

HOW RHODE ISLAND COMPARES

2013 Edition

STATE and LOCAL
REVENUES

PER CAPITA

PER \$1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME

Compiled as a public service by:



RIPEC

Rhode Island Public Expenditure Council

I. Introduction

Uniform and dependable revenue information is needed to accurately compare state and local revenues. In RIPEC's opinion, a credible and commonly used source of comparative state and local revenue data is Government Finances compiled by the United States Census Bureau. Thus, the analysis presented in this report is based on the United States Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2011 and FY 2000 data.

RIPEC's report, *How Rhode Island Compares – State and Local Revenues, 2013 Edition* provides details on state and local government revenues for fiscal year 2011, the latest year for which national data are available. The publication compares Rhode Island's revenues with those of the other 49 states and the United States average. To provide a common basis for comparison, revenues are shown on both a "Per Capita" and "Per \$1,000 of Personal Income" basis. This analysis provides two types of common denominators that account for differences due to the population of a state (per capita measurement) and the personal income level of the state (per \$1,000 of personal income).

RIPEC relied primarily on data made available through the United States Department of Commerce's Bureau of the Census website (www.census.gov). Additionally, RIPEC made per capita calculations using Census Bureau population figures and the United States Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis income data to calculate per \$1,000 of personal income, as of September 2013.

How Rhode Island Compares – State and Local Revenues, 2013 Edition contains three sections in addition to this Introduction:

- Section II: Highlights includes a bulleted summary of key findings;
- Section III: Overview and Summary provides highlights of the major revenues; and
- Section IV: State and Local Government Revenues contains 20 tables of revenue data for fiscal years 2000 and 2011 on a per \$1,000 of personal income basis and a per capita basis.

II. Highlights

- When all revenues – including taxes, charges and miscellaneous revenues, intergovernmental revenues, and insurance trust, utility and liquor store revenues – are considered, Rhode Island’s total state and local revenues in FY 2011 ranked 20th highest in the country as a share of personal income, and 11th highest on a per capita basis.
- In FY 2000, Rhode Island ranked 27th for total revenue collections per \$1,000 of personal income and 19th for per capita.
- In FY 2011, Rhode Island’s total general revenue collections (total revenues minus insurance trust, liquor store and utility revenues) totaled \$234.45 per \$1,000 of personal income (18^h highest in the country), and were 7.6 percent higher than the national average of \$217.87.
- When measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island’s general revenue collections of \$9,620 were 13.7 percent higher than the national average of \$8,463 and were 11th highest in the country.

Tax collections per \$1,000 of personal income

- Rhode Island ranked 14th highest in the country when tax collections (a sub-category of general revenues) were measured per \$1,000 of personal income.
- Of the six New England states, only Massachusetts (\$109.62) and New Hampshire (\$93.74) had total tax collections as a share of personal income below the national average (\$111.61). Almost every New England state increased collections as a share of personal income when compared to FY 2000.
- Rhode Island’s individual income tax collections of \$23.52 per \$1,000 of personal income were on par with national collections of \$23.76. Between FY 2000 and FY 2011, individual income tax collections decreased by 15.1 percent in the Ocean State, more than the 7.6 percent national decrease.
- Each New England state relied heavily on property taxes to support state and local governments; all the states—with the exception of Massachusetts—ranked in the top ten for property taxes in both 2000 and 2011 (Massachusetts ranked 15th). However, as in past reports, every state’s property tax collections—with the exception of Massachusetts and Connecticut—grew at a slower rate than the national average.
- Rhode Island’s FY 2011 property tax collections per \$1,000 of personal income of \$52.61 were 42.0 percent higher than the national average of \$36.96. In Rhode Island, property taxes as a share of personal income increased by 7.2 percent over FY 2000 levels—the second slowest growth in the region, compared to the national growth rate of 22.1 percent.

- In contrast to the property tax, general sales tax collections in New England are universally lower than national sales tax collections. In FY 2010, all of the New England states ranked in the bottom half of the country.
- Rhode Island's general sales tax collections of \$19.08 per \$1,000 of personal income were 32.0 percent lower than the national average of \$25.13 in 2011.

Tax collections per capita

- Rhode Island's total per capita tax collections of \$4,824 ranked the state 13th highest in the country and 4th highest in New England.
- Rhode Island's individual income tax collections of \$965 per capita were only slightly higher than the national average (\$923) and grew slower than the other New England states, with the exception of New Hampshire and the national average, between FY 2000 and FY 2011.
- National per capita property tax collections of \$1,436 for FY 2011 were 50.0 percent lower than Rhode Island's collections of \$2,158 per capita (7th highest in the country).
- Between FY 2000 and FY 2011, property tax collections per capita increased by 57.3 percent in Rhode Island—the third highest rate of growth in New England.
- Rhode Island's general sales tax collections of \$783 per capita were 27.4 percent lower than the national average of \$976 per capita, but were the second highest in the region (behind Connecticut's \$924 per capita).

Other revenues

- Rhode Island's charges and miscellaneous revenue collections (\$50.02 per \$1,000 of personal income and \$2,052 per capita), were the highest in New England as a share of personal income, but in the bottom half when compared to the other states in the country.
- In New England, Maine, Rhode Island and Vermont had intergovernmental receipts that were higher than the national average in both FY 2011 and FY 2000 when measured as a share of personal income.
- Despite negative returns for insurance trust revenues in FY 2009, these revenues increased by 28.6 percent over FY 2010 levels to \$2.4 million in FY 2011.

III. Overview and Summary

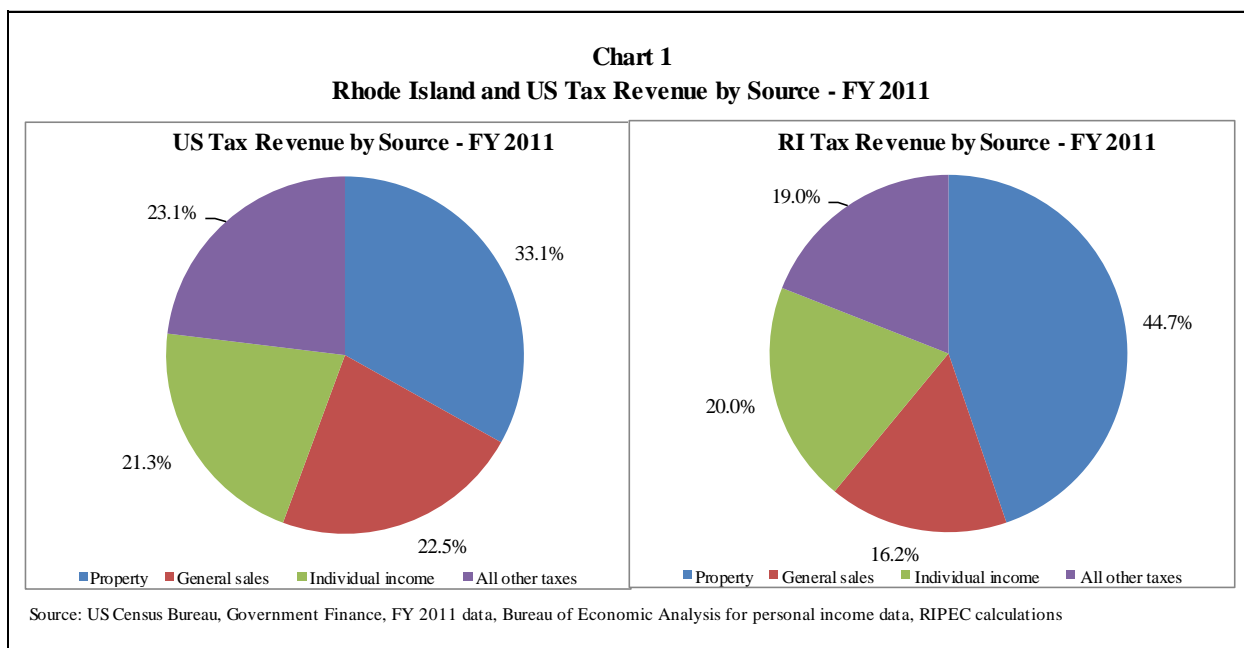
This section provides an overview of how Rhode Island's per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita revenues compare to New England, the rest of the country, and to the United States on average. Total state and local revenues in FY 2011 – including taxes, charges and miscellaneous revenues, intergovernmental revenues, and insurance trust, utility and liquor store revenues – in Rhode Island were \$12.7 billion, approximately \$700 million, or about 1.0 percent, higher than FY 2010 collections. Nationally, state and local FY 2011 revenue collections of \$3.4 trillion were \$0.2 trillion (6.2 percent) more than FY 2010 collections. When all revenues are considered, Rhode Island's total state and local revenues in FY 2011 were the 20th highest in the country as a share of personal income, and 11th highest per capita. Similarly, in FY 2000, Rhode Island ranked 21st highest for total revenue collections per \$1,000 of personal income, and 13th when total revenues were measured on a per capita basis.

The Census categorizes revenues by the fund source, rather than by the administrative unit that accounts for or controls a particular activity. General revenues comprise all sources of revenue received from external sources with limited exceptions and exclude utility, liquor store and insurance trust revenues. In FY 2011, Rhode Island's total general revenue collections totaled \$234.45 per \$1,000 of personal income (18th highest in the country), and were 7.6 percent higher than the national average of \$217.87. When measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island's general revenue collections of \$9,620 were 13.7 percent higher than the national average of \$8,463 and were 11th highest in the country.

	Per \$1,000 of Personal Income				Per Capita			
	US	RI	Rank	% of US	US	RI	Rank	% of US
Tax Revenues								
Property	\$36.96	\$52.61	4	142.3%	\$1,436	\$2,158	7	150.3%
Individual Income	23.76	23.52	26	99.0%	923	965	19	104.5%
General Sales	25.13	19.08	38	75.9%	976	783	34	80.2%
Other Taxes	25.76	22.36	27	86.8%	1,000	917	24	91.7%
Total State and Local Taxes	\$111.61	\$117.57	14	105.3%	\$4,335	\$4,824	13	111.3%
Charges and Misc Revenues	\$52.40	\$50.02	32	95.5%	\$2,035	\$2,052	26	100.8%
Intergovernmental Revenues	53.87	66.87	13	124.1%	2,092	2,743	9	131.1%
Total General Revenues	\$217.87	\$234.45	18	107.6%	\$8,463	\$9,620	11	113.7%
Non General Revenues*	\$68	\$60	28	88.3%	\$2,658	\$2,479	17	93.2%
Total Revenues	\$286.31	\$294.87	20	98.9%	\$11,121	\$12,098	11	101.1%

* Insurance trust, utility and liquor store revenues
Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2011 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

General revenues are broken into three major categories: taxes, charges and miscellaneous revenues, and intergovernmental transfers. Of the three, taxes represent the largest share of general revenues. As a share of personal income, total Rhode Island tax collections in FY 2011 were \$117.57 per \$1,000 of personal income, compared to \$111.61 per \$1,000 of personal income nationally. On a per capita basis, total tax collections in Rhode Island of \$4,824 were 11.3 percent higher than the national average of \$4,335. The Ocean State ranked 14th highest in the country when tax collections were measured per \$1,000 of personal income and 13th highest when measured per capita.



In general, property taxes represent the largest share of tax collections, accounting for 33.1 percent of all FY 2011 taxes across the country. In Rhode Island, the property tax accounted for 44.7 percent of total collections in FY 2011, an 11.6 percent greater share of taxes than the national average. General sales, income tax, and other tax collections (excise, corporate income, etc.) account for a smaller share of Rhode Island tax revenues compared to the national average (22.5 percent v. 16.2 percent, 21.3 percent v. 20.0 percent, and 23.1 percent v. 19.0 percent, respectively).

Tax collections per \$1,000 of personal income

Total FY 2011 tax collections across the New England states, as a share of personal income, ranged from 43th highest in the country in New Hampshire to 5th highest in Vermont, though Maine was a close 6th. Rhode Island's collections of \$117.57 per \$1,000 of personal income were 14th highest in the country and 4th highest in the New England region. Of the six New England states, only Massachusetts and New Hampshire had total tax collections below the national average, though Massachusetts' collections of \$109.62 per \$1,000 of personal income were close to the national average of \$111.61. At the same time, with the exception of Vermont and New Hampshire, taxes as a share of personal income have declined across the region and

half of the New England states ranked higher in FY 2011 when compared to the FY 2000 ranking.

Fiscal year 2011 individual income tax collections per \$1,000 of personal income were higher than the national average in three of the six New England states (Connecticut, Maine, and Massachusetts). Rhode Island's individual income tax collections of \$23.52 were on par with national collections of \$23.76. Between FY 2000 and FY 2011, individual income tax collections decreased by 15.1 percent in the Ocean State, compared to a 7.6 percent decrease nationally.

Table 2
How Rhode Island Compares on Selected Tax Measures - FY 2011 and FY 2000

Total State and Local Government Tax Collections Per \$1,000 of Personal Income					Total State and Local Government Individual Income Tax Collections Per \$1,000 of Personal Income				
	2011	Rank	2000	Rank		2011	Rank	2000	Rank
US	\$111.61	-	\$ 105.94	-	US	\$23.76	-	\$25.70	-
CT	\$118.65	13	\$ 114.09	8	CT	\$33.72	7	\$28.97	17
ME	125.68	6	128.84	2	ME	29.50	13	32.55	12
MA	109.62	21	103.89	27	MA	35.47	5	39.07	4
NH	93.74	43	81.59	50	NH	1.47	42	1.64	42
RI	117.57	14	113.98	9	RI	23.52	26	27.69	19
VT	128.67	5	112.93	10	VT	22.78	29	26.01	24
Total State and Local Government Property Tax Collections Per \$1,000 of Personal Income					Total State and Local Government General Sales Tax Collections Per \$1,000 of Personal Income				
	2011	Rank	2000	Rank		2011	Rank	2000	Rank
US	\$36.96	-	\$30.26	-	US	\$25.13	-	\$26.12	-
CT	\$48.11	9	\$39.42	9	CT	\$16.95	41	\$24.93	27
ME	49.84	6	48.32	2	ME	20.97	35	25.62	25
MA	40.64	15	33.02	18	MA	15.05	42	15.41	42
NH	58.54	1	50.47	1	NH	0.00	47	0.00	47
RI	52.61	4	45.41	5	RI	19.08	38	20.74	38
VT	56.38	3	47.10	3	VT	13.73	44	12.97	45

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2011 and FY 2000 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Each New England state relied more heavily on the property tax to support state and local government; all the states, with the exception of Massachusetts, ranked in the top ten in both FY 2000 and FY 2011. Rhode Island's FY 2011 property tax collections of \$52.61 per \$1,000 of personal income were 42.0 percent higher than the national average of \$36.96, while New Hampshire's collections of \$58.54 were over 58 percent higher than the rest of the country with Vermont not far behind (\$56.38). Although the region's property tax collections are generally

higher than the nation as a whole, collections in New England grew at a slower rate than in the rest of the country. In Rhode Island, property taxes as a share of personal income increased by 15.8 percent between FY 2000 and FY 2011, the second slowest growth in the region. New England was led by Massachusetts, where property taxes as a share of personal income increased by 23.1 percent between FY 2000 and FY 2011. Nationally, property tax collections increased by 22.1 percent over the time period.

In contrast to the property tax, general sales tax collections in New England were universally lower than sales tax collections nationally. In FY 2011, none of the New England states ranked in the top half of the country for general sales tax collections as a share of personal income. New Hampshire's general sales tax collections were the lowest of the New England states, due to the absence of a sales tax. Rhode Island's general sales tax collections of \$19.08 per \$1,000 of personal income were 31.7 percent lower than the national average of \$25.13. Over the eleven-year period studied in this analysis, Rhode Island's sales tax collections decreased by 8.0 percent, while taxes nationally and in every New England state excluding New Hampshire also declined.

Tax collections per capita

On a per capita basis, total tax collections in New England ranked in the top half of the country in FY 2011 (New Hampshire ranked in the middle at 25th). Moreover, between FY 2000 and FY 2011, total state and local tax collections per capita grew more than the national average in every New England state except for Maine (Maine's collections grew by 25.9 percent during this time period, which was slightly lower than the national growth of 26.2 percent). Rhode Island's total tax collections of \$4,824 ranked the state 13th highest in the country and 4th highest in the New England, and grew by 28.6 percent between 2000 and FY 2011.

Per capita individual income tax collections were higher than the national average in Connecticut (3rd highest), Maine (14th highest), Massachusetts (4th highest), and Rhode Island (19th highest). Rhode Island's individual income tax collections of \$965, however, were only slightly higher than the national average of \$923. Rhode Island's individual income tax collections grew slower than the other New England states and the rest of the country, with the exception of New Hampshire, between FY 2000 and FY 2011. During this time period Rhode Island's individual income tax collections increased by 15.3 percent, compared to a national average increase of 18.9 percent.

Similar to the per \$1,000 of personal income measure, per capita property taxes across New England were universally higher than the national average; all six states ranked in the top ten in FY 2000 and all but Maine (11th) ranked in the top ten in FY 2011. The national average of \$1,436 in property tax collections for FY 2011 was 50.3 percent less than Rhode Island's collections of \$2,158 per capita (7th highest in the country), and 82.7 percent less than in Connecticut (2nd highest in the country and highest in New England). Over the past ten years, property taxes in the region grew at roughly the same pace as the rest of the country, 57.1 percent, with the exception of Vermont (68.0 percent). In Rhode Island, property tax collections per capita increased by 57.3 percent, the fourth fastest rate of growth in New England.

General sales tax collections per capita were lower than the national average in every New England state in FY 2011. Rhode Island's general sales tax collections of \$783 per capita were 24.7 percent lower than the national average of \$976 per capita, but were the second highest in

the region (behind Connecticut at \$924 per capita). Since FY 2000, general sales tax collections in the Ocean State have increased by 24.9 percent, compared to a national average increase of 23.7 percent. Regionally, general sales tax collections increased the most in Vermont (48.5 percent) and decreased in Connecticut (11.3 percent).

Table 3
How Rhode Island Compares on Selected Tax Measures - FY 2011 and FY 2000

Total State and Local Government Tax Collections Per Capita					Total State and Local Government Individual Income Tax Collections Per Capita				
	2011	Rank	2000	Rank		2011	Rank	2000	Rank
US	\$4,335	-	\$3,199	-	US	\$923	-	\$776	-
CT	\$6,470	5	\$4,769	2	CT	\$1,839	3	\$1,211	5
ME	4,592	16	3,401	13	ME	1,078	14	859	17
MA	5,436	7	3,893	4	MA	1,759	4	1,464	2
NH	4,010	25	2,729	36	NH	63	42	55	42
RI	4,824	13	3,444	12	RI	965	19	837	18
VT	5,050	11	3,159	19	VT	894	25	728	24

Total State and Local Government Property Tax Collections Per Capita					Total State and Local Government General Sales Tax Collections Per Capita				
	2011	Rank	2000	Rank		2011	Rank	2000	Rank
US	\$1,436	-	\$914	-	US	\$976	-	\$789	-
CT	\$2,623	2	\$1,648	3	CT	\$924	25	\$1,042	5
ME	1,821	11	1,276	7	ME	766	36	676	28
MA	2,015	9	1,238	8	MA	746	38	577	40
NH	2,504	3	1,688	2	NH	0	47	0	47
RI	2,158	7	1,372	5	RI	783	34	627	33
VT	2,213	6	1,317	6	VT	539	45	363	45

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2000 and FY 2011 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Other general revenues

General revenues are composed of three additional Census categories: intergovernmental revenues, current charges, and miscellaneous revenues. The extent to which governments rely on these sources of revenue varies across the country, although they account for a smaller share of total revenues than taxes.

Current charges are funds received by governments from the public in exchange for the performance of certain services or commodities (other than liquor stores and utilities). For example, higher education charges including tuition and bookstore receipts, elementary and secondary school lunch and milk sales, toll highways, and publically-operated air and sea transportation facilities are included in this category. Miscellaneous revenue is a “catchall term”

for revenues that do not fit into the taxes, intergovernmental or charges categories, including interest and dividend income, property sales and royalties. The data on Table 4 shows the charges and miscellaneous revenue as well as intergovernmental revenue on a per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita basis for the New England states.

Per \$1,000 of Personal Income								
	Charges and Misc.				Intergovernmental			
	2011	Rank	2000	Rank	2011	Rank	2000	Rank
US	\$52.40	-	\$45.79	-	\$53.87	-	\$35.45	-
CT	\$25.94	50	\$27.58	50	\$37.54	46	\$26.78	43
ME	42.06	44	46.78	45	70.57	10	49.29	10
MA	41.41	46	33.76	28	47.46	40	27.82	41
NH	41.63	45	35.19	49	37.56	45	26.44	45
RI	50.02	32	38.04	31	66.87	13	39.96	21
VT	49.49	35	43.24	40	86.74	5	54.39	9

Per Capita								
	Charges and Misc.				Intergovernmental			
	2011	Rank	2000	Rank	2011	Rank	2000	Rank
US	\$2,035	-	\$1,383	-	\$2,092	-	\$1,071	-
CT	\$1,415	50	\$1,153	31	\$2,047	30	\$1,119	21
ME	1,537	48	1,235	43	2,578	12	1,301	10
MA	2,053	25	1,265	16	2,354	16	1,043	26
NH	1,781	39	1,177	45	1,607	47	884	46
RI	2,052	26	1,149	47	2,743	9	1,207	12
VT	1,942	32	1,210	50	3,404	3	1,521	6

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2000 and FY 2011 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

In general, New England relies less on charges and miscellaneous revenues than other states. In both FY 2000 and FY 2011, all of the New England states ranked in the lower half of the country for revenues generated through charges and miscellaneous revenues on a per \$1,000 of personal income basis. Massachusetts and Rhode Island were the only states in the region where collections were higher than the national average when measured on a per capita basis in FY 2011. Rhode Island's charges and miscellaneous revenue collections of \$50.02 per \$1,000 of personal income ranked the state 32nd highest in FY 2011, the lower than all other New England states, excluding Vermont (35th). When measured on a per capita basis, charges and miscellaneous general revenues generated \$2,052 in Rhode Island in FY 2011, the 26th highest level of collections in the country. Only Massachusetts had higher FY 2011 collections out of the New England states, ranking 25th highest in the country.

Intergovernmental revenues include federal and state grants (e.g. general support, health, and education grants). This category excludes state-to-state payments from intergovernmental transactions and only applies to the local category. In New England, Maine, Rhode Island and Vermont had intergovernmental receipts that were higher than the national average in both FY 2011 and FY 2000 when measured as a share of personal income. On a per capita basis, both Connecticut and New Hampshire had lower levels of intergovernmental revenues when compared to the national average in FY 2011, while Rhode Island’s per capita intergovernmental collections exceeded the national average by \$651. New Hampshire and Massachusetts were the only New England states in FY 2000 in which per capita intergovernmental receipts were lower than the rest of the country.

Other revenues

The Census Bureau categorizes government activity into four sectors: general government (all activities not described by the following three categories), utilities (water, gas and electric power and public mass transit owned and operated by a government or with government oversight); liquor stores (state- or locally-owned and operated by governments); and social

	Per \$1,000 of Personal Income				Per Capita			
	FY 2011	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2000	FY 2011	FY 2010	FY 2009	FY 2000
US	\$68.44	\$55.81	(\$28.47)	\$48.70	\$2,658	\$2,180	(\$1,139)	\$1,471
CT	\$37.59	\$32.75	(\$0.80)	\$19.83	\$2,049	\$1,786	(\$45)	\$829
ME	52.04	30.18	(32.22)	33.69	1,902	1,103	(1,176)	889
MA	52.43	43.91	(13.95)	33.74	2,600	2,177	(704)	1,264
NH	42.71	30.77	(0.32)	29.70	1,827	1,316	(14)	993
RI	60.41	47.60	(40.82)	56.11	2,479	1,953	(1,681)	1,695
VT	45.73	36.03	(9.19)	31.41	1,795	1,414	(361)	879

* Liquor store, utility and insurance trust revenues
Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2011, FY 2010, FY 2009, FY 2000 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

insurance trusts (social insurance operations for which a government maintains accounting trust funds separate from other funds or financial activities of the government; the system must also provide a social purpose including public employee retirement systems, unemployment compensation, state workers’ compensation systems, and disability insurance trusts). Revenues from such activities are subsequently classified separately in the Census fiscal data. Table 5 outlines the amount of other revenues generated by the New England states and the US on average per capita and per \$1,000 of personal income.

Social insurance trusts constitute the largest share of the three “non-general revenue” categories. Due to investment losses in many insurance trust systems across the country in 2008 and 2009, state and local governments saw a significant decline in this category, which had an effect on total revenues for FY 2009. Between FY 2009 and FY 2010, total revenues – general revenues plus other revenues – rebounded in Rhode Island and were 27.2 percent higher than FY 2009. This trend continued in FY 2011. The majority of the fall in FY 2009 was the result of investment losses related to social insurance trusts, but a combination of revenue increases drove the increase in FY 2010, which continued in FY 2011.

New Hampshire experienced the least fluctuation among New England states, with the smallest loss per share of income in “other revenues” in FY 2009. Losses in their insurance trust were

somewhat offset by revenues from state-operated liquor stores. In FY 2010 and FY 2011, national average and other New England states show a recovery to at or above FY 2000 levels per share of income in “other revenues”. Unlike in FY 2009, all New England states experienced positive returns in the social insurance trust category in FY 2010 and FY 2011.

Changes in Revenue between 2007 and 2011

Table 6 outlines changes in revenue collections between FY 2007 and FY 2011 for both the US and Rhode Island, as measured on a per capita basis to outline the impact of the recession on national and state revenue. Revenues for FY 2011 were higher in both the US and Rhode Island compared to the four previous fiscal years. Between FY 2007 and FY 2011, total per capita revenues increased by 8.5 percent nationally and by 14.3 percent in Rhode Island. In Rhode Island, this increase over FY 2007 levels was chiefly driven by increases in property tax revenue collections (16.7 percent increase), and intergovernmental revenues (39.1 percent increase). Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues also increased nationally during this time period, but by smaller percentages (11.9 percent and 34.3 percent, respectively).

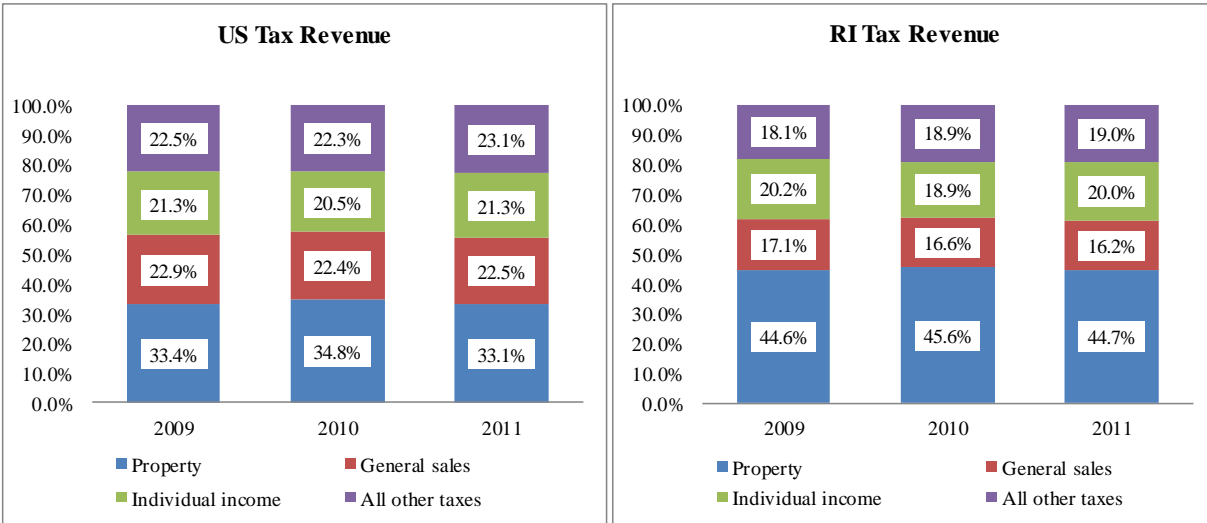
	US Per Capita					RI Per Capita				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Tax Revenues										
Property	\$1,282	\$1,356	\$1,393	\$1,439	\$1,436	\$1,850	\$1,951	\$2,020	\$2,082	\$2,158
Individual Income	968	1,011	889	848	923	1,023	1,032	912	864	965
General Sales	1,002	1,016	956	928	976	825	801	773	758	783
Other Taxes	1,017	1,030	939	921	1,000	812	827	819	864	917
Total State and Local Taxes	\$4,270	\$4,413	\$4,177	\$4,136	\$4,335	\$4,509	\$4,610	\$4,524	\$4,568	\$4,824
Charges and Misc Revenues	\$1,959	\$2,036	\$1,989	\$1,983	\$2,035	\$1,793	\$1,917	\$1,751	\$1,797	\$2,052
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,558	1,585	1,763	2,032	2,092	1,972	1,961	2,337	2,891	2,743
Total General Revenues	\$7,787	\$8,033	\$7,929	\$8,150	\$8,463	\$8,275	\$8,489	\$8,766	\$9,400	\$9,620
Non General Revenues*	\$2,466	\$766	-\$1,139	\$2,180	\$2,658	\$2,308	\$439	-\$1,681	\$1,933	\$2,479
Total Revenues	\$10,253	\$8,800	\$6,790	\$10,330	\$11,121	\$10,583	\$8,927	\$7,085	\$11,353	\$12,098

* Insurance trust, utility, and liquor store revenue
Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2007-2011 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Chart 2 shows taxes as a share of revenue for both the US and Rhode Island. As shown on the chart, property taxes accounted for a smaller share of state and local tax revenue in FY 2011 when compared to FY 2010, and a larger share when compared to FY 2009. The decrease from 2009 is a result of increasing collections in other taxes. As the data on chart 2 indicate, between 2009 and 2011, property taxes in Rhode Island as a share of total tax revenue increased slightly, from 44.6 percent to 44.7 percent. The US share of property taxes as a share of total tax revenue decreased from 33.4 percent to 33.1 percent. In both cases, the majority of the shift was related to increasing income tax collections as a share of total taxes. In FY 2009, individual income tax collections accounted for 20.2 percent of total tax revenues in Rhode Island, compared to 18.9 percent in FY 2010 and 20.0 percent in FY 2011. Nationally, individual income taxes were 21.3

percent of all tax collections in FY 2011, a slight increase from FY 2010 when collections represented 20.5 percent of tax revenues.

Chart 2
Rhode Island and US Tax Revenue by Source - FY 2009, FY 2010 & 2011



Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2009, FY 2010 and FY 2011 data, RIPEC calculations

IV

State and Local Revenue Tables

Table 7
All State and Local Tax Collections
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$111.61	-	\$105.94	-
Alaska	\$239.51	1	\$125.05	3
North Dakota	173.13	2	111.75	12
New York	156.39	3	136.70	1
Wyoming	151.51	4	107.89	17
Vermont	128.67	5	112.93	10
Maine	125.68	6	128.84	2
Minnesota	122.37	7	117.35	7
New Jersey	121.81	8	105.99	20
California	121.29	9	111.02	15
Wisconsin	121.08	10	121.69	4
West Virginia	120.90	11	111.62	13
Hawaii	120.31	12	119.91	6
Connecticut	118.65	13	114.09	8
Rhode Island	117.57	14	113.98	9
Delaware	117.55	15	111.96	11
Illinois	112.94	16	102.80	30
Iowa	111.57	17	104.64	24
Ohio	111.15	18	107.48	18
Pennsylvania	111.01	19	102.00	33
Nebraska	110.84	20	104.26	26
Massachusetts	109.62	21	103.89	27
Michigan	109.04	22	110.28	16
New Mexico	109.03	23	120.03	5
Kansas	108.95	24	102.51	32
Arkansas	107.62	25	101.38	34
Indiana	107.04	26	100.83	36
Nevada	106.86	27	97.00	42
Colorado	105.60	28	95.28	43
Maryland	105.57	29	103.56	28
Kentucky	104.99	30	105.44	22
Oregon	104.66	31	98.67	38
Utah	104.07	32	111.24	14
North Carolina	103.63	33	98.51	39
Mississippi	103.38	34	105.04	23
Montana	103.21	35	104.44	25
Washington	102.15	36	100.25	37
Arizona	101.68	37	102.79	31
Louisiana	101.50	38	105.82	21
Texas	98.13	39	91.57	46
Idaho	97.32	40	106.48	19
Georgia	94.82	41	103.11	29
South Carolina	94.04	42	97.90	40
New Hampshire	93.74	43	81.59	50
Oklahoma	93.70	44	101.30	35
Florida	93.66	45	93.50	45
Virginia	93.15	46	97.72	41
Missouri	91.56	47	94.70	44
Alabama	88.64	48	90.04	47
Tennessee	88.10	49	84.07	49
South Dakota	86.35	50	89.66	48

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 13th in FY 2010

Table 8
All State and Local Tax Collections
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$4,335	-	\$3,199	-
Alaska	\$10,440	1	\$3,732	6
New York	7,407	2	4,774	1
North Dakota	7,281	3	2,790	31
Wyoming	6,749	4	3,137	20
Connecticut	6,470	5	4,769	2
New Jersey	6,104	6	4,032	3
Massachusetts	5,436	7	3,893	4
Maryland	5,095	8	3,537	8
Minnesota	5,093	9	3,805	5
Hawaii	5,075	10	3,460	11
Vermont	5,050	11	3,159	19
California	5,011	12	3,622	7
Rhode Island	4,824	13	3,444	12
Illinois	4,613	14	3,319	14
Delaware	4,601	15	3,475	10
Maine	4,592	16	3,401	13
Wisconsin	4,528	17	3,532	9
Pennsylvania	4,425	18	3,050	22
Nebraska	4,342	19	2,985	25
Colorado	4,337	20	3,258	15
Washington	4,263	21	3,254	16
Iowa	4,205	22	2,820	28
Kansas	4,171	23	2,870	26
Virginia	4,079	24	3,068	21
New Hampshire	4,010	25	2,729	36
Ohio	3,909	26	3,042	23
Nevada	3,865	27	3,219	17
West Virginia	3,833	28	2,414	45
Louisiana	3,698	29	2,490	41
Oregon	3,688	30	2,838	27
Texas	3,663	31	2,606	39
Michigan	3,621	32	3,191	18
New Mexico	3,607	33	2,759	33
Indiana	3,605	34	2,753	35
North Carolina	3,594	35	2,802	29
Montana	3,523	36	2,415	44
Florida	3,520	37	2,775	32
Arkansas	3,443	38	2,337	47
Kentucky	3,374	39	2,568	40
South Dakota	3,323	40	2,367	46
Arizona	3,283	41	2,790	30
Missouri	3,280	42	2,618	38
Oklahoma	3,258	43	2,457	42
Utah	3,253	44	2,758	34
Georgia	3,167	45	2,986	24
Mississippi	3,140	46	2,275	48
Idaho	3,048	47	2,632	37
Tennessee	3,030	48	2,267	49
South Carolina	3,013	49	2,456	43
Alabama	2,947	50	2,155	50

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 13th in FY 2010

Table 9
State and Local Property Tax Collections
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$36.96		\$30.26	-
New Hampshire	\$58.54	1	\$ 50.47	1
New Jersey	58.47	2	46.63	4
Vermont	56.38	3	47.10	3
Rhode Island	52.61	4	45.41	5
Wyoming	50.75	5	36.77	12
Maine	49.84	6	48.32	2
New York	49.08	7	39.66	8
Alaska	49.02	8	41.18	7
Connecticut	48.11	9	39.42	9
Wisconsin	46.47	10	37.33	10
Illinois	45.84	11	37.06	11
Texas	42.80	12	34.75	13
Michigan	40.98	13	33.28	17
Nebraska	40.84	14	32.47	20
Massachusetts	40.64	15	33.02	18
Colorado	40.32	16	26.53	33
Montana	40.25	17	44.48	6
Iowa	38.54	18	33.62	15
Oregon	37.49	19	29.24	27
Minnesota	37.32	20	29.48	24
Florida	37.22	21	31.43	21
Kansas	36.29	22	29.25	26
California	35.04	23	24.26	37
Arizona	33.36	24	30.11	22
Pennsylvania	33.06	25	28.07	28
South Carolina	32.87	26	27.50	31
Ohio	32.41	27	29.96	23
Virginia	32.17	28	27.74	30
Georgia	31.52	29	26.30	34
Nevada	31.50	30	23.94	38
South Dakota	31.38	31	32.67	19
Washington	31.19	32	29.39	25
Maryland	30.63	33	27.23	32
Utah	29.31	34	24.68	35
Indiana	29.19	35	34.21	14
Mississippi	28.40	36	24.38	36
Idaho	28.26	37	28.03	29
Missouri	27.40	38	22.53	39
North Dakota	26.84	39	33.31	16
North Carolina	26.56	40	21.17	41
West Virginia	24.77	41	21.88	40
Hawaii	24.25	42	17.62	44
Tennessee	23.56	43	19.53	42
Kentucky	21.66	44	17.85	43
Louisiana	21.61	45	16.93	45
New Mexico	20.54	46	15.51	49
Arkansas	19.61	47	16.42	46
Delaware	19.23	48	16.35	47
Oklahoma	17.35	49	15.99	48
Alabama	16.53	50	12.82	50

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 4th in FY 2010

Table 10
State and Local Property Tax Collections
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$1,436		\$914	-
New Jersey	\$2,930	1	\$1,774	1
Connecticut	2,623	2	1,648	3
New Hampshire	2,504	3	1,688	2
New York	2,324	4	1,385	4
Wyoming	2,261	5	1,069	12
Vermont	2,213	6	1,317	6
Rhode Island	2,158	7	1,372	5
Alaska	2,137	8	1,229	9
Massachusetts	2,015	9	1,238	8
Illinois	1,872	10	1,196	10
Maine	1,821	11	1,276	7
Wisconsin	1,738	12	1,084	11
Colorado	1,656	13	907	22
Nebraska	1,600	14	930	21
Texas	1,598	15	989	14
Minnesota	1,553	16	956	16
Maryland	1,478	17	930	20
Iowa	1,453	18	906	23
California	1,448	19	792	33
Virginia	1,409	20	871	24
Florida	1,399	21	933	19
Kansas	1,389	22	819	30
Montana	1,374	23	1,029	13
Michigan	1,361	24	963	15
Oregon	1,321	25	841	27
Pennsylvania	1,318	26	839	28
Washington	1,302	27	954	17
South Dakota	1,208	28	863	25
Ohio	1,140	29	848	26
Nevada	1,139	30	794	32
North Dakota	1,129	31	832	29
Arizona	1,077	32	817	31
South Carolina	1,053	33	690	36
Georgia	1,053	34	762	34
Hawaii	1,023	35	508	42
Indiana	983	36	934	18
Missouri	982	37	623	37
North Carolina	921	38	602	39
Utah	916	39	612	38
Idaho	885	40	693	35
Mississippi	862	41	528	40
Tennessee	810	42	527	41
Louisiana	787	43	399	46
West Virginia	785	44	473	44
Delaware	753	45	508	43
Kentucky	696	46	435	45
New Mexico	680	47	357	49
Arkansas	627	48	378	48
Oklahoma	603	49	388	47
Alabama	550	50	307	50

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 7th in FY 2010

Table 11
State and Local General Sales Tax Collections
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$25.13		\$26.12	-
Washington	\$46.44	1	\$47.73	1
Hawaii	45.69	2	44.91	3
Wyoming	43.21	3	33.27	13
New Mexico	42.07	4	46.70	2
Louisiana	40.05	5	42.03	4
Arkansas	39.48	6	37.40	8
Arizona	38.59	7	37.42	7
Tennessee	37.60	8	38.56	6
South Dakota	35.10	9	32.40	14
Nevada	33.87	10	34.33	11
North Dakota	33.19	11	24.11	32
Mississippi	33.12	12	38.91	5
Oklahoma	30.57	13	29.51	17
Kansas	30.44	14	29.76	16
Florida	30.32	15	34.69	10
Texas	29.46	16	30.42	15
Indiana	28.99	17	22.06	36
Michigan	28.62	18	26.86	22
Utah	28.05	19	34.88	9
California	26.26	20	28.15	18
Georgia	26.02	21	33.40	12
New York	25.94	22	25.92	24
Iowa	25.60	23	24.48	28
North Carolina	25.44	24	20.77	37
Alabama	25.38	25	27.43	19
Colorado	25.31	26	27.22	20
Idaho	24.52	27	24.15	31
Nebraska	24.02	28	25.51	26
Ohio	23.40	29	23.33	34
Missouri	23.09	30	27.18	21
Minnesota	21.73	31	24.26	29
South Carolina	21.55	32	26.24	23
Wisconsin	20.98	33	24.24	30
West Virginia	20.98	34	23.46	33
Maine	20.97	35	25.62	25
Kentucky	20.89	36	22.51	35
Pennsylvania	19.08	37	20.13	39
Rhode Island	19.08	38	20.74	38
New Jersey	18.67	39	17.78	41
Illinois	17.24	40	18.58	40
Connecticut	16.95	41	24.93	27
Massachusetts	15.05	42	15.41	42
Maryland	14.17	43	14.15	44
Vermont	13.73	44	12.97	45
Virginia	12.97	45	14.90	43
Alaska	10.98	46	5.78	46
Delaware	-	47	-	47
Montana	-	47	-	47
New Hampshire	-	47	-	47
Oregon	-	47	-	47

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 37th in FY 2010

Table 12
State and Local General Sales Tax Collections
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$976		\$789	-
Washington	\$ 1,937.89	1	\$ 1,549.38	1
Hawaii	1927	2	1296	2
Wyoming	1,925	3	967	10
Louisiana	1,459	4	989	9
North Dakota	1,396	5	602	36
New Mexico	1,392	6	1,073	4
South Dakota	1,351	7	856	18
Tennessee	1,293	8	1,040	6
Arkansas	1,263	9	862	17
Arizona	1,246	10	1,016	8
New York	1,229	11	905	14
Nevada	1,225	12	1,139	3
Kansas	1,165	13	833	20
Florida	1,139	14	1,029	7
Texas	1,100	15	866	15
California	1,085	16	918	13
Oklahoma	1,063	17	716	25
Colorado	1,040	18	931	12
Mississippi	1,006	19	843	19
Indiana	976	20	602	34
Iowa	965	21	660	30
Michigan	951	22	777	22
Nebraska	941	23	730	24
New Jersey	935	24	676	27
Connecticut	924	25	1,042	5
Minnesota	904	26	787	21
North Carolina	882	27	591	39
Utah	877	28	865	16
Georgia	869	29	967	11
Alabama	844	30	656	32
Missouri	827	31	751	23
Ohio	823	32	660	29
Wisconsin	785	33	704	26
Rhode Island	783	34	627	33
Idaho	768	35	597	38
Maine	766	36	676	28
Pennsylvania	761	37	602	35
Massachusetts	746	38	577	40
Illinois	704	39	600	37
South Carolina	691	40	658	31
Maryland	684	41	483	43
Kentucky	671	42	548	41
West Virginia	665	43	508	42
Virginia	568	44	468	44
Vermont	539	45	363	45
Alaska	478	46	173	46
Delaware	-	47	-	47
Montana	-	47	-	47
New Hampshire	-	47	-	47
Oregon	-	47	-	47

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 33rd in FY 2010

Table 13
State and Local Selective Sales Tax Collections
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$13.30		\$11.44	-
Nevada	\$24.71	1	\$25.38	1
West Virginia	24.26	2	23.53	2
Vermont	24.06	3	16.21	8
Hawaii	18.97	4	17.69	5
Kentucky	18.54	5	15.70	10
Minnesota	17.13	6	13.89	15
Alabama	17.12	7	16.43	7
Pennsylvania	16.66	8	10.08	34
Washington	16.63	9	13.71	17
Illinois	16.38	10	15.58	11
Montana	16.29	11	16.94	6
Louisiana	16.18	12	18.49	4
Florida	16.15	13	14.96	12
New Hampshire	15.96	14	13.83	16
Rhode Island	15.28	15	12.81	18
North Dakota	15.11	16	21.03	3
Mississippi	15.09	17	14.49	13
Texas	14.88	18	16.18	9
Delaware	14.61	19	12.72	21
Arkansas	14.49	20	12.72	22
Maine	14.10	21	10.51	30
New York	13.92	22	9.43	40
Wisconsin	13.15	23	10.74	29
Tennessee	13.03	24	10.92	28
Maryland	12.60	25	12.03	24
Indiana	12.57	26	9.45	39
California	12.49	27	8.56	46
Ohio	12.39	28	9.17	42
North Carolina	12.29	29	12.32	23
Utah	12.14	30	11.15	27
New Mexico	11.93	31	14.15	14
Connecticut	11.84	32	11.92	25
South Dakota	11.81	33	12.74	20
Iowa	11.50	34	10.41	32
Michigan	11.21	35	7.85	47
Missouri	11.15	36	11.41	26
Alaska	11.00	37	9.56	37
Virginia	10.93	38	12.77	19
Oregon	10.84	39	9.56	36
South Carolina	10.53	40	9.46	38
Nebraska	10.19	41	9.91	35
Kansas	10.02	42	9.08	43
Oklahoma	9.83	43	10.20	33
Arizona	9.67	44	9.38	41
Idaho	9.39	45	10.43	31
Georgia	9.34	46	7.84	48
Colorado	9.31	47	7.73	49
New Jersey	8.99	48	8.78	44
Massachusetts	7.41	49	6.87	50
Wyoming	6.63	50	8.57	45

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 15th in FY 2010

Table 14
State and Local Selective Sales Tax Collections
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$516		\$345	-
Vermont	\$945	1	\$453	9
Nevada	894	2	842	1
Hawaii	800	3	510	3
West Virginia	769	4	509	4
Minnesota	713	5	450	10
Washington	694	6	445	11
New Hampshire	683	7	462	7
Illinois	669	8	503	5
Pennsylvania	664	9	301	29
New York	659	10	329	24
Connecticut	645	11	498	6
North Dakota	635	12	525	2
Rhode Island	627	13	387	19
Maryland	608	14	411	14
Florida	607	15	444	12
Kentucky	596	16	382	20
Louisiana	589	17	435	13
Delaware	572	18	395	16
Alabama	569	19	393	17
Montana	556	20	392	18
Texas	555	21	460	8
California	516	22	279	35
Maine	515	23	278	36
Wisconsin	492	24	312	28
Alaska	479	25	285	32
Virginia	479	26	401	15
Arkansas	464	27	293	31
Mississippi	458	28	314	27
South Dakota	454	29	336	22
New Jersey	450	30	334	23
Tennessee	448	31	295	30
Ohio	436	32	260	40
Iowa	433	33	280	34
North Carolina	426	34	350	21
Indiana	423	35	258	41
Missouri	399	36	315	26
Nebraska	399	37	284	33
New Mexico	395	38	325	25
Kansas	383	39	254	45
Colorado	382	40	264	39
Oregon	382	41	275	38
Utah	380	42	276	37
Michigan	372	43	227	49
Massachusetts	367	44	258	43
Oklahoma	342	45	247	47
South Carolina	337	46	237	48
Arizona	312	47	255	44
Georgia	312	48	227	50
Wyoming	296	49	249	46
Idaho	294	50	258	42

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 13th in FY 2010

Table 15
State and Local Individual Income Tax Collections
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$23.76		\$25.70	-
New York	\$48.11	1	\$45.07	1
Oregon	40.75	2	42.96	2
Maryland	38.54	3	40.51	3
Delaware	35.49	4	33.13	10
Massachusetts	35.47	5	39.07	4
Minnesota	34.14	6	35.82	8
Connecticut	33.72	7	28.97	17
California	33.08	8	36.59	6
Kentucky	32.47	9	35.74	9
Ohio	32.25	10	35.95	7
Wisconsin	30.40	11	39.05	5
North Carolina	30.34	12	33.13	11
Maine	29.50	13	32.55	12
West Virginia	28.87	14	24.71	32
Indiana	28.68	15	26.30	21
Pennsylvania	27.73	16	25.89	25
Virginia	27.61	17	31.65	13
Utah	26.41	18	31.28	14
Iowa	25.96	19	24.94	31
Kansas	24.96	20	25.06	29
Arkansas	24.56	21	25.00	30
Nebraska	24.46	22	24.61	33
Montana	24.42	23	25.29	27
New Jersey	24.33	24	23.36	34
Idaho	24.15	25	31.21	15
Rhode Island	23.52	26	27.69	19
Georgia	23.33	27	28.22	18
Hawaii	22.83	28	31.12	16
Vermont	22.78	29	26.01	24
Missouri	22.55	30	25.47	26
Colorado	22.00	31	26.22	22
Illinois	21.29	32	19.50	37
Michigan	20.54	33	27.08	20
South Carolina	19.90	34	25.09	28
Oklahoma	18.61	35	26.21	23
Alabama	18.55	36	20.65	36
New Mexico	16.50	37	22.02	35
North Dakota	15.92	38	12.55	41
Mississippi	15.59	39	16.79	39
Louisiana	14.69	40	15.38	40
Arizona	13.45	41	17.67	38
New Hampshire	1.47	42	1.64	42
Tennessee	0.88	43	1.22	43
Alaska	-	44	-	44
Florida	-	44	-	44
Nevada	-	44	-	44
South Dakota	-	44	-	44
Texas	-	44	-	44
Washington	-	44	-	44
Wyoming	-	44	-	44

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 29th in FY 2010

Table 16
State and Local Individual Income Tax Collections
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$923		\$776	-
New York	\$2,278	1	\$1,574	1
Maryland	1,860	2	1,383	3
Connecticut	1,839	3	1,211	5
Massachusetts	1,759	4	1,464	2
Oregon	1,436	5	1,236	4
Minnesota	1,421	6	1,162	7
Delaware	1,389	7	1,028	9
California	1,367	8	1,194	6
New Jersey	1,219	9	889	15
Virginia	1,209	10	994	11
Wisconsin	1,137	11	1,134	8
Ohio	1,134	12	1,017	10
Pennsylvania	1,105	13	774	22
Maine	1,078	14	859	17
North Carolina	1,052	15	942	12
Kentucky	1,043	16	871	16
Iowa	979	17	672	29
Indiana	966	18	718	25
Rhode Island	965	19	837	18
Hawaii	963	20	898	13
Nebraska	958	21	705	26
Kansas	955	22	701	28
West Virginia	915	23	534	35
Colorado	904	24	897	14
Vermont	894	25	728	24
Illinois	869	26	630	31
Montana	833	27	585	33
Utah	825	28	775	21
Missouri	808	29	704	27
Arkansas	786	30	576	34
Georgia	779	31	817	19
Idaho	756	32	771	23
Michigan	682	33	784	20
North Dakota	670	34	313	41
Oklahoma	647	35	636	30
South Carolina	637	36	629	32
Alabama	617	37	494	37
New Mexico	546	38	506	36
Louisiana	535	39	362	40
Mississippi	473	40	364	39
Arizona	434	41	480	38
New Hampshire	63	42	55	42
Tennessee	30	43	33	43
Alaska	-	44	-	44
Florida	-	44	-	44
Nevada	-	44	-	44
South Dakota	-	44	-	44
Texas	-	44	-	44
Washington	-	44	-	44
Wyoming	-	44	-	44

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 19th in FY 2010

Table 17
State and Local Corporate Income Tax Collections,
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$4.05		\$4.38	-
Alaska	\$23.67	1	\$23.72	1
New York	10.99	2	9.52	3
New Hampshire	10.29	3	7.77	5
Delaware	10.01	4	10.27	2
California	6.30	5	6.14	6
Massachusetts	5.91	6	5.64	9
North Dakota	5.91	7	4.94	13
Illinois	5.73	8	5.77	7
West Virginia	5.33	9	5.57	10
New Jersey	5.08	10	4.35	17
Tennessee	4.93	11	4.15	19
Minnesota	4.58	12	5.19	12
Pennsylvania	4.54	13	4.73	15
Kentucky	4.51	14	3.18	28
Maine	4.34	15	4.54	16
Vermont	4.31	16	2.68	33
Arkansas	4.08	17	4.03	22
Wisconsin	4.02	18	3.79	25
Mississippi	3.88	19	3.80	24
Oregon	3.84	20	4.27	18
Montana	3.73	21	4.89	14
Idaho	3.52	22	4.07	20
Connecticut	3.51	23	3.11	30
New Mexico	3.46	24	3.98	23
Rhode Island	3.42	25	2.50	36
North Carolina	3.36	26	5.50	11
Indiana	3.32	27	5.70	8
Utah	2.85	28	3.29	27
Maryland	2.82	29	2.44	37
Oklahoma	2.76	30	2.38	39
Florida	2.68	31	2.64	34
Arizona	2.63	32	4.03	21
Virginia	2.31	33	2.62	35
Kansas	2.28	34	3.67	26
Iowa	2.21	35	2.78	32
Nebraska	2.20	36	2.94	31
Michigan	2.17	37	8.35	4
Georgia	2.04	38	3.16	29
Alabama	1.92	39	2.32	42
Colorado	1.86	40	2.42	38
Missouri	1.81	41	1.76	46
South Carolina	1.48	42	2.33	41
Hawaii	1.24	43	2.20	43
Louisiana	1.20	44	2.16	44
Ohio	0.84	45	1.98	45
South Dakota	0.49	46	2.33	40
Nevada	-	47	-	47
Texas	-	47	-	47
Washington	-	47	-	47
Wyoming	-	47	-	47

* US average includes District of Columbia

Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations

RI Ranked 24th in FY 2010

Table 18
State and Local Corporate Income Tax Collections,
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$157		\$132	-
Alaska	\$1,032	1	\$708	1
New York	520	2	332	2
New Hampshire	440	3	260	4
Delaware	392	4	319	3
Massachusetts	293	5	212	6
California	260	6	200	7
New Jersey	255	7	165	10
North Dakota	248	8	123	15
Illinois	234	9	186	8
Connecticut	191	10	130	14
Minnesota	191	11	168	9
Pennsylvania	181	12	141	13
Tennessee	170	13	112	20
Vermont	169	14	75	37
West Virginia	169	15	121	17
Maine	159	16	120	18
Wisconsin	150	17	110	21
Kentucky	145	18	77	35
Rhode Island	141	19	76	36
Maryland	136	20	83	29
Oregon	135	21	123	16
Arkansas	130	22	93	25
Montana	127	23	113	19
Mississippi	118	24	82	32
North Carolina	116	25	156	11
New Mexico	114	26	92	26
Indiana	112	27	156	12
Idaho	110	28	101	24
Virginia	101	29	82	31
Florida	101	30	78	34
Oklahoma	96	31	58	42
Utah	89	32	82	33
Kansas	87	33	103	23
Nebraska	86	34	84	28
Arizona	85	35	109	22
Iowa	83	36	75	38
Colorado	76	37	83	30
Michigan	72	38	242	5
Georgia	68	39	91	27
Missouri	65	40	49	46
Alabama	64	41	56	44
Hawaii	52	42	63	39
South Carolina	47	43	58	41
Louisiana	44	44	51	45
Ohio	29	45	56	43
South Dakota	19	46	62	40
Nevada	-	47	-	47
Texas	-	47	-	47
Washington	-	47	-	47
Wyoming	-	47	-	47

* US average includes District of Columbia

Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations

RI Ranked 21st in FY 2010

Table 19
Charges and Misc. General Revenues
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$52.40	-	\$45.79	-
Alaska	\$169.71	1	\$287.74	1
Wyoming	105.29	2	83.10	2
South Carolina	88.03	3	59.58	3
Delaware	83.51	4	74.99	12
New Mexico	72.25	5	71.58	9
Alabama	70.93	6	62.26	4
Utah	69.08	7	59.90	8
Mississippi	68.92	8	62.74	11
West Virginia	67.05	9	56.37	6
Oregon	66.12	10	66.30	5
Iowa	65.21	11	53.78	14
North Dakota	63.90	12	64.48	10
Idaho	63.23	13	52.76	13
Louisiana	62.98	14	62.06	21
Kansas	61.38	15	44.31	32
Michigan	61.16	16	51.19	18
Florida	59.69	17	49.52	15
Colorado	59.44	18	46.92	16
North Carolina	59.37	19	48.89	7
Oklahoma	58.87	20	52.37	27
Indiana	58.29	21	50.63	19
Hawaii	57.83	22	49.58	22
Ohio	55.48	23	43.47	26
Kentucky	55.31	24	48.25	23
Montana	55.22	25	69.51	24
Washington	54.64	26	47.44	34
Nebraska	54.63	27	49.00	29
California	54.36	28	46.08	20
Arkansas	52.68	29	47.58	17
Minnesota	51.98	30	51.76	33
Wisconsin	50.25	31	45.71	38
Rhode Island	50.02	32	38.04	31
Georgia	50.01	33	41.54	37
New York	49.86	34	43.72	25
Vermont	49.49	35	43.24	40
Virginia	49.32	36	43.30	44
Tennessee	48.75	37	41.06	39
Texas	48.04	38	43.37	30
Missouri	47.29	39	39.45	41
Pennsylvania	47.28	40	43.32	35
South Dakota	46.34	41	45.75	42
Nevada	44.95	42	42.21	36
Arizona	43.82	43	38.97	43
Maine	42.06	44	46.78	45
New Hampshire	41.63	45	35.19	49
Massachusetts	41.41	46	33.76	28
Illinois	37.94	47	34.15	48
New Jersey	37.68	48	34.81	47
Maryland	34.99	49	34.97	46
Connecticut	25.94	50	27.58	50

* US average includes District of Columbia

Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations

RI Ranked 36th in FY 2010

Table 20
Charges and Misc. General Revenues
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$2,035	-	\$1,383	-
Alaska	\$7,397	1	\$8,587	26
Wyoming	4,690	2	2,416	46
Delaware	3,268	3	2,328	40
South Carolina	2,821	4	1,495	25
North Dakota	2,687	5	1,610	48
Iowa	2,458	6	1,449	30
Colorado	2,441	7	1,604	19
Hawaii	2,439	8	1,431	41
New Mexico	2,390	9	1,646	35
New York	2,362	10	1,527	2
Alabama	2,358	11	1,490	18
Kansas	2,350	12	1,240	33
Oregon	2,330	13	1,907	21
Louisiana	2,295	14	1,460	20
Washington	2,280	15	1,540	13
California	2,246	16	1,503	1
Florida	2,244	17	1,470	4
Minnesota	2,163	18	1,678	15
Virginia	2,160	19	1,359	12
Utah	2,159	20	1,485	34
Nebraska	2,140	21	1,403	38
West Virginia	2,126	22	1,219	39
Mississippi	2,093	23	1,359	32
North Carolina	2,059	24	1,391	10
Massachusetts	2,053	25	1,265	16
Rhode Island	2,052	26	1,149	47
Oklahoma	2,047	27	1,270	29
Michigan	2,031	28	1,481	6
Idaho	1,980	29	1,304	42
Indiana	1,963	30	1,383	14
Ohio	1,951	31	1,230	7
Vermont	1,942	32	1,210	50
New Jersey	1,888	33	1,324	9
Montana	1,885	34	1,607	44
Pennsylvania	1,885	35	1,295	5
Wisconsin	1,879	36	1,327	17
Texas	1,793	37	1,234	3
South Dakota	1,783	38	1,208	49
New Hampshire	1,781	39	1,177	45
Kentucky	1,778	40	1,175	28
Missouri	1,694	41	1,090	24
Maryland	1,689	42	1,194	22
Arkansas	1,686	43	1,096	36
Tennessee	1,677	44	1,107	23
Georgia	1,670	45	1,203	11
Nevada	1,626	46	1,401	37
Illinois	1,550	47	1,103	8
Maine	1,537	48	1,235	43
Arizona	1,415	49	1,058	27
Connecticut	1,415	50	1,153	31

* US average includes District of Columbia

Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations

RI Ranked 27th in FY 2010

Table 21
All State and Local Tax Collections,
Charges and Misc. General Revenues
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$164.01		\$151.72	-
Alaska	\$409.22	1	\$412.78	1
Wyoming	256.80	2	190.99	3
North Dakota	237.03	3	176.23	6
New York	206.25	4	180.42	5
Delaware	201.06	5	186.95	4
West Virginia	187.95	6	167.99	12
South Carolina	182.08	7	157.48	20
New Mexico	181.28	8	191.61	2
Vermont	178.16	9	156.17	22
Hawaii	178.14	10	169.49	10
Iowa	176.79	11	158.42	19
California	175.65	12	157.10	21
Minnesota	174.35	13	169.11	11
Utah	173.15	14	171.14	9
Mississippi	172.29	15	167.78	14
Wisconsin	171.33	16	167.39	15
Oregon	170.78	17	164.97	16
Kansas	170.33	18	146.82	33
Michigan	170.19	19	161.47	17
Maine	167.74	20	175.62	7
Rhode Island	167.59	21	152.02	27
Ohio	166.64	22	150.95	29
Nebraska	165.46	23	153.26	25
Indiana	165.33	24	151.47	28
Colorado	165.04	25	142.20	37
Louisiana	164.49	26	167.88	13
North Carolina	163.00	27	147.39	32
Idaho	160.56	28	159.25	18
Kentucky	160.30	29	153.69	23
Arkansas	160.30	30	148.96	30
Alabama	159.57	31	152.30	26
New Jersey	159.49	32	140.79	41
Montana	158.43	33	173.95	8
Pennsylvania	158.30	34	145.32	34
Washington	156.79	35	147.68	31
Florida	153.35	36	143.02	36
Oklahoma	152.57	37	153.67	24
Nevada	151.82	38	139.21	42
Massachusetts	151.02	39	137.65	44
Illinois	150.88	40	136.95	45
Texas	146.16	41	134.95	47
Arizona	145.50	42	141.76	38
Georgia	144.83	43	144.65	35
Connecticut	144.60	44	141.67	39
Virginia	142.47	45	141.01	40
Maryland	140.56	46	138.54	43
Missouri	138.85	47	134.15	48
Tennessee	136.85	48	125.14	49
New Hampshire	135.38	49	116.79	50
South Dakota	132.68	50	135.41	46

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 26th in FY 2010

Table 22
All State and Local Tax Collections,
Charges and Misc. General Revenues
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$6,370		\$4,582	-
Alaska	\$17,837	1	\$12,319	1
Wyoming	11,439	2	5,554	5
North Dakota	9,968	3	4,400	23
New York	9,768	4	6,301	2
New Jersey	7,992	5	5,357	7
Connecticut	7,884	6	5,922	3
Delaware	7,869	7	5,803	4
Hawaii	7,514	8	4,890	10
Massachusetts	7,489	9	5,159	8
California	7,257	10	5,126	9
Minnesota	7,257	11	5,484	6
Vermont	6,993	12	4,368	25
Rhode Island	6,876	13	4,593	19
Maryland	6,783	14	4,731	15
Colorado	6,778	15	4,863	11
Iowa	6,663	16	4,269	28
Washington	6,543	17	4,794	13
Kansas	6,521	18	4,110	34
Nebraska	6,482	19	4,388	24
Wisconsin	6,407	20	4,859	12
Pennsylvania	6,309	21	4,345	26
Virginia	6,239	22	4,427	20
Illinois	6,162	23	4,422	21
Maine	6,129	24	4,636	17
Oregon	6,019	25	4,745	14
New Mexico	5,998	26	4,405	22
Louisiana	5,993	27	3,951	36
West Virginia	5,959	28	3,633	47
Ohio	5,861	29	4,272	27
South Carolina	5,834	30	3,950	37
New Hampshire	5,791	31	3,907	39
Florida	5,764	32	4,245	29
Michigan	5,652	33	4,672	16
North Carolina	5,652	34	4,193	31
Indiana	5,567	35	4,136	33
Nevada	5,490	36	4,620	18
Texas	5,456	37	3,840	41
Utah	5,412	38	4,242	30
Montana	5,407	39	4,022	35
Alabama	5,306	40	3,644	45
Oklahoma	5,304	41	3,727	43
Mississippi	5,233	42	3,634	46
Kentucky	5,152	43	3,744	42
Arkansas	5,129	44	3,433	49
South Dakota	5,106	45	3,575	48
Idaho	5,028	46	3,936	38
Missouri	4,975	47	3,708	44
Georgia	4,838	48	4,188	32
Tennessee	4,707	49	3,374	50
Arizona	4,698	50	3,848	40

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 14th in FY 2010

Table 23
Social Insurance Trust, Liquor
Store and Utility Revenues
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$68.44		\$48.70	-
California	\$ 114.78	1	\$ 57.34	12
Oregon	113.27	2	80.46	3
Ohio	93.53	3	66.10	9
Nebraska	88.95	4	55.14	14
Alaska	86.20	5	80.23	4
Nevada	84.06	6	38.19	36
New Mexico	82.34	7	75.28	5
Tennessee	81.64	8	59.52	11
New York	78.95	9	70.82	7
Washington	78.56	10	69.27	8
Mississippi	74.07	11	51.40	15
Wisconsin	73.00	12	81.56	2
South Dakota	72.32	13	40.65	30
South Carolina	71.46	14	38.36	33
Arizona	69.07	15	37.89	38
Idaho	68.93	16	48.92	17
Montana	68.92	17	38.53	32
Missouri	68.92	18	37.91	37
North Carolina	68.52	19	43.24	26
Arkansas	68.11	20	38.28	34
Minnesota	67.67	21	50.55	16
Delaware	67.45	22	43.63	24
Wyoming	67.17	23	249.20	1
Kentucky	65.97	24	59.88	10
Georgia	63.88	25	42.66	27
Iowa	61.52	26	26.98	48
Florida	60.70	27	36.87	40
Rhode Island	60.41	28	56.11	13
Illinois	59.81	29	41.56	28
Oklahoma	59.45	30	37.59	39
Utah	58.28	31	70.95	6
Colorado	55.78	32	44.47	21
Hawaii	55.76	33	40.83	29
Pennsylvania	55.10	34	44.42	22
Massachusetts	52.43	35	33.74	43
Louisiana	52.36	36	46.33	19
Maine	52.04	37	33.69	44
West Virginia	51.12	38	43.63	25
North Dakota	47.58	39	36.75	41
New Jersey	46.72	40	34.94	42
Kansas	46.55	41	38.28	35
Texas	45.96	42	44.06	23
Michigan	45.89	43	47.99	18
Vermont	45.73	44	31.41	45
Virginia	45.39	45	40.51	31
Indiana	44.19	46	18.28	50
New Hampshire	42.71	47	29.70	46
Maryland	42.64	48	27.60	47
Alabama	38.86	49	45.09	20
Connecticut	37.59	50	19.83	49

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 26th in FY 2010

Table 24
Social Insurance Trust, Liquor
Store and Utility Revenues
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$2,658		\$1,471	-
California	\$ 4,742	1	\$1,871	7
Oregon	3,992	2	2,314	5
Alaska	3,758	3	2,394	3
New York	3,739	4	2,473	2
Nebraska	3,485	5	1,579	14
Ohio	3,290	6	1,871	8
Washington	3,279	7	2,249	6
Nevada	3,040	8	1,268	23
Wyoming	2,992	9	7,247	1
Minnesota	2,816	10	1,639	12
Tennessee	2,808	11	1,605	13
South Dakota	2,783	12	1,073	34
Wisconsin	2,730	13	2,368	4
New Mexico	2,724	14	1,730	10
Delaware	2,640	15	1,354	18
Massachusetts	2,600	16	1,264	24
Rhode Island	2,479	17	1,695	11
Missouri	2,469	18	1,048	36
Illinois	2,443	19	1,342	19
North Carolina	2,376	20	1,230	27
Montana	2,352	21	891	44
Hawaii	2,352	22	1,178	29
New Jersey	2,341	23	1,330	20
Iowa	2,319	24	727	49
Colorado	2,291	25	1,521	15
South Carolina	2,290	26	962	39
Florida	2,282	27	1,094	31
Mississippi	2,250	28	1,113	30
Arizona	2,230	29	1,029	37
Pennsylvania	2,196	30	1,328	21
Arkansas	2,179	31	882	46
Idaho	2,159	32	1,209	28
Georgia	2,134	33	1,235	26
Kentucky	2,120	34	1,459	16
Oklahoma	2,067	35	912	43
Maryland	2,058	36	942	41
Connecticut	2,049	37	829	48
North Dakota	2,001	38	918	42
Virginia	1,988	39	1,272	22
Louisiana	1,907	40	1,090	32
Maine	1,902	41	889	45
New Hampshire	1,827	42	993	38
Utah	1,821	43	1,759	9
Vermont	1,795	44	879	47
Kansas	1,782	45	1,072	35
Texas	1,716	46	1,254	25
West Virginia	1,621	47	944	40
Michigan	1,524	48	1,389	17
Indiana	1,488	49	499	50
Alabama	1,292	50	1,079	33

* US average includes District of Columbia
Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis,
RIPEC calculations
RI Ranked 17th in FY 2010

Table 25
State Population
(in thousands)
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	308,745,538	-	272,691	-
California	36,961,664	1	33,145	1
Texas	24,782,302	2	20,044	2
New York	19,541,453	3	18,197	3
Florida	18,537,969	4	15,111	4
Illinois	12,910,409	5	12,128	5
Pennsylvania	12,604,767	6	11,994	6
Ohio	11,542,645	7	11,257	7
Michigan	9,969,727	8	9,864	8
Georgia	9,829,211	10	7,788	10
North Carolina	9,380,884	11	7,651	11
New Jersey	8,707,739	9	8,143	9
Virginia	7,882,590	12	6,873	12
Washington	6,664,195	15	5,756	15
Arizona	6,595,778	20	4,778	20
Massachusetts	6,593,587	13	6,175	13
Indiana	6,423,113	14	5,943	14
Tennessee	6,296,254	16	5,484	16
Missouri	5,987,580	17	5,468	17
Maryland	5,699,478	19	5,172	19
Wisconsin	5,654,774	18	5,250	18
Minnesota	5,266,214	21	4,776	21
Colorado	5,024,748	24	4,056	24
Alabama	4,708,708	23	4,370	23
South Carolina	4,561,242	26	3,886	26
Louisiana	4,492,076	22	4,372	22
Kentucky	4,314,113	25	3,961	25
Oregon	3,825,657	28	3,316	28
Oklahoma	3,687,050	27	3,358	27
Connecticut	3,518,288	29	3,282	29
Iowa	3,007,856	30	2,869	30
Mississippi	2,951,996	31	2,769	31
Arkansas	2,889,450	33	2,551	33
Kansas	2,818,747	32	2,654	32
Utah	2,784,572	34	2,130	34
Nevada	2,643,085	35	1,809	35
New Mexico	2,009,671	37	1,740	37
West Virginia	1,819,777	36	1,807	36
Nebraska	1,796,619	38	1,666	38
Idaho	1,545,801	40	1,252	40
New Hampshire	1,324,575	41	1,201	41
Maine	1,318,301	39	1,253	39
Hawaii	1,295,178	42	1,185	42
Rhode Island	1,053,209	43	991	43
Montana	974,989	44	883	44
Delaware	885,122	45	754	45
South Dakota	812,383	46	733	46
Alaska	698,473	48	620	48
North Dakota	646,844	47	634	47
Vermont	621,760	49	594	49
Wyoming	544,270	50	480	50

* US average includes District of Columbia

**Rhode Island Ranked 43rd in FY 2010

Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations

Table 26
Personal Income
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2000

	FY 2011		FY 2000	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$11,121	-	\$30,197	-
Alaska	\$ 26,406	1	\$ 29,843	17
Wyoming	18,756	2	29,079	19
New York	16,568	3	34,922	4
North Dakota	14,911	4	24,969	39
California	14,052	5	32,628	9
Delaware	12,655	6	31,040	14
Massachusetts	12,443	7	37,477	3
Hawaii	12,322	8	28,854	23
Oregon	12,298	9	28,764	24
Vermont	12,192	10	27,972	30
Rhode Island	12,098	11	30,216	15
New Jersey	12,084	12	38,047	2
Minnesota	12,082	13	32,428	11
New Mexico	12,078	14	22,988	48
Nebraska	12,052	15	28,631	25
Connecticut	11,981	16	41,797	1
Washington	11,680	17	32,464	10
Iowa	11,484	18	26,946	35
Ohio	11,406	19	28,298	28
Wisconsin	11,087	20	29,028	20
Maryland	11,026	21	34,149	6
Louisiana	10,939	22	23,532	45
Pennsylvania	10,655	23	29,900	16
Mississippi	10,641	24	21,661	49
Maine	10,609	25	26,400	37
Colorado	10,551	26	34,196	5
Montana	10,497	27	23,122	46
South Dakota	10,418	28	26,404	36
Illinois	10,350	29	32,288	12
West Virginia	10,297	30	21,629	50
Kansas	10,133	31	27,995	29
South Carolina	10,036	32	25,085	38
North Carolina	9,946	33	28,448	27
Nevada	9,804	34	33,189	8
Florida	9,773	35	29,680	18
Virginia	9,686	36	31,392	13
Arkansas	9,635	37	23,047	47
Oklahoma	9,595	38	24,256	43
Tennessee	9,581	39	26,965	34
Missouri	9,536	40	27,640	31
Kentucky	9,454	41	24,357	42
Michigan	9,369	42	28,935	22
New Hampshire	9,224	43	33,451	7
Idaho	9,119	44	24,716	41
Texas	9,058	45	28,454	26
Utah	9,045	46	24,789	40
Arizona	8,903	47	27,146	33
Indiana	8,852	48	27,307	32
Georgia	8,656	49	28,955	21
Alabama	8,635	50	23,928	44

* US average includes District of Columbia

**Rhode Island Ranked 16th in FY 2010

Source: US Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Economic Analysis, RIPEC calculations