34
Arizona	33	35	79	20
Nebraska	33	36	36	46
Illinois	32	37	96	17
Iowa	28	38	57	32
Montana	27	39	56	35
Wyoming	27	40	51	37
North Dakota	26	41	33	49
Delaware	25	42	56	33
Kentucky	24	43	59	30
Nevada	22	44	35	47
Arkansas	21	45	34	48
Oklahoma	19	46	50	38
Georgia	15	47	60	29
Colorado	12	48	52	36
Indiana	7	49	40	44
Mississippi	7	50	19	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 3rd in FY 2004

**Table 20**  
**Vendor Payments**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$27.72	-	\$21.18	-
Mississippi	52.74	1	27.18	7
New Mexico	49.33	2	17.69	38
West Virginia	45.67	3	40.65	1
Alaska	45.32	4	19.93	25
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>44.29</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>25.12</b>	<b>12</b>
New York	43.35	6	33.45	4
South Carolina	40.51	7	27.97	6
Tennessee	40.41	8	23.89	14
Maine	39.44	9	39.55	2
Kentucky	39.22	10	29.37	5
Arkansas	38.23	11	27.04	8
Vermont	37.20	12	26.42	9
Pennsylvania	36.19	13	23.79	15
Minnesota	35.77	14	25.71	10
Massachusetts	35.53	15	24.76	13
Ohio	32.18	16	21.55	20
Louisiana	31.63	17	39.14	3
Oklahoma	29.91	18	17.42	41
Idaho	29.76	19	16.25	44
Iowa	29.44	20	18.05	36
Alabama	29.34	21	23.11	17
Missouri	29.10	22	19.28	27
Georgia	28.97	23	23.53	16
Delaware	28.48	24	13.65	48
Arizona	28.11	25	18.47	32
North Carolina	27.13	26	18.53	31
Wisconsin	26.76	27	20.93	21
North Dakota	26.50	28	22.39	19
New Hampshire	25.93	29	25.22	11
Florida	25.36	30	16.66	43
Utah	24.61	31	17.66	39
Indiana	24.51	32	20.25	23
Nebraska	24.42	33	17.90	37
Hawaii	23.87	34	18.67	30
Texas	23.24	35	19.53	26
Wyoming	23.22	36	18.29	33
Montana	22.81	37	20.02	24
Illinois	21.74	38	18.19	34
California	21.67	39	15.55	46
Oregon	21.66	40	20.81	22
Washington	21.50	41	18.10	35
Michigan	21.48	42	17.12	42
Kansas	21.31	43	14.95	47
South Dakota	21.30	44	18.77	29
Maryland	20.16	45	15.70	45
Connecticut	19.73	46	19.08	28
New Jersey	19.53	47	23.03	18
Virginia	17.20	48	12.82	49
Nevada	13.67	49	12.03	50
Colorado	13.47	50	17.45	40

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 7th in FY 2004

**Table 21**  
**Vendor Payments**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$908	-	\$470	-
New York	1,666	1	878	1
Alaska	1,521	2	499	15
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>1,513</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>10</b>
Massachusetts	1,480	4	653	5
New Mexico	1,299	5	311	47
Minnesota	1,285	6	591	8
Mississippi	1,259	7	441	22
Pennsylvania	1,207	8	537	11
Tennessee	1,184	9	481	17
Maine	1,174	10	768	2
Vermont	1,167	11	533	13
West Virginia	1,153	12	696	4
South Carolina	1,084	13	518	14
Kentucky	1,052	14	534	12
Delaware	992	15	321	43
Ohio	989	16	468	19
Arkansas	976	17	471	18
New Hampshire	937	18	592	7
Iowa	906	19	368	37
Connecticut	894	20	574	9
Missouri	869	21	402	29
Louisiana	854	22	721	3
Wisconsin	854	23	449	21
Oklahoma	844	24	320	44
Georgia	840	25	484	16
Alabama	817	26	431	25
New Jersey	815	27	640	6
Wyoming	809	28	375	35
Florida	806	29	363	39
Idaho	796	30	299	48
Maryland	796	31	400	30
North Carolina	789	32	378	34
Nebraska	775	33	372	36
Arizona	775	34	357	41
North Dakota	773	35	428	26
Hawaii	771	36	463	20
California	760	37	360	40
Illinois	753	38	439	23
Washington	741	39	411	28
Indiana	734	40	420	27
Texas	700	41	391	32
Michigan	681	42	390	33
Kansas	663	43	316	45
Oregon	663	44	436	24
South Dakota	661	45	365	38
Montana	629	46	354	42
Utah	627	47	312	46
Virginia	606	48	298	49
Colorado	476	49	399	31
Nevada	450	50	280	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 4th in FY 2004



**Table 22**  
**Transportation Expenditures\*\***  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$15.19	-	\$15.19	-
Alaska	59.78	1	52.62	1
Wyoming	32.58	2	34.08	2
North Dakota	31.90	3	29.35	4
South Dakota	27.70	4	27.90	5
Montana	27.19	5	25.54	6
Nevada	25.15	6	24.22	9
West Virginia	23.68	7	24.72	8
Delaware	22.50	8	20.11	16
Iowa	20.68	9	24.84	7
Nebraska	20.65	10	21.79	12
New Mexico	20.47	11	31.90	3
Kansas	20.47	12	22.65	10
Mississippi	20.17	13	20.42	15
Vermont	20.04	14	20.94	14
Maine	19.96	15	19.44	19
Idaho	19.34	16	22.60	11
Wisconsin	18.79	17	18.24	22
Florida	18.37	18	16.96	28
Washington	18.32	19	21.02	13
Oregon	17.74	20	18.73	21
Louisiana	17.71	21	16.86	29
Minnesota	17.51	22	19.74	18
Texas	17.50	23	13.93	40
Utah	17.15	24	18.03	24
Arkansas	16.85	25	17.27	26
South Carolina	16.68	26	11.81	46
Arizona	16.56	27	15.06	35
Missouri	16.51	28	15.11	34
Colorado	16.26	29	19.85	17
Hawaii	16.16	30	18.93	20
Kentucky	16.10	31	18.19	23
North Carolina	15.76	32	14.19	39
Alabama	15.36	33	16.33	30
Virginia	15.20	34	17.22	27
Pennsylvania	15.17	35	12.40	43
Oklahoma	14.98	36	15.47	31
New York	14.47	37	14.96	37
Illinois	14.20	38	15.01	36
Ohio	14.06	39	12.31	44
Indiana	13.30	40	12.51	42
Michigan	13.06	41	11.45	48
California	12.78	42	11.38	49
Tennessee	12.22	43	15.33	32
Maryland	12.18	44	11.63	47
New Hampshire	12.05	45	12.10	45
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>11.75</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>17.52</b>	<b>25</b>
Massachusetts	11.24	47	14.95	38
Georgia	10.23	48	15.23	33
New Jersey	9.00	49	13.00	41
Connecticut	8.68	50	10.92	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

\*\* Figures do not include transit subsidies, which were included in previous years.

**Table 23**  
**Transportation Expenditures\*\***  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$498	-	\$337	-
Alaska	2,006	1	1,317	1
Wyoming	1,135	2	699	2
North Dakota	930	3	561	5
South Dakota	860	4	542	6
Nevada	827	5	564	3
Delaware	783	6	474	10
Montana	750	7	452	15
Nebraska	656	8	453	14
Kansas	637	9	478	8
Iowa	636	10	506	7
Washington	632	11	477	9
Minnesota	629	12	454	12
Vermont	629	13	423	17
Wisconsin	600	14	391	24
West Virginia	598	15	423	16
Maine	594	16	377	25
Florida	584	17	369	26
Colorado	574	18	454	13
New York	556	19	393	22
Oregon	543	20	392	23
New Mexico	539	21	562	4
Virginia	536	22	400	19
Texas	527	23	279	45
Hawaii	522	24	469	11
Idaho	517	25	416	18
Pennsylvania	506	26	280	44
Missouri	493	27	315	33
Illinois	492	28	362	27
Mississippi	482	29	332	29
Maryland	481	30	296	39
Louisiana	479	31	311	35
Massachusetts	468	32	395	21
North Carolina	458	33	289	41
Arizona	456	34	291	40
California	448	35	263	47
South Carolina	446	36	219	50
Utah	437	37	318	32
New Hampshire	436	38	284	43
Ohio	432	39	267	46
Kentucky	432	40	331	30
Arkansas	430	41	301	38
Alabama	428	42	304	37
Oklahoma	423	43	285	42
Michigan	414	44	261	48
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>20</b>
Indiana	398	46	259	49
Connecticut	393	47	328	31
New Jersey	375	48	361	28
Tennessee	358	49	309	36
Georgia	297	50	314	34

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

\*\* Figures do not include transit subsidies, which were included in previous years.

**Table 24**  
**Highway Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$12.75	-	\$13.22	-
Alaska	54.00	1	43.91	1
Wyoming	29.45	2	32.42	2
North Dakota	28.21	3	28.04	4
South Dakota	26.57	4	26.95	5
Montana	25.08	5	24.19	6
West Virginia	22.72	6	22.41	8
Delaware	20.84	7	18.45	14
Kansas	19.83	8	22.00	9
Iowa	19.73	9	23.67	7
Nevada	19.60	10	17.88	16
New Mexico	19.16	11	29.89	3
Mississippi	18.83	12	19.66	13
Vermont	18.62	13	20.27	12
Nebraska	18.38	14	20.49	11
Maine	17.98	15	17.86	17
Idaho	17.89	16	21.55	10
Wisconsin	17.14	17	17.22	18
Arkansas	15.74	18	16.73	20
Minnesota	15.39	19	18.20	15
Oregon	15.00	20	15.74	21
Utah	14.77	21	14.00	28
Louisiana	14.65	22	14.58	24
Kentucky	14.60	23	15.01	22
South Carolina	14.50	24	10.40	46
Texas	14.37	25	12.13	40
Florida	14.08	26	14.09	27
North Carolina	14.08	27	13.13	33
Missouri	14.07	28	13.63	30
Pennsylvania	13.96	29	11.03	45
Alabama	13.84	30	14.86	23
Colorado	13.40	31	13.18	32
Oklahoma	13.26	32	13.98	29
Washington	12.74	33	17.15	19
Arizona	12.61	34	12.63	38
Ohio	12.48	35	11.56	43
Illinois	12.31	36	13.08	34
Indiana	12.22	37	11.64	42
New York	11.86	38	12.41	39
Michigan	11.41	39	10.23	48
New Hampshire	11.36	40	11.24	44
Hawaii	11.35	41	12.05	41
Virginia	11.09	42	14.28	25
Tennessee	10.96	43	13.63	31
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>10.26</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>14.20</b>	<b>26</b>
Maryland	10.23	45	9.79	49
California	9.70	46	9.20	50
Massachusetts	8.84	47	12.97	36
New Jersey	8.65	48	12.73	37
Connecticut	8.23	49	10.38	47
Georgia	7.21	50	13.04	35

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. Rhode Island ranked 44th in FY 2004

**Table 25**  
**Highway Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$418		\$293	
Alaska	1,812	1	1,099	1
Wyoming	1,026	2	665	2
South Dakota	825	3	524	5
North Dakota	823	4	536	3
Delaware	725	5	435	8
Montana	692	6	428	9
Nevada	645	7	417	12
Kansas	617	8	465	7
Iowa	607	9	482	6
Vermont	584	10	409	13
Nebraska	584	11	426	10
West Virginia	574	12	384	16
Minnesota	553	13	418	11
Wisconsin	547	14	370	17
Maine	535	15	347	19
New Mexico	504	16	526	4
Idaho	478	17	397	14
Colorado	473	18	301	29
Pennsylvania	466	19	249	43
Oregon	459	20	329	22
New York	456	21	326	23
Mississippi	450	22	319	25
Florida	448	23	307	28
Washington	439	24	389	15
Texas	433	25	243	46
Illinois	426	26	316	26
Missouri	420	27	284	32
New Hampshire	411	28	264	39
North Carolina	409	29	268	38
Maryland	404	30	249	42
Arkansas	402	31	291	31
Louisiana	396	32	269	36
Kentucky	391	33	273	35
Virginia	391	34	331	21
South Carolina	388	35	193	50
Alabama	385	36	277	33
Ohio	384	37	251	41
Utah	377	38	247	44
Oklahoma	374	39	257	40
Connecticut	373	40	312	27
Massachusetts	368	41	342	20
Hawaii	366	42	299	30
Indiana	366	43	241	47
Michigan	362	44	233	48
New Jersey	361	45	354	18
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>24</b>
Arizona	348	47	244	45
California	340	48	213	49
Tennessee	321	49	274	34
Georgia	209	50	268	37

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 46th in FY 2004

**Table 26**  
**Police Protection Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$7.68	-	\$7.04	-
Florida	9.97	1	9.31	2
New York	9.93	2	8.97	3
Nevada	9.87	3	8.55	7
California	9.84	4	8.78	4
New Mexico	9.36	5	8.56	6
Arizona	9.34	6	8.74	5
Alaska	9.26	7	9.84	1
Louisiana	8.70	8	7.87	9
Wyoming	8.33	9	7.26	12
Utah	8.27	10	6.91	15
Oregon	8.17	11	7.11	13
Delaware	8.11	12	6.89	16
Illinois	8.10	13	7.39	11
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>7.94</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>6.94</b>	<b>14</b>
New Jersey	7.81	15	7.99	8
Wisconsin	7.67	16	7.49	10
Ohio	7.46	17	6.58	19
Mississippi	7.42	18	6.05	30
Colorado	7.25	19	6.65	18
Michigan	7.09	20	6.42	21
Montana	7.01	21	5.72	36
Vermont	6.88	22	5.12	43
Idaho	6.82	23	6.78	17
Kansas	6.81	24	6.36	23
Arkansas	6.79	25	5.33	39
Maryland	6.77	26	6.36	22
Tennessee	6.73	27	5.57	37
Missouri	6.70	28	5.98	33
North Carolina	6.66	29	6.26	25
Texas	6.63	30	6.29	24
South Carolina	6.56	31	5.94	34
Georgia	6.52	32	6.09	29
Hawaii	6.51	33	6.55	20
Alabama	6.50	34	6.03	31
Minnesota	6.44	35	5.77	35
Oklahoma	6.26	36	6.20	27
Virginia	6.06	37	5.54	38
Washington	5.94	38	6.16	28
Massachusetts	5.86	39	6.25	26
Iowa	5.85	40	6.02	32
Pennsylvania	5.78	41	5.11	44
Indiana	5.61	42	4.60	48
Maine	5.51	43	4.97	47
Kentucky	5.40	44	5.05	46
North Dakota	5.39	45	4.10	49
New Hampshire	5.35	46	5.19	42
Nebraska	5.35	47	5.08	45
Connecticut	5.29	48	5.30	40
South Dakota	5.18	49	5.19	41
West Virginia	4.89	50	3.95	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 11th in FY 2004

**Table 27**  
**Police Protection Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$252	-	\$156	-
New York	382	1	235	2
California	345	2	203	4
New Jersey	326	3	222	3
Nevada	325	4	199	6
Florida	317	5	203	5
Alaska	311	6	246	1
Wyoming	290	7	149	19
Delaware	282	8	162	11
Illinois	281	9	178	7
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>15</b>
Maryland	267	11	162	12
Arizona	257	12	169	8
Colorado	256	13	152	16
Oregon	250	14	149	18
New Mexico	247	15	151	17
Wisconsin	245	16	161	13
Massachusetts	244	17	165	9
Connecticut	240	18	159	14
Louisiana	235	19	145	21
Minnesota	231	20	133	25
Ohio	229	21	143	22
Michigan	225	22	146	20
Vermont	216	23	103	41
Virginia	214	24	129	26
Kansas	212	25	134	24
Utah	211	26	122	33
Hawaii	210	27	162	10
Washington	205	28	140	23
Missouri	200	29	125	31
Texas	200	30	126	28
Tennessee	197	31	112	38
North Carolina	194	32	128	27
New Hampshire	194	33	122	34
Montana	194	34	101	42
Pennsylvania	193	35	115	35
Georgia	189	36	125	29
Idaho	182	37	125	30
Alabama	181	38	112	37
Iowa	180	39	123	32
Mississippi	177	40	98	44
Oklahoma	177	41	114	36
South Carolina	176	42	110	39
Arkansas	173	43	93	47
Nebraska	170	44	106	40
Indiana	168	45	95	46
Maine	164	46	96	45
South Dakota	161	47	101	43
North Dakota	157	48	78	49
Kentucky	145	49	92	48
West Virginia	124	50	68	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 9th in FY 2004

**Table 28**  
**Fire Protection Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$3.16	-	\$2.92	-
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>6.77</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5.39</b>	<b>1</b>
Nevada	4.68	2	3.74	5
Arizona	4.66	3	3.17	12
Alaska	4.66	4	3.27	10
Florida	4.09	5	3.53	7
Washington	4.06	6	3.17	13
California	3.98	7	4.19	2
Ohio	3.92	8	3.13	15
Illinois	3.68	9	2.79	19
New Mexico	3.62	10	3.28	9
Louisiana	3.50	11	2.64	25
Oklahoma	3.45	12	3.43	8
Massachusetts	3.40	13	3.86	4
New York	3.39	14	3.16	14
Missouri	3.27	15	2.85	17
Colorado	3.18	16	2.60	26
Oregon	3.17	17	3.54	6
Indiana	3.16	18	2.41	30
New Hampshire	3.14	19	2.84	18
Virginia	3.10	20	2.67	24
Mississippi	2.98	21	2.32	33
Hawaii	2.98	22	2.77	20
Kentucky	2.93	23	2.12	37
Wisconsin	2.91	24	3.17	11
Tennessee	2.89	25	2.75	21
Georgia	2.88	26	2.47	28
Maryland	2.86	27	3.01	16
Alabama	2.85	28	2.33	32
Utah	2.81	29	2.31	34
Maine	2.73	30	2.71	23
Connecticut	2.70	31	4.01	3
North Carolina	2.67	32	2.15	36
Kansas	2.67	33	2.48	27
Idaho	2.67	34	2.42	29
Texas	2.61	35	2.40	31
Michigan	2.60	36	2.17	35
Montana	2.44	37	2.09	38
Arkansas	2.43	38	1.96	42
Wyoming	2.41	39	2.04	40
South Carolina	2.37	40	2.07	39
Nebraska	2.27	41	1.87	44
Vermont	2.17	42	2.04	41
New Jersey	2.11	43	2.72	22
South Dakota	1.97	44	1.85	45
Iowa	1.94	45	1.93	43
West Virginia	1.70	46	1.35	49
North Dakota	1.67	47	1.83	46
Minnesota	1.60	48	1.71	47
Pennsylvania	1.31	49	1.37	48
Delaware	0.91	50	0.97	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 1st in FY 2004

**Table 29**  
**Fire Protection Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$104	-	\$65	-
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>1</b>
Alaska	156	2	82	7
Nevada	154	3	87	5
Massachusetts	142	4	102	3
Washington	140	5	72	12
California	139	6	97	4
New York	130	7	83	6
Florida	130	8	77	8
Arizona	129	9	61	20
Illinois	127	10	67	16
Connecticut	122	11	121	2
Ohio	121	12	68	15
New Hampshire	113	13	67	17
Maryland	113	14	77	9
Colorado	112	15	59	22
Virginia	109	16	62	19
Missouri	98	17	59	21
Oklahoma	97	18	63	18
Oregon	97	19	74	11
Hawaii	96	20	69	13
New Mexico	95	21	58	23
Louisiana	95	22	49	30
Indiana	95	23	50	28
Wisconsin	93	24	68	14
New Jersey	88	25	76	10
Tennessee	85	26	55	24
Wyoming	84	27	42	35
Georgia	83	28	51	27
Kansas	83	29	52	26
Michigan	82	30	49	29
Maine	81	31	53	25
Alabama	79	32	43	34
Texas	78	33	48	31
Kentucky	78	34	38	41
North Carolina	78	35	44	33
Nebraska	72	36	39	40
Utah	72	37	41	37
Idaho	71	38	45	32
Mississippi	71	39	38	43
Vermont	68	40	41	36
Montana	67	41	37	44
South Carolina	63	42	38	42
Arkansas	62	43	34	47
South Dakota	61	44	36	45
Iowa	60	45	39	39
Minnesota	58	46	39	38
North Dakota	49	47	35	46
Pennsylvania	44	48	31	48
West Virginia	43	49	23	49
Delaware	32	50	23	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 1st in FY 2004

**Table 30**  
**Corrections Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$6.10	-	\$6.15	-
Wyoming	13.39	1	4.40	29
New Mexico	9.08	2	7.31	6
Alaska	8.92	3	9.47	1
Arizona	7.78	4	6.88	9
Louisiana	7.77	5	5.30	21
California	7.76	6	7.91	5
Oregon	7.49	7	5.18	23
Delaware	7.44	8	6.52	13
Michigan	7.05	9	6.70	12
Nevada	7.01	10	7.25	7
Georgia	6.98	11	6.72	11
Pennsylvania	6.91	12	5.44	20
Wisconsin	6.83	13	5.66	17
Florida	6.63	14	7.94	4
Maryland	6.62	15	6.78	10
Utah	6.62	16	5.48	18
New York	6.57	17	8.00	3
Idaho	6.56	18	4.87	27
Arkansas	6.45	19	4.37	30
Washington	6.25	20	5.79	16
Texas	6.20	21	8.78	2
Montana	6.06	22	3.63	43
Virginia	6.02	23	5.80	15
North Carolina	6.02	24	6.94	8
Oklahoma	5.97	25	4.33	31
Kentucky	5.62	26	4.24	33
Colorado	5.43	27	5.25	22
West Virginia	5.29	28	3.06	48
Ohio	5.27	29	5.46	19
Mississippi	5.16	30	3.46	46
Nebraska	5.16	31	3.54	44
New Jersey	5.11	32	5.01	25
South Carolina	5.09	33	6.43	14
Indiana	5.09	34	3.91	36
Vermont	4.95	35	3.49	45
Missouri	4.86	36	3.64	42
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>4.80</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>5.09</b>	<b>24</b>
Alabama	4.79	38	3.88	37
Tennessee	4.76	39	4.70	28
Maine	4.53	40	3.80	38
Kansas	4.26	41	3.95	35
Hawaii	4.14	42	3.75	39
Illinois	3.91	43	4.01	34
Minnesota	3.90	44	3.74	40
Massachusetts	3.87	45	4.29	32
South Dakota	3.84	46	3.73	41
Connecticut	3.66	47	4.89	26
North Dakota	3.63	48	2.01	50
Iowa	3.58	49	3.04	49
New Hampshire	3.25	50	3.09	47

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
 Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
 RI ranked 40th in FY 2004

**Table 31**  
**Corrections Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$200	-	\$136	-
Wyoming	466	1	90	31
Alaska	299	2	237	1
California	272	3	183	3
Maryland	261	4	173	6
Delaware	259	5	154	8
New York	253	6	210	2
New Mexico	239	7	129	17
Pennsylvania	230	8	123	18
Nevada	230	9	169	7
Oregon	229	10	108	25
Michigan	224	11	153	9
Wisconsin	218	12	121	19
Washington	215	13	131	16
Arizona	215	14	133	15
New Jersey	213	15	139	12
Virginia	212	16	135	14
Florida	211	17	173	5
Louisiana	210	18	98	26
Georgia	202	19	138	13
Colorado	192	20	120	20
Texas	187	21	176	4
Idaho	175	22	90	32
North Carolina	175	23	141	11
Utah	169	24	97	28
Oklahoma	168	25	80	36
Montana	167	26	64	46
Connecticut	166	27	147	10
Arkansas	165	28	76	38
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>23</b>
Nebraska	164	30	74	41
Ohio	162	31	119	22
Massachusetts	161	32	113	24
Vermont	155	33	70	45
Indiana	152	34	81	35
Kentucky	151	35	77	37
Missouri	145	36	76	39
Minnesota	140	37	86	33
Tennessee	139	38	95	29
South Carolina	136	39	119	21
Illinois	135	40	97	27
Maine	135	41	74	40
Hawaii	134	42	93	30
West Virginia	134	43	52	49
Alabama	133	44	72	44
Kansas	133	45	83	34
Mississippi	123	46	56	48
South Dakota	119	47	72	43
New Hampshire	118	48	73	42
Iowa	110	49	62	47
North Dakota	106	50	38	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
 Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
 RI ranked 32nd in FY 2004

**Table 32**  
National Resources, Parks and Recreation Expenditures  
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income  
Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$5.74	-	\$5.68	-
Alaska	17.35	1	19.27	1
Wyoming	16.94	2	13.86	3
North Dakota	15.69	3	13.01	4
Montana	11.83	4	12.39	5
New Mexico	11.12	5	9.54	8
Nevada	11.12	6	8.74	11
South Dakota	9.44	7	14.27	2
Florida	9.09	8	9.20	10
Louisiana	8.99	9	7.20	20
Arizona	8.89	10	7.97	13
Utah	8.82	11	8.38	12
Idaho	8.76	12	9.35	9
Hawaii	8.35	13	11.98	6
Colorado	8.15	14	7.68	16
Nebraska	7.92	15	7.21	19
Oregon	7.89	16	7.39	17
Minnesota	7.55	17	7.76	15
Washington	7.40	18	9.85	7
Wisconsin	7.39	19	7.83	14
New Jersey	7.08	20	3.82	43
West Virginia	7.07	21	7.13	21
California	6.68	22	6.94	22
Illinois	6.65	23	7.34	18
Iowa	6.57	24	6.89	23
Delaware	6.36	25	4.99	34
Vermont	6.23	26	5.91	27
Mississippi	6.21	27	5.93	25
Arkansas	5.96	28	4.74	38
Maine	5.62	29	5.45	30
Alabama	5.56	30	4.93	35
Kentucky	5.47	31	6.23	24
Kansas	5.43	32	5.63	28
North Carolina	5.24	33	5.54	29
Maryland	5.04	34	5.92	26
Oklahoma	4.81	35	4.88	36
Georgia	4.68	36	5.29	33
South Carolina	4.50	37	4.81	37
Missouri	4.40	38	5.35	31
Texas	4.25	39	4.22	39
Tennessee	4.22	40	5.29	32
Virginia	4.12	41	3.57	44
Michigan	4.09	42	3.98	41
Indiana	3.96	43	3.88	42
Ohio	3.94	44	3.43	45
New York	3.49	45	3.43	46
Pennsylvania	3.17	46	3.29	47
New Hampshire	3.14	47	3.10	48
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>2.88</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>4.16</b>	<b>40</b>
Connecticut	2.43	49	2.73	49
Massachusetts	2.12	50	2.50	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 49th in FY 2004

**Table 33**  
National Resources Parks and Recreation Expenditures  
Per Capita  
Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$188	-	\$126	-
Wyoming	590	1	284	3
Alaska	582	2	482	1
North Dakota	458	3	249	5
Nevada	366	4	204	8
Montana	326	5	219	7
New Jersey	296	6	106	33
South Dakota	293	7	277	4
New Mexico	293	8	168	15
Florida	289	9	200	9
Colorado	288	10	176	12
Minnesota	271	11	178	10
Hawaii	270	12	297	2
Washington	255	13	224	6
Nebraska	251	14	150	20
Arizona	245	15	154	18
Louisiana	243	16	133	23
Oregon	242	17	155	17
Wisconsin	236	18	168	14
California	234	19	160	16
Idaho	234	20	172	13
Illinois	231	21	177	11
Utah	225	22	148	21
Delaware	221	23	118	27
Iowa	202	24	140	22
Maryland	199	25	151	19
Vermont	195	26	119	25
West Virginia	179	27	122	24
Kansas	169	28	119	26
Maine	167	29	106	34
Alabama	155	30	92	37
North Carolina	152	31	113	29
Arkansas	152	32	83	44
Mississippi	148	33	96	35
Kentucky	147	34	113	28
Virginia	145	35	83	43
Georgia	136	36	109	31
Oklahoma	136	37	90	40
New York	134	38	90	39
Missouri	131	39	112	30
Michigan	130	40	91	38
Texas	128	41	85	42
Tennessee	124	42	107	32
Ohio	121	43	75	47
South Carolina	120	44	89	41
Indiana	119	45	80	46
New Hampshire	114	46	73	49
Connecticut	110	47	82	45
Pennsylvania	106	48	74	48
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>36</b>
Massachusetts	88	50	66	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 49th in FY 2004

**Table 34**  
**Housing and Community Development Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$4.12	-	\$3.69	-
Alaska	10.35	1	7.88	2
California	6.38	2	6.31	4
Vermont	6.31	3	4.54	7
New York	5.89	4	6.61	3
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>5.74</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5.63</b>	<b>6</b>
Massachusetts	5.58	6	6.13	5
Maine	5.44	7	3.63	16
Washington	5.11	8	3.31	19
Ohio	4.93	9	4.16	10
Pennsylvania	4.57	10	3.43	18
New Mexico	4.57	11	1.82	45
New Hampshire	4.57	12	1.99	43
Maryland	4.39	13	3.76	15
Illinois	4.36	14	3.03	23
Oregon	4.26	15	4.44	9
Louisiana	4.23	16	2.78	25
Minnesota	4.09	17	4.04	12
Indiana	4.08	18	2.88	24
Montana	4.06	19	3.91	13
Delaware	4.06	20	4.50	8
Hawaii	4.05	21	9.58	1
Connecticut	4.00	22	4.09	11
Utah	4.00	23	2.26	38
Colorado	3.80	24	2.70	30
South Dakota	3.50	25	1.99	44
Alabama	3.46	26	3.84	14
Missouri	3.29	27	2.20	42
Georgia	3.28	28	2.60	32
Virginia	3.22	29	2.58	33
Tennessee	3.21	30	3.20	21
Kentucky	3.19	31	2.22	41
Mississippi	3.19	32	2.48	34
Nevada	3.14	33	2.70	29
South Carolina	3.12	34	2.26	37
North Dakota	3.10	35	3.61	17
North Carolina	3.08	36	2.72	27
West Virginia	3.06	37	2.75	26
New Jersey	2.94	38	2.28	36
Nebraska	2.90	39	3.13	22
Michigan	2.78	40	0.78	50
Kansas	2.72	41	1.16	48
Florida	2.64	42	2.68	31
Wisconsin	2.50	43	3.26	20
Arizona	2.42	44	2.37	35
Arkansas	2.41	45	2.23	40
Texas	2.37	46	1.54	46
Oklahoma	2.06	47	2.71	28
Iowa	1.73	48	2.24	39
Idaho	1.18	49	1.18	47
Wyoming	0.89	50	0.98	49

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 10th in FY 2004

**Table 35**  
**Housing and Community Development Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$135	-	\$82	-
Alaska	347	1	197	2
Massachusetts	232	2	162	4
New York	226	3	174	3
California	224	4	146	5
Vermont	198	5	92	12
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>6</b>
Connecticut	181	7	123	7
Washington	176	8	75	15
Maryland	173	9	96	9
New Hampshire	165	10	47	35
Maine	162	11	70	18
Pennsylvania	153	12	77	14
Ohio	152	13	90	13
Illinois	151	14	73	16
Minnesota	147	15	93	11
Delaware	141	16	106	8
Colorado	134	17	62	26
Hawaii	131	18	237	1
Oregon	130	19	93	10
New Jersey	123	20	63	24
Indiana	122	21	60	28
New Mexico	120	22	32	45
Louisiana	114	23	51	32
Virginia	113	24	60	27
Montana	112	25	69	20
South Dakota	109	26	39	44
Nevada	103	27	63	25
Utah	102	28	40	42
Missouri	98	29	46	36
Alabama	96	30	72	17
Georgia	95	31	54	31
Tennessee	94	32	64	23
Nebraska	92	33	65	22
North Dakota	90	34	69	21
North Carolina	90	35	55	30
Michigan	88	36	18	50
Kentucky	86	37	40	40
Kansas	85	38	24	47
Florida	84	39	58	29
South Carolina	83	40	42	39
Wisconsin	80	41	70	19
West Virginia	77	42	47	34
Mississippi	76	43	40	41
Texas	71	44	31	46
Arizona	67	45	46	37
Arkansas	62	46	39	43
Oklahoma	58	47	50	33
Iowa	53	48	46	38
Idaho	32	49	22	48
Wyoming	31	50	20	49

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 12th in FY 2004

**Table 36**  
Sewerage and Solid Waste Expenditures  
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income  
Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$5.93	-	\$6.61	-
Hawaii	8.95	1	10.39	2
Delaware	8.23	2	10.57	1
Florida	7.99	3	7.85	10
Ohio	7.79	4	6.58	22
New York	7.62	5	7.55	11
Washington	7.26	6	9.05	5
Oregon	7.03	7	7.36	16
Utah	6.93	8	6.55	23
Alaska	6.86	9	8.05	7
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>6.65</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10.16</b>	<b>3</b>
Indiana	6.64	11	4.53	39
Michigan	6.62	12	7.40	13
Wisconsin	6.60	13	7.55	12
Louisiana	6.43	14	6.06	25
Maine	6.40	15	7.90	9
California	6.31	16	8.02	8
New Jersey	6.31	17	9.64	4
Georgia	6.09	18	4.87	37
Virginia	6.00	19	7.10	18
Idaho	5.99	20	6.68	21
North Carolina	5.93	21	5.68	28
Alabama	5.93	22	5.03	34
New Mexico	5.90	23	7.40	14
West Virginia	5.84	24	4.08	44
Arkansas	5.73	25	5.23	31
Arizona	5.64	26	5.37	29
Pennsylvania	5.56	27	5.69	27
Wyoming	5.50	28	6.47	24
Montana	5.43	29	4.32	42
Vermont	5.30	30	4.21	43
South Carolina	5.07	31	4.87	36
Massachusetts	4.83	32	8.29	6
Maryland	4.78	33	7.16	17
Texas	4.68	34	5.11	33
Kansas	4.65	35	3.75	46
Kentucky	4.63	36	4.91	35
Connecticut	4.54	37	6.78	20
Minnesota	4.52	38	7.36	15
Tennessee	4.46	39	5.93	26
Missouri	4.44	40	3.71	47
Oklahoma	4.36	41	5.14	32
Nebraska	4.32	42	3.93	45
Iowa	4.30	43	7.05	19
Colorado	4.18	44	4.47	40
Mississippi	3.97	45	3.59	48
Illinois	3.87	46	4.58	38
North Dakota	3.72	47	3.05	50
New Hampshire	3.61	48	4.40	41
South Dakota	3.42	49	5.25	30
Nevada	3.40	50	3.16	49

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 23rd in FY 2004

**Table 37**  
Sewerage and Solid Waste Expenditures  
Per Capita  
Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$194	-	\$147	-
New York	293	1	198	9
Hawaii	289	2	257	2
Delaware	286	3	249	3
New Jersey	263	4	268	1
Florida	254	5	171	12
Washington	250	6	206	6
Ohio	239	7	143	20
Alaska	230	8	201	8
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>4</b>
California	221	10	185	10
Oregon	215	11	154	17
Virginia	212	12	165	15
Wisconsin	211	13	162	16
Michigan	210	14	169	14
Connecticut	206	15	204	7
Massachusetts	201	16	219	5
Indiana	199	17	94	37
Wyoming	192	18	133	21
Maine	190	19	153	18
Maryland	189	20	182	11
Pennsylvania	185	21	129	23
Utah	177	22	116	27
Georgia	176	23	100	35
Louisiana	174	24	112	28
North Carolina	173	25	116	26
Vermont	166	26	85	42
Alabama	165	27	94	38
Minnesota	162	28	169	13
Idaho	160	29	123	24
New Mexico	155	30	130	22
Arizona	155	31	104	30
Montana	150	32	76	46
Colorado	148	33	102	33
West Virginia	148	34	70	48
Arkansas	146	35	91	39
Kansas	145	36	79	44
Texas	141	37	102	32
Nebraska	137	38	82	43
South Carolina	136	39	90	40
Illinois	134	40	110	29
Missouri	133	41	77	45
Iowa	132	42	144	19
Tennessee	131	43	119	25
New Hampshire	130	44	103	31
Kentucky	124	45	89	41
Oklahoma	123	46	95	36
Nevada	112	47	74	47
North Dakota	109	48	58	49
South Dakota	106	49	102	34
Mississippi	95	50	58	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 18th in FY 2004



**Table 38**  
**Government Administration Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$10.97	-	\$10.29	-
Alaska	26.25	1	32.36	1
Utah	18.88	2	14.62	7
Delaware	18.61	3	15.07	5
Wyoming	17.05	4	15.93	4
West Virginia	16.46	5	12.36	12
New Mexico	15.88	6	14.60	8
Montana	14.97	7	13.23	9
Nevada	14.89	8	16.34	3
California	14.66	9	11.93	13
South Carolina	14.16	10	9.36	34
Hawaii	13.89	11	14.93	6
Oregon	13.36	12	16.83	2
Ohio	13.23	13	11.38	15
Idaho	13.19	14	10.56	21
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>13.02</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>11.45</b>	<b>14</b>
Louisiana	12.41	16	9.84	29
Arizona	12.15	17	12.53	11
Maine	11.73	18	10.39	22
Arkansas	11.67	19	8.06	49
Florida	11.45	20	10.28	23
New York	11.43	21	11.12	18
North Dakota	11.36	22	10.05	25
Vermont	11.29	23	13.15	10
Mississippi	10.95	24	10.05	26
Pennsylvania	10.88	25	9.42	33
Minnesota	10.87	26	10.92	19
Colorado	10.65	27	10.22	24
Maryland	10.59	28	9.25	37
Kansas	10.38	29	11.24	17
Georgia	10.35	30	8.92	39
South Dakota	10.33	31	11.32	16
Indiana	9.82	32	8.40	44
Michigan	9.63	33	9.32	35
Connecticut	9.56	34	9.12	38
Illinois	9.51	35	8.35	46
Virginia	9.49	36	9.67	31
Oklahoma	9.45	37	9.31	36
Iowa	9.15	38	9.79	30
Wisconsin	9.03	39	10.04	27
Washington	8.94	40	10.64	20
Nebraska	8.85	41	8.82	42
Kentucky	8.81	42	8.12	48
New Jersey	8.77	43	9.94	28
Missouri	8.75	44	7.71	50
Alabama	8.64	45	8.36	45
Tennessee	8.55	46	8.40	43
Massachusetts	8.54	47	9.62	32
New Hampshire	8.43	48	8.84	41
North Carolina	7.81	49	8.20	47
Texas	7.55	50	8.85	40

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 15th in FY 2004

**Table 39**  
**Government Administration Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$360	-	\$228	-
Alaska	881	1	810	1
Delaware	648	2	355	4
Wyoming	594	3	327	6
California	514	4	276	9
Nevada	490	5	381	2
Utah	481	6	258	13
Hawaii	449	7	370	3
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>12</b>
New York	439	9	292	7
Connecticut	433	10	274	10
New Mexico	418	11	257	14
Maryland	418	12	236	21
West Virginia	416	13	212	30
Montana	413	14	234	22
Oregon	409	15	352	5
Ohio	407	16	247	17
Minnesota	390	17	251	16
South Carolina	379	18	173	42
Colorado	376	19	234	23
New Jersey	366	20	276	8
Florida	364	21	224	25
Pennsylvania	363	22	213	28
Massachusetts	356	23	254	15
Vermont	354	24	265	11
Idaho	353	25	195	35
Maine	349	26	202	32
Louisiana	335	27	181	39
Arizona	335	28	242	18
Virginia	335	29	225	24
North Dakota	331	30	192	36
Illinois	330	31	202	33
Kansas	323	32	237	20
South Dakota	321	33	220	26
Washington	308	34	242	19
Michigan	305	35	213	29
New Hampshire	305	36	208	31
Georgia	300	37	184	37
Arkansas	298	38	140	50
Indiana	294	39	174	41
Wisconsin	288	40	215	27
Iowa	281	41	199	34
Nebraska	281	42	183	38
Oklahoma	267	43	171	43
Mississippi	262	44	163	46
Missouri	261	45	161	47
Tennessee	250	46	169	44
Alabama	240	47	156	48
Kentucky	236	48	148	49
Texas	227	49	177	40
North Carolina	227	50	167	45

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 11th in FY 2004

**Table 40**  
**Insurance Trust Expenditures**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$20.13	-	\$18.40	-
Alaska	39.31	1	33.85	1
Oregon	32.56	2	22.02	10
Ohio	30.68	3	27.52	4
New York	29.22	4	27.04	5
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>28.64</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>32.06</b>	<b>2</b>
California	26.32	6	24.75	8
Illinois	23.30	7	18.95	20
Wisconsin	22.75	8	17.30	24
Louisiana	22.48	9	17.61	22
New Jersey	22.34	10	21.65	13
Kentucky	21.88	11	17.23	25
Pennsylvania	21.81	12	20.88	14
Wyoming	21.28	13	21.78	12
Washington	21.06	14	28.50	3
New Mexico	20.84	15	16.72	26
South Carolina	20.52	16	15.18	30
Colorado	20.50	17	17.49	23
Montana	20.35	18	25.33	7
Michigan	19.86	19	19.30	18
Mississippi	19.70	20	13.74	33
Minnesota	19.66	21	16.59	27
Massachusetts	19.18	22	19.64	16
Hawaii	19.10	23	21.84	11
North Dakota	18.62	24	13.83	31
West Virginia	18.29	25	25.91	6
Connecticut	18.09	26	19.08	19
Oklahoma	17.65	27	19.90	15
Missouri	16.66	28	11.37	40
Florida	15.59	29	9.21	45
Idaho	15.57	30	17.97	21
Texas	15.19	31	12.44	38
Maine	15.18	32	19.43	17
Delaware	14.86	33	15.29	29
North Carolina	14.80	34	11.68	39
Arizona	14.77	35	13.82	32
Alabama	14.70	36	13.37	34
Maryland	14.54	37	16.00	28
Utah	14.40	38	12.51	37
Iowa	14.33	39	10.83	42
Arkansas	14.13	40	12.84	35
Georgia	13.57	41	10.47	43
Kansas	12.81	42	12.62	36
Nevada	12.26	43	22.07	9
South Dakota	11.93	44	7.73	49
Tennessee	10.87	45	9.79	44
Virginia	10.76	46	8.94	46
Indiana	10.54	47	8.68	47
Vermont	10.22	48	11.36	41
Nebraska	8.66	49	6.30	50
New Hampshire	8.34	50	7.81	48

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 5th in FY 2004

**Table 41**  
**Insurance Trust Expenditures**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$659	-	\$409	-
Alaska	1,319	1	847	1
New York	1,123	2	710	3
Oregon	996	3	461	13
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>978</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>727</b>	<b>2</b>
Ohio	943	5	598	6
New Jersey	932	6	602	5
California	923	7	572	8
Connecticut	820	8	574	7
Illinois	807	9	457	14
Massachusetts	799	10	518	10
Wyoming	741	11	447	16
Pennsylvania	727	12	472	12
Wisconsin	726	13	371	23
Washington	726	14	647	4
Colorado	724	15	400	20
Minnesota	706	16	381	21
Michigan	630	17	440	18
Hawaii	617	18	541	9
Louisiana	607	19	325	27
Kentucky	587	20	313	28
Maryland	574	21	408	19
Montana	561	22	448	15
South Carolina	549	23	281	30
New Mexico	549	24	294	29
North Dakota	543	25	264	33
Delaware	517	26	360	25
Oklahoma	498	27	366	24
Missouri	497	28	237	37
Florida	496	29	200	45
Mississippi	470	30	223	40
West Virginia	462	31	444	17
Texas	457	32	249	35
Maine	452	33	377	22
Iowa	441	34	221	42
North Carolina	431	35	238	36
Idaho	416	36	331	26
Alabama	409	37	249	34
Arizona	407	38	267	31
Nevada	403	39	514	11
Kansas	399	40	267	32
Georgia	393	41	216	43
Virginia	379	42	208	44
South Dakota	370	43	150	49
Utah	367	44	221	41
Arkansas	361	45	224	39
Vermont	320	46	229	38
Tennessee	318	47	197	46
Indiana	315	48	180	48
New Hampshire	301	49	184	47
Nebraska	275	50	131	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.  
Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.  
RI ranked 56th in FY 2004

**Table 42**  
**Outstanding Debt**  
**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$212.71	-	\$191.19	-
Alaska	393.48	1	467.69	1
New York	314.07	2	298.67	3
Massachusetts	291.04	3	238.40	10
Kentucky	269.92	4	276.03	6
South Carolina	263.28	5	178.34	27
Washington	244.55	6	271.07	7
Pennsylvania	243.22	7	193.74	21
Colorado	237.49	8	221.76	12
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>237.16</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>281.01</b>	<b>4</b>
Illinois	234.40	10	170.92	31
Utah	233.64	11	313.97	2
Nevada	233.06	12	208.15	15
Oregon	232.27	13	173.69	30
Hawaii	225.93	14	244.16	9
California	223.73	15	194.35	20
Texas	218.12	16	175.40	29
Michigan	214.88	17	138.14	43
Delaware	212.52	18	277.77	5
Wisconsin	209.23	19	168.00	32
New Mexico	205.95	20	166.15	35
Kansas	205.24	21	146.58	40
Louisiana	203.27	22	216.32	13
New Jersey	200.72	23	180.12	26
Arizona	200.03	24	226.22	11
Montana	197.64	25	190.59	23
Minnesota	196.84	26	204.67	17
New Hampshire	196.67	27	257.65	8
Florida	195.95	28	208.91	14
Connecticut	195.82	29	197.30	19
Vermont	186.50	30	185.48	25
West Virginia	184.06	31	207.50	16
Missouri	181.06	32	119.15	46
North Dakota	179.06	33	149.04	38
Alabama	177.90	34	141.56	42
Maine	177.44	35	191.45	22
Ohio	172.01	36	117.06	48
Virginia	166.95	37	143.70	41
Indiana	162.77	38	111.18	49
North Carolina	162.16	39	149.99	37
South Dakota	159.63	40	167.69	33
Arkansas	158.11	41	118.22	47
Nebraska	153.25	42	178.32	28
Mississippi	146.71	43	128.26	44
Tennessee	146.59	44	199.14	18
Oklahoma	144.09	45	146.69	39
Georgia	143.23	46	153.63	36
Iowa	127.69	47	127.35	45
Maryland	126.73	48	166.62	34
Wyoming	107.17	49	189.83	24
Idaho	104.07	50	100.05	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 13th in FY 2004

**Table 43**  
**Outstanding Debt**  
**Per Capita**  
**Fiscal Years 2005, and 1995**

State	FY 2005		FY 1995	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$6,970	-	\$4,245	-
Alaska	13,205	1	11,702	1
Massachusetts	12,123	2	6,293	5
New York	12,068	3	7,839	2
Connecticut	8,870	4	5,932	9
Washington	8,431	5	6,154	6
Colorado	8,386	6	5,070	11
New Jersey	8,376	7	5,007	13
Illinois	8,122	8	4,125	21
Pennsylvania	8,109	9	4,376	18
<b>Rhode Island</b>	<b>8,103</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>6,372</b>	<b>4</b>
California	7,847	11	4,495	17
Nevada	7,667	12	4,849	14
Delaware	7,398	13	6,541	3
Hawaii	7,298	14	6,052	8
Kentucky	7,237	15	5,016	12
New Hampshire	7,110	16	6,054	7
Oregon	7,106	17	3,635	28
Minnesota	7,073	18	4,705	15
South Carolina	7,044	19	3,304	34
Michigan	6,813	20	3,151	37
Wisconsin	6,680	21	3,605	29
Texas	6,568	22	3,511	31
Kansas	6,387	23	3,095	38
Florida	6,231	24	4,550	16
Utah	5,955	25	5,542	10
Virginia	5,888	26	3,336	33
Vermont	5,849	27	3,744	25
Arizona	5,515	28	4,374	19
Louisiana	5,492	29	3,988	23
Montana	5,453	30	3,370	32
New Mexico	5,422	31	2,925	40
Missouri	5,404	32	2,484	46
Ohio	5,287	33	2,542	45
Maine	5,281	34	3,717	26
North Dakota	5,222	35	2,850	41
Maryland	5,002	36	4,247	20
South Dakota	4,955	37	3,260	35
Alabama	4,954	38	2,638	43
Indiana	4,872	39	2,304	47
Nebraska	4,866	40	3,705	27
North Carolina	4,717	41	3,056	39
West Virginia	4,649	42	3,553	30
Tennessee	4,294	43	4,010	22
Georgia	4,152	44	3,163	36
Oklahoma	4,068	45	2,698	42
Arkansas	4,036	46	2,059	49
Iowa	3,928	47	2,593	44
Wyoming	3,733	48	3,894	24
Mississippi	3,503	49	2,083	48
Idaho	2,783	50	1,843	50

\* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations. RI ranked 9th in FY 2004

## V. Glossary of Terms

**Corrections** include residential institutions for the confinement, correction, and rehabilitation of convicted adults or adjudicated juveniles and for the detention of adults and juveniles charged with a crime and awaiting trial. Expenditures for probation offices (whether operated by courts or correctional agencies), parole boards and non-institutional activities such as administration of a correctional agency, the training of correctional employees and the operation of nonresidential halfway houses and community correction facilities are also included.

**Education Expenditures** include expenditures for elementary and secondary education, higher education, and other education expenditures.

**Elementary and Secondary Education** comprises expenditures for the operation, maintenance and construction of elementary and secondary schools, which include kindergarten through high school, vocational-technical education, and other educational institutions except those for higher education, whether operated by independent governments (school districts) or as integral agencies of state, county, municipal, or township governments; and financial support of public elementary and secondary schools.

**Environment and Housing Expenditures** comprise expenditures for natural resources, parks and recreation, housing and community development, sewerage, and solid waste management.

**Fire Protection** comprises expenditures for the prevention, avoidance and suppression of fires and for the provision of ambulance, medical, rescue or auxiliary services when provided by fire protection agencies.

### **Governmental Administration**

Includes expenditures related to

**Financial Administration** which comprises expenditures for the operation of central staff agencies concerned with tax assessment, collection, accounting, auditing and budgeting, purchasing, custody of funds and other finance activities. It includes expenditures related to licensing and tax collection activities of motor vehicle departments, lottery administrative costs, costs of insurance for issuing debt; the administration of public employee retirement, workers' compensation and other insurance trust funds and the management of debt and investments. It also covers expenditures for the distinctive tax collection activities of regulatory agencies. It does not cover internal financial management activities of functional agencies;

**Judicial and Legal** which comprises expenditures relating to courts (criminal and civil) and activities associated with courts, legal services and counseling of indigent or other needy persons. It covers the court activities of sheriff offices (bailiff functions), registers or wills and other probate activities; legal departments

and general counsels; prosecuting and district attorneys, indigent defense and contributions to legal aid societies;

**General public buildings** which comprises the construction, equipping, maintenance and operation of general public buildings related to specific functions or agencies; and

**Other governmental administration.**

**Higher Education** comprises expenditures for degree-granting institutions (associate, bachelor, master, or doctorate) operated by state or local governments which provide academic training beyond the high school (grade 12) level. It also comprises expenditures relating to the activities and facilities connected with state institutions of higher education providing supplementary services to students, faculty or staff, and which are self-supported (wholly or largely through charges for services) and operated on a commercial basis.

**Housing and Community Development** comprises expenditures for the construction, operation and support of housing and redevelopment projects and other activities to promote or aid public and private housing and community development. Covered are the planning, construction, furnishing and operations of public housing projects; rent subsidies; housing and mortgage finance agencies operations; assistance for the repair and renovation of existing homes and programs to encourage private sector housing production. The category also includes expenditures for urban renewal and slum clearance, redevelopment and rehabilitation of substandard or deteriorated facilities; rural development and revitalization of commercial areas.

“Housing and Community Development” does not include: direct loans to individuals, buildings, landlords or others or distribution of proceeds from mortgage revenue bonds. Also not included are building inspection and enforcement of housing codes or standards and temporary shelters for housing the homeless.

**Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation** comprise expenditures (and revenues) related to agriculture, forestry and other natural resources, including the regulation of industries which develop or utilize or affect natural resources; recreational, cultural and scientific facilities; including golf courses, playing fields, playgrounds, public beaches, swimming pools, tennis courts, parks, auditoriums, stadiums, auto camps, marinas, botanical gardens, galleries, museums and zoos.

**Per Capita** refers to the amount of state and local expenditures expended per the total number of residents in the state. This figure is calculated by dividing the expenditure amount by the total number of residents.

**Per \$1,000 of Personal Income** refers to the amount of state and local expenditures expended per every \$1,000 of personal income generated by the state’s residents. This figure is calculated by first dividing the state’s total personal income by 1,000. This number is then used as the denominator when dividing the expenditure amount.

**Police Protection** includes expenditures for the preservation of law and order and traffic safety. It covers regular police departments, law enforcement activities of sheriff and constable officers, state highway patrol, police training academies, coroners, medical examiners, forensic services and crime labs, temporary lockups, criminal justice planning, payments for transporting criminals. It includes the following activities if handled by a police agency: motor vehicle inspection and regulation, liquor law enforcement and traffic control. It does not include special police forces of non-police agencies such as park rangers and fish and game wardens and law enforcement units of legal officers.

**Public Safety Expenditures** includes expenditures for police protection, fire protection, correction, and protective inspection and regulation.

**Public Welfare Expenditures** includes expenditures for cash assistance, vendor payments, and other public welfare expenditures.

**Public Welfare – Cash Assistance** comprises cash payments made directly to individuals contingent upon their need, including, but not limited to, SSI, and cash payments by states to families under TANF.

**Public Welfare – Vendor Payments** comprise payments under public welfare programs made directly to private vendors (i.e., individuals or non-governmental organizations furnishing goods and services) for commodities and services, including Medicaid, on behalf of low-income or other medically needy persons unable to purchase such care.

**Sewerage and Solid Waste Management Expenditures** comprise the provision, maintenance and operation of sanitary and storm sewer systems and sewage disposal and treatment. This category also comprises expenditures for the collection, removal and disposal of garbage, refuse, and hazardous and other solid wastes, cleaning of streets, alleys and sidewalks. It covers the operation of sanitary landfills, hazardous waste disposal sites, incinerators, the cleanup of toxic chemical spills and dumps, and collection and disposal of abandoned vehicles.

**Social Services Expenditures** includes expenditures for public welfare, hospitals, health, employment security administration, and veterans' services.

### **Transportation**

Includes expenditures related to

**Highways** comprise expenditures for the maintenance, operation, repair and construction of highways, streets, roads, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, tunnels, ferryboats, viaducts and related structures. It does not cover the patrol or policing of streets and highway or traffic control activities of police or public safety agencies or street cleaning activities;

**Air Transportation (airports)** includes the provision, operation, construction, and support of airport facilities serving the public-at-large on a scheduled or unscheduled basis, and the regulation of the airline industry;

**Parking Facilities** includes the provision, construction, maintenance, and operation of local government public parking facilities operated on a commercial basis; and

**Sea and inland port facilities**

Please note, earlier editions of How Rhode Island Expenditures Compare included Transit Subsidies in this category. Because of a change in how the US Census Bureau calculates transportation expenditures, this category is no longer included in our analysis.