

How Rhode Island Expenditures Compare

2014 Edition



RIPEC

I. Introduction

Uniform and dependable information is needed to accurately compare expenditures at the state and local levels of government. RIPEC utilizes a credible and commonly used source of comparative state and local expenditure data, *Government Finances*, compiled by the United States Census Bureau. The analysis presented in this report is based on the United States Census Bureau, State and Local Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Census Bureau population figures and personal income data from the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis.

RIPEC's report, *How Rhode Island Compares – State and Local Expenditures, 2014 Edition* provides details on state and local government expenditures for FY 2012, the latest year for which national data are available. The publication compares Rhode Island's expenditures with those of the other 49 states and the United States national average.

A comparison of Rhode Island's actual expenditures to other states would provide little, if any, useful information given the vast differences in land area, population and personal wealth. To provide a common basis for comparison, expenditures are shown on both a "Per Capita" and "Per \$1,000 of Personal Income" basis. This provides two types of common denominators that account for differences due to the population of a state (per capita measurement) and the personal income level of the state (per \$1,000 of personal income).

Per capita refers to the amount of state and local expenditures divided by the number of residents in the state. Measuring expenditures on a per capita basis shows the level of government spending for a particular service for each resident in a state. However, this measure does not reflect the ability to pay for services or the demographic characteristics of a state. Per \$1,000 of personal income refers to the amount of state and local expenditures expended per every \$1,000 of personal income generated by the state's residents. Measuring spending against personal income provides some measure of a state's residents' ability to pay, although inequality between communities prevents us from drawing broad conclusions about this ability at a local level.

One should note that there are other measures to benchmark expenditures as well. For example, education expenditures can be measured on a per pupil basis or social welfare expenditures can be measured by the caseloads served. All of these measurements have their strengths and weaknesses. Therefore, several gauges should be considered in analyzing a state's expenditure trends. Nevertheless, RIPEC believes that reporting and analyzing relative expenditure trends per capita, per \$1,000 of personal income, and as a percent of total expenditures provides a benchmark to assess a state's expenditure choices.

How Rhode Island Compares – State and Local Expenditures, 2014 Edition contains three sections in addition to this Introduction:

- Section II: Highlights includes a bulleted summary of key findings;
- Section III: Expenditure Analysis examines direct general expenditures on a per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita basis and includes descriptions of the Census definitions; and
- Section IV: State and Local Government Expenditures contains 46 tables of expenditure data for fiscal years 2002 and 2012 on a per \$1,000 of personal income and a per capita basis.

II. Highlights

Overview

- Direct general expenditures (direct expenditures excluding utility, liquor store and insurance trust spending) account for the vast majority of government spending. In FY 2012, state and local direct general expenditures in Rhode Island were \$195.08 per \$1,000 of personal income, 1.8 percent greater than the rate of \$191.63 per \$1,000 of personal income nationally. Per capita expenditures were \$8,844 in Rhode Island, or 6.5 percent higher than the national average of \$8,304 per capita.
- Education-related spending (including education and libraries) accounted for the largest share of direct general expenditures at both the state and national level, followed by social services and income maintenance expenditures. Together, education-related spending and library costs accounted for approximately one third of all direct general expenditures (in Rhode Island and nationally) in FY 2012.
- Increases in spending for elementary and secondary education, and vendor payments accounted for the largest shares of the increase in spending between FY 2002 and FY 2012, both in Rhode Island and nationally. Over this time period, elementary and secondary education spending accounted for 24.4 percent of Rhode Island's overall change in direct general expenditures (18.0 percent nationally), while vendor payments accounted for 35.4 percent of Rhode Island's overall change in direct general expenditures (22.5 percent nationally).
- Between FY 2011 and FY 2012, direct general state and local expenditures in Rhode Island increased by 0.7 percent, compared to a 0.2 percent increase nationally. Total expenditures, including utility, liquor store, insurance trust and intergovernmental expenditures, decreased by 0.2 percent in Rhode Island and by 0.3 percent across the US as a whole.
- All categories of direct general expenditures, with the exception of social services & income maintenance, transportation, and public safety increased between FY 2011 and FY 2012 in the Ocean State. Utility and liquor store expenditures dropped significantly between FY 2011 and FY 2012 in Rhode Island, declining by 17.7 percent compared to a 0.1 percent decrease nationally.

Education

- Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, total spending for educational services and libraries increased from \$64.82 per \$1,000 of personal income to \$66.55 per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island, an increase of 2.7 percent. When education-related spending is measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island's total spending of \$3,017 ranked the Ocean State 14th highest in the country in FY 2012.
- In general, New England devotes fewer state and local resources to higher education than the rest of the country. In FY 2012, Rhode Island spent \$14.17 per \$1,000 of personal income on higher education, ranking the state 44th highest in the country. On a per capita basis, the state ranked 45th highest in the country, spending \$642 per capita.
- Elementary and secondary education spending accounted for a greater share of total education spending in Rhode Island when compared to the national average in FY 2012 (69.2 percent in Rhode Island compared to 64.2 percent nationally).

- In FY 2002, Rhode Island's spending of \$46.29 per \$1,000 of personal income on elementary and secondary education ranked 22nd highest, compared to FY 2012, when the state ranked 13th highest with spending of \$46.07 per \$1,000 of personal income. Per capita, expenditures of \$2,088 on elementary and secondary education in FY 2012, ranked the state 8th highest.

Social Services and Income Maintenance

- In FY 2012, Rhode Island's total expenditures of \$53.03 per \$1,000 of personal income for social service and income maintenance ranked the state 29th highest in the United States. On a per capita basis, Rhode Island's FY 2012 social services and income maintenance expenditures of \$2,404 ranked the state 20th highest in the country.
- The largest share of spending in this category is for public welfare, which accounted for 66.4 percent of total social services and income maintenance expenditures nationally, and for 89.3 percent of related expenditures in Rhode Island in FY 2012.
- Cash assistance payments represent the smallest proportion of public welfare expenditures, and have declined nationally and in every state in New England between FY 2002 and FY 2012 on a per \$1,000 of personal income basis.
- In FY 2012, vendor payments represent the largest proportion of public welfare expenditures, and have increased dramatically in both Rhode Island and the country in the past decade.
- Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, vendor payments per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island have increased from \$34.35 to \$43.39 (both 6th highest nationally). FY 2012 vendor payments of \$1,967 per capita in Rhode Island were 58.1 percent higher than the national average and were the sixth highest in the country.

Transportation

- In FY 2012, Rhode Island's highway expenditures of \$9.23 per \$1,000 of personal income ranked the state 45th in the country and represented a 5.2 percent decline in spending from FY 2002 when the state spent \$9.74 per \$1,000 of personal income. The Ocean State's FY 2012 per capita highway expenditures of \$418 per capita were 17.9 percent lower than the national average and ranked the state 42nd in the country.
- Rhode Island's spending in other transportation categories (parking, air transport and sea and inland port facilities) in FY 2012 represented a decrease of 25.5 percent below FY 2002 expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income. Per capita expenditures in this category increased by 5.8 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012, from \$52 per capita (26th highest in the country) to \$55 per capita (34th highest in the country). Air transportation funding represented 91.8 percent of Rhode Island's FY 2012 other transportation funding.

Public Safety

- Police protection expenditures in FY 2012 were \$7.44 per \$1,000 of personal income (15th highest). FY 2012 police protection expenditures were \$337 per capita (11th highest).
- On both per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita bases, Rhode Island's fire safety expenditures were the highest in the country in FY 2002 and FY 2012. In FY 2012, the state spent \$6.05 per \$1,000 of personal income and \$274 per capita on fire safety.
- Spending relating to corrections in FY 2012 was \$4.18 per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island, 22.3 percent lower than the national average of \$5.38. The state spent \$190 per capita (31st highest in the country) on corrections.

Environment and Housing

- In FY 2012, Rhode Island spent less on natural resources, parks and recreation compared to the rest of the country when these expenditures were measured as a share of personal income or per capita, ranking 47th highest nationally on both measurements.
- Rhode Island ranked in the bottom half of the country for spending on sewerage and solid waste management in FY 2012 on personal income and per capita bases. The state spent \$4.61 per \$1,000 of personal income (36th highest) and \$209 per capita (27th highest) in FY 2012 on this category.
- Rhode Island's expenditures for housing and community development were \$4.67 per \$1,000 of personal income and \$212 per capita in FY 2012, ranking 9th and 10th in the country, respectively.

Government Administration and Interest on General Debt

- In FY 2012, Rhode Island's government administration expenditures totaled \$10.56 per \$1,000 of personal income (16th highest). When government administration expenditures are measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island's FY 2012 expenditures of \$479 per capita were 11th highest in the country.
- In FY 2012, Rhode Island's interest on general debt ranked the highest in the country on both measurements (per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita). As a share of personal income, Rhode Island's interest on general debt expenditures increased by 37.9 percent from FY 2002 to FY 2012. Per capita, the state's interest on general debt expenditures increased by 94.8 percent over the decade.

Total Direct Expenditures

- In addition to expenditures to support general government activities, the Census reports expenditures for state or local government-owned or operated utilities and liquor stores, as well as social insurance trusts. In FY 2012, Rhode Island's total direct expenditures for these three categories were \$239.92 per \$1,000 of personal income (20th highest in the country), and \$10,877 per capita (12th highest in the country).
- Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, direct general expenditures (spending relating to general government activity) decreased by 1.8 percent in Rhode Island, from \$198.57 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$195.08 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012. On a per capita basis, direct general expenditures grew 38.7 percent, from \$6,376 in FY 2002 to \$8,844 in FY 2012.
- Utility and liquor store expenditures in Rhode Island were \$7.24 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012 while per capita spending on utilities and liquor stores was \$328. Both placed the state among the ten lowest spending states in these categories.
- Fiscal year 2012 insurance trust expenditures in Rhode Island were \$37.60 per \$1,000 of personal income (2nd highest). Per capita insurance trust expenditures were \$1,705 in FY 2012 (4th highest).

III. Expenditure Analysis

Overview

This report provides an overview on how Rhode Island's per \$1,000 of personal income and per capita expenditures compare to New England and to the United States as a whole for selected expenditure categories. The Census Bureau categorizes expenditures by function – that is, by the purpose for which a government spends its money and the service provided by the government. Total expenditures include spending from the four major functions into which the Census classifies government spending:

- General government (all activities not described by the following three categories);
- Utilities (water, gas and electric power and public mass transit owned and operated by a government or with government oversight);
- Liquor stores (state- or locally-owned and operated by governments); and
- Social insurance trusts (social insurance operations for which a government maintains accounting trust funds separate from other funds or financial activities of the government which provides a social purpose, e.g., public employee retirement systems, unemployment compensation, state workers' compensation systems, and disability insurance trusts).

In addition, the Census differentiates between direct general expenditures (all final expenditures for current operations, interest on debt, assistance and subsidies, and capital outlay) and intergovernmental expenditures. Intergovernmental expenditures are defined as amounts paid to other governments for the performance of a specific function or for general financial support.

Table 1
State and Local Expenditures Per \$1,000 of Personal Income and Per Capita
How Rhode Island Compares to the United States Average - FY 2012

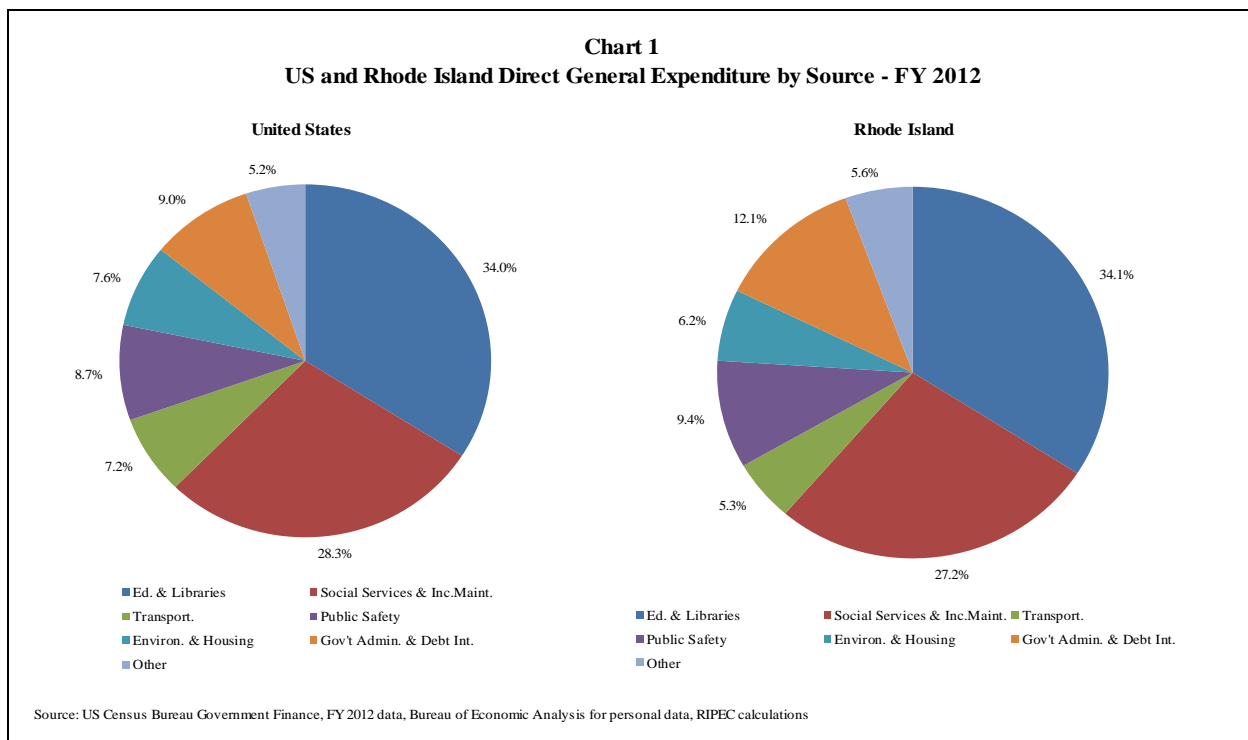
	Per \$1,000 of Personal Income				Per Capita			
	US	RI	Rank	% of US	US	RI	Rank	% of US
Direct General Expenditures								
Education & Libraries	\$65.23	\$66.55	26	102.0%	\$2,826	\$3,017	14	106.7%
Social Services & Income Maintenance	54.19	53.03	29	97.9%	2,348	2,404	20	102.4%
Transportation	13.87	10.43	46	75.2%	601	473	43	78.7%
Public Safety	16.70	18.29	11	109.5%	724	829	7	114.5%
Environment & Housing	14.48	12.17	39	84.1%	627	552	32	87.9%
Gov't Admin. & Interest on Gen. Debt	17.26	23.70	2	137.3%	748	1,074	3	143.6%
Other	9.89	10.91	14	110.2%	429	494	15	115.3%
<i>Total Direct General Expenditures</i>	<i>\$191.63</i>	<i>\$195.08</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>101.8%</i>	<i>\$8,304</i>	<i>\$8,844</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>106.5%</i>
Other Direct Expenditures								
Utility & Liquor Store	\$15.83	\$7.24	43	45.7%	\$686	\$328	45	47.9%
Insurance Trust	\$25.66	\$37.60	2	146.5%	\$1,112	\$1,705	4	153.3%
<i>Total Direct Expenditures</i>	<i>\$233.12</i>	<i>\$239.92</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>102.9%</i>	<i>\$10,102</i>	<i>\$10,877</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>107.7%</i>
Intergovernmental Expenditures	\$0.31	\$0.39	5	126.5%	\$13	\$18	5	132.3%
Total Expenditures	\$233.43	\$240.31	20	102.9%	\$10,115	\$10,894	13	107.7%

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

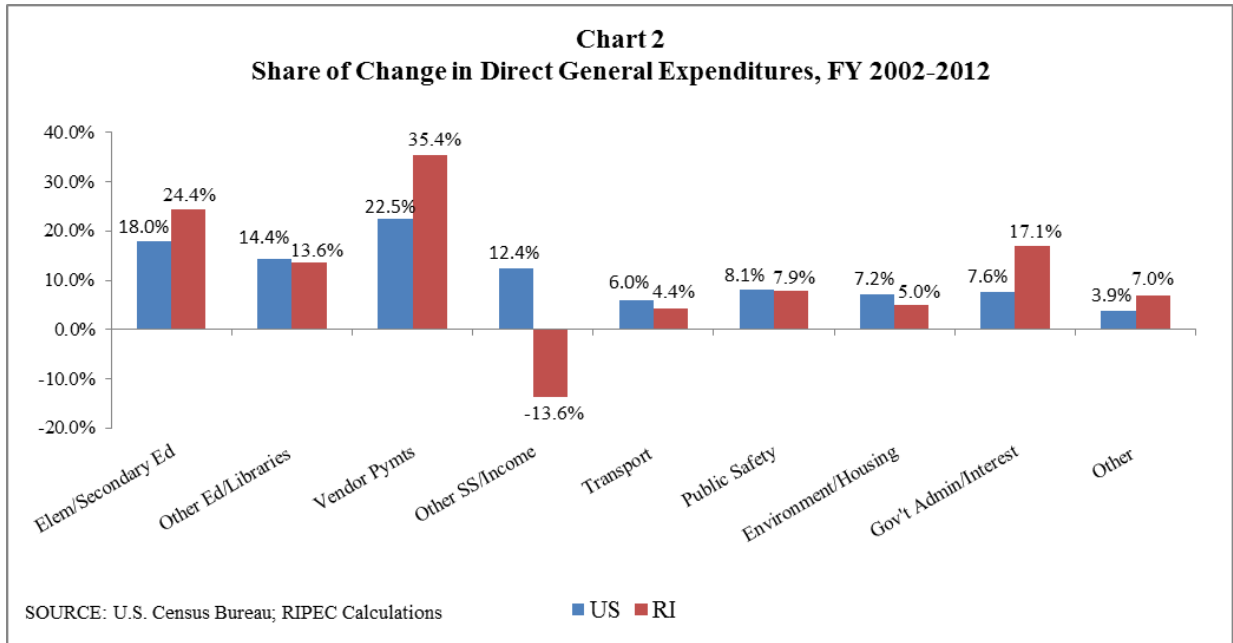
As shown in Table 1, total expenditures (direct expenditures and intergovernmental expenditures) for FY 2012 in Rhode Island of \$240.31 per \$1,000 of personal income were 2.9 percent higher than the national average and 20th highest in the country. When total expenditures were measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island’s state and local government expenditures totaled \$10,894 – 13th highest in the country. Nationally, per capita spending totaled \$10,115 in FY 2012.

Direct general expenditures (direct expenditures excluding utility, liquor store and insurance trust spending) account for the vast majority of government spending. In FY 2012, state and local direct general expenditures in Rhode Island were \$195.08 per \$1,000 of personal income, compared to \$191.63 per \$1,000 of personal income nationally. Per capita expenditures were \$8,844 in Rhode Island, or 6.5 percent higher than the national average of \$8,304 per capita.

Within direct general expenditures are seven broad categories: education and libraries, social services and income maintenance, transportation, public safety, environment and housing, government administration and interest on general debt, and other. Chart 1 shows the allocation of FY 2012 direct general expenditures across these seven categories for both the United States average and for Rhode Island.



Spending on education and libraries accounted for the largest share of direct general expenditures at both the state and national level, followed by social services and income maintenance expenditures. Together, these two categories accounted for roughly 60 percent of all state and local spending (in Rhode Island and nationally) in FY 2012. As shown in the chart, Rhode Island allocated slightly less of its spending to social services and income maintenance, transportation, and environment and housing than the nation, while spending a slightly greater share on education and libraries, public safety, government administration and interest, and other services.



Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, total (unadjusted) United States state and local direct general expenditures increased by 49.5 percent (\$0.9 trillion), to \$2.6 trillion. In Rhode Island, state and local direct general expenditures were \$9.3 billion in FY 2012. This was an increase of \$2.5 billion, or 37.5 percent over the decade. Increases in spending for vendor payments – predominantly Medicaid-related expenditures – and elementary and secondary education, accounted for the largest shares of the increase, both nationally and in Rhode Island.

Chart 2 shows the share of change in direct general expenditure by category between FY 2002 and FY 2012, for both the United States and Rhode Island. As shown in the chart, vendor payments accounted for over one-third of the total growth in Rhode Island expenditures over the decade compared to 22.5 percent nationally. Elementary and secondary education also accounted for a larger share of growth in spending in Rhode Island compared to the rest of the country (24.4 percent v. 18.0 percent). Together, these two categories accounted for roughly 60 cents of every dollar increase in direct general expenditures in Rhode Island, compared to 40 cents of every additional dollar nationally.

In addition to the growth in spending for elementary and secondary education and vendor payments, Rhode Island expenditures on government administration and interest on general debt, and “other” expenditures also accounted for a higher share of expenditure growth in Rhode Island compared to the US average. Conversely, spending on other education and libraries, other social service and income maintenance, transportation, public safety, and environment and housing accounted for a larger share of the overall growth in national state and local expenditures over the past ten years than in Rhode Island. Notably, spending for other social security and income maintenance (excluding vendor payments) represented 12.4 percent of the increase in spending nationally over the past decade while decreasing in Rhode Island.

Between FY 2011 and FY 2012, direct general state and local expenditures in Rhode Island increased by 0.7 percent compared to a 0.2 percent increase nationally. Subcategories of direct general expenditures that experienced the largest percentage increases in Rhode Island during this period were sea and inland port facilities (96.8 percent), parks and recreation (70.9 percent),

natural resources (48.4 percent), and social insurance administration (33.6 percent). Alternatively, subcategories of direct general expenditures that experienced the largest declines in spending (as a percentage of the prior year), were air transportation (75.8 percent decrease), other public welfare (26.3 percent decrease), sewerage (13.3 percent decrease), and libraries (7.9 percent decrease).

Intergovernmental spending (payments to state and local governments by the federal government – in Rhode Island, these expenditures are almost exclusively under the category “federal categorical assistance programs”) decreased by 11.4 percent in Rhode Island and by 3.2 percent nationally from FY 2011 to FY 2012. Total direct expenditures, including utility, liquor store, insurance trust and intergovernmental expenditures, decreased by 0.2 percent in Rhode Island, and by 0.3 percent across the US as a whole during the same time period.

Other notable changes in expenditures include:

- Transportation spending in Rhode Island decreased between FY 2011 and FY 2012 by 12.4 percent overall, driven by a 75.8 percent decrease in airport-related expenditures.
- Spending on public safety in Rhode Island decreased by 8.0 million (0.9 percent) from FY 2011 to FY 2012. Expenditures for police, fire protection, and protective inspection and regulation decreased by 0.6, 2.2, and 5.4 percent, respectively, though spending on corrections increased by 1.1 percent.
- Spending on social services and income maintenance in the state decreased by 2.7 percent, or \$68.9 million between FY 2011 and FY 2012. This decrease was led by declines of spending on other public welfare of 26.3 percent, health of 4.5 percent, and veterans’ services of 0.5 percent, which offsets spending increases in social insurance administration (33.6 percent increase). Of note, national spending in social services increased by 0.4 percent (\$3 billion) between FY 2011 and FY 2012. National hospitals spending increased by 5.1 percent over this time period (\$7.6 billion) compared to an increase of 18.9 percent (11.1 million) in Rhode Island.
- Public welfare, which includes cash assistance and vendor payments, and is included under the “social services and income maintenance” category, increased by 35.3 percent (587.9 million) in Rhode Island and 72.7 percent (204.4 billion) in the United States from FY 2002 to FY 2012.
- Cash assistance payments in Rhode Island rose by 2.5 percent (\$ 0.9 million), while vendor payments fell by 1.2 percent (24.9 million) between FY 2011 and FY 2012.
- Environment and housing-related expenditures increased between FY 2011 and FY 2012 in the Ocean State (\$37.2 million, 6.9 percent). Increases in expenditures for parks and recreation, natural resources, and solid waste management offset a decrease in spending for housing and community development and sewerage.
- Education and library spending increased by \$80.4million (2.6 percent) between FY 2011 and FY 2012 in Rhode Island. Nationally, spending in this category increased by 0.9 percent.
- Within education and library spending, spending for elementary and secondary education increased nationally between FY 2011 and FY 2012 by \$540.9 million, or 0.1 percent, and

decreased in Rhode Island by 0.3 percent (7.4 million). However, higher education in the state rose, increasing by 9.6 percent, or \$59.0 million.

- Spending on government administration and interest on general debt in Rhode Island rose by 78.3 million (7.5 percent) between FY 2011 and FY 2012. The increase was predominantly related to increase in the interest on general debt (76.1 million, 13.8 percent).
- Social insurance trust spending decreased between FY 2011 and FY 2012 in Rhode Island by 0.3 percent (4.5 million). This reduction in expenditures was driven by a 15.5 percent decline in workers' compensation spending, a 14.1 percent decline in unemployment compensation spending, and a 0.3 percent decrease in other insurance trust expenditures. These declines were partially offset by increases in employee retirement, which experienced an 8.5 percent increase in Rhode Island.
- Nationally, insurance trust expenditures fell by 4.1 percent between FY 2011 and FY 2012. Decreases in unemployment compensation (21.6 percent decrease), workers' compensation (5.6 percent decrease), and other insurance trust (0.9 percent decrease) were offset in part by a 5.5 percent increase in employee retirement spending.

Table 2
State and Local Expenditures US and RI, FY 2011 - FY 2012

	US (\$ billions)			RI (\$ millions)		
	2011	2012	Change	2011	2012	Change
Direct General Expenditures						
Education & Libraries	\$872.7	\$880.6	0.9%	\$3,089.3	\$3,169.7	2.6%
Social Services & Income Maintenance	728.7	731.7	0.4%	2,594.9	2526.0	-2.7%
Transportation	182.5	187.3	2.6%	567.5	496.9	-12.4%
Public Safety	225.6	225.5	0.0%	879.0	871.0	-0.9%
Environment & Housing	202.6	195.5	-3.5%	542.6	579.8	6.9%
Gov't Admin. & Interest on Gen. Debt	233.2	233.0	-0.1%	1,050.5	1128.8	7.5%
Other	137.8	133.6	-3.0%	506.3	519.4	2.6%
<i>Total Direct General Expenditures</i>	<i>\$2,583.1</i>	<i>\$2,587.3</i>	<i>0.2%</i>	<i>\$9,230.1</i>	<i>\$9,291.6</i>	<i>0.7%</i>
Other Direct Expenditures						
Utility & Liquor Store	\$213.8	\$213.7	-0.1%	\$419.3	\$344.9	-17.7%
Insurance Trust	361.4	346.5	-4.1%	1,795.5	1791.0	-0.3%
<i>Total Direct Expenditures</i>	<i>\$3,158.3</i>	<i>\$3,147.5</i>	<i>-0.3%</i>	<i>\$11,444.8</i>	<i>\$11,427.4</i>	<i>-0.2%</i>
Intergovernmental Expenditures	\$4.3	4.2	-3.2%	\$20.9	18.5	-11.4%
Total Expenditures	\$3,162.6	\$3,151.7	-0.3%	\$11,465.8	\$11,446.0	-0.2%

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2011 and FY 2012 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Education

Spending on education services, including higher education, elementary and secondary education, other education services, and libraries account for the majority of state and local

expenditures. In FY 2012, spending in these categories accounted for 34.1 percent of all direct general expenditures in Rhode Island (and 34.0 percent nationally). Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, total spending for educational services and libraries increased from \$64.82 to \$66.55 per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island, an increase of 2.7 percent. Nationally, spending in this category decreased by 2.2 percent over the ten-year period, from \$66.67 to \$65.23 per \$1,000 of personal income.

Table 3
Education Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Higher Ed.				Elem. & Second. Ed.				Other Ed. & Libraries				Total			
	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R
US	\$ 19.24	-	\$ 17.34	-	\$ 41.88	-	\$ 45.47	-	\$ 4.11	-	\$ 3.86	-	\$ 65.23	-	\$ 66.67	-
CT	\$ 12.38	47	\$ 10.41	49	\$ 42.72	23	\$ 39.89	44	\$ 3.89	35	\$ 3.17	38	\$ 58.99	41	\$ 53.46	49
ME	\$ 15.29	42	\$ 15.16	41	\$ 44.85	18	\$ 48.88	14	\$ 4.91	18	\$ 4.19	25	\$ 65.05	30	\$ 68.23	29
MA	\$ 13.82	45	\$ 9.92	50	\$ 37.07	39	\$ 40.43	42	\$ 3.48	41	\$ 3.53	33	\$ 54.36	47	\$ 53.88	48
NH	\$ 14.43	43	\$ 12.61	44	\$ 42.92	22	\$ 40.67	41	\$ 3.16	45	\$ 2.12	49	\$ 60.51	39	\$ 55.39	47
RI	\$ 14.17	44	\$ 14.10	43	\$ 46.07	13	\$ 46.29	22	\$ 6.31	8	\$ 4.44	22	\$ 66.55	26	\$ 64.82	35
VT	\$ 26.58	7	\$ 23.13	12	\$ 53.92	3	\$ 50.56	10	\$ 6.93	6	\$ 5.89	7	\$ 87.43	3	\$ 79.58	9

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

In general, New England devotes fewer state and local resources to higher education than the rest of the country; five of six states in the region ranked in the bottom ten for higher education spending as a share of personal income in both FY 2002 and FY 2012. Vermont, ranking 7th in FY 2012 and 12th in FY 2002, is an exception. Rhode Island ranked 43rd in FY 2002, with expenditures of \$14.10 per \$1,000 of personal income. The state fell one place in the rankings in FY 2012 to 44th in the country, spending \$14.17 per \$1,000 of personal income. All of the states in New England saw an increase in higher education spending over the ten year period.¹

Elementary and secondary education accounted for the largest share of education-related expenditures in FY 2002 and FY 2012 both in Rhode Island and nationally. In FY 2002, Rhode Island's expenditures of \$46.29 per \$1,000 of personal income ranked 22nd highest in the country, compared to FY 2012, when the Ocean State ranked 13th highest in the country spending \$46.07 per \$1,000 of personal income. Within New England, Rhode Island ranked second highest in FY 2012 and third highest in FY 2002 on elementary and secondary education spending on a personal income basis. However, Rhode Island expenditures on elementary and secondary education decreased by 0.1 percent between FY 2011 and FY 2012. During the period from FY 2002 to FY 2012, total elementary and secondary education expenditures in Rhode Island grew slower than Connecticut, New Hampshire, and Vermont.

When education-related spending is measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island's total spending of \$3,017 ranked the Ocean State 14th highest in the country in FY 2012. In FY 2002, the state's spending ranked 24th highest in the country, with education expenditures of \$2,081 per

¹ It should be noted that the Census Bureau does not include state government-financed tuition assistance in the Higher Education spending category. Instead, it is included in the Other Education category.

capita. Nationally, education-related spending was \$2,826 in FY 2012 and \$2,098 in FY 2002; per capita expenditures increased faster in Rhode Island than across the nation as a whole (45.0 percent vs. 33.7 percent). Of the New England states, per capita education spending increased the fastest in Vermont, where expenditures increased by 59.0 percent during the ten year period, from \$2,405 per capita in FY 2002 to \$3,823 per capita in FY 2012.

Table 4
Education Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Higher Ed.				Elem. & Second. Ed.				Other Ed. & Libraries				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 834	-	\$ 550	-	\$ 1,815	-	\$ 1,441	-	\$ 178	-	\$ 122	-	\$ 2,826	-	\$ 2,113	-
CT	\$ 726	36	\$ 453	43	\$ 2,507	5	\$ 1,735	4	\$ 228	14	\$ 138	23	\$ 3,461	7	\$ 2,326	10
ME	\$ 601	47	\$ 435	46	\$ 1,763	24	\$ 1,404	23	\$ 193	19	\$ 120	30	\$ 2,557	40	\$ 1,959	35
MA	\$ 766	32	\$ 393	48	\$ 2,056	10	\$ 1,603	6	\$ 193	20	\$ 140	21	\$ 3,014	15	\$ 2,136	21
NH	\$ 704	40	\$ 445	45	\$ 2,094	7	\$ 1,436	20	\$ 154	43	\$ 75	48	\$ 2,952	19	\$ 1,957	36
RI	\$ 642	45	\$ 453	44	\$ 2,088	8	\$ 1,486	15	\$ 286	6	\$ 142	20	\$ 3,017	14	\$ 2,081	24
VT	\$ 1,162	6	\$ 699	10	\$ 2,358	6	\$ 1,528	11	\$ 303	4	\$ 178	4	\$ 3,823	3	\$ 2,405	7

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

With the exception of Maine and Rhode Island, each of the other New England states saw a faster rate of growth in per capita higher education-related spending compared to the national average. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, per capita higher education-related spending in Rhode Island increased by 43.0 percent compared to a national average increase of 52.8 percent. Rhode Island's FY 2002 higher education expenditures of \$453 per capita were the same as Connecticut and 44th highest nationally; by FY 2012, the state's per capita expenditures of \$642 were the second lowest in New England and 45th nationally.

In contrast to the region's higher education spending, all of the New England states except Maine have higher per capita expenditures for elementary and secondary education when compared to the rest of the country. Additionally, every New England state except Maine saw expenditures in this category increase at a faster rate than the per capita national average between FY 2002 and FY 2012. In FY 2002, Rhode Island's per capita elementary and secondary education expenditures of \$1,486 were 15th highest in the country and 3.1 percent higher than the national average of \$1,441. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, the state's spending in this category increased by 40.5 percent to \$2,088, which was 15.0 percent higher than the national average of \$1,815 per capita and the 8th highest level of spending in the country.

Social Services and Income Maintenance

This Census category includes spending on public welfare (cash assistance, vendor payments, and other forms of public assistance); public health (general public health activities including health inspections, air and water quality regulation, public clinics and other categorical health

activities, animal control, etc.²); and administration of employment security and veterans' services (does not include payments to beneficiaries except for financial grants to veterans that are made at the state level). At both the national and state level, these expenditures, combined, accounted for more than one-quarter of all direct general expenditures in FY 2012. In FY 2012, Rhode Island's expenditures of \$53.03 per \$1,000 of personal income ranked the state 29th highest in the country.

Table 5
Social Services & Income Maintenance Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Public Welfare				Health & Hospitals				Employ. Security & Vet.				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 35.97	-	\$ 31.09	-	\$ 17.79	-	\$ 16.26	-	\$ 0.44	-	\$ 0.60	-	\$ 54.19	-	\$ 47.96	-
CT	\$ 30.73	35	\$ 23.24	44	\$ 9.88	42	\$ 12.74	34	\$ 0.49	26	\$ 0.60	31	\$ 41.10	41	\$ 36.58	42
ME	\$ 56.24	1	\$ 48.58	5	\$ 14.42	30	\$ 13.56	31	\$ 0.40	34	\$ 0.68	25	\$ 71.06	7	\$ 62.82	7
MA	\$ 40.90	17	\$ 22.58	46	\$ 7.54	45	\$ 12.43	36	\$ 0.39	36	\$ 0.50	36	\$ 48.84	34	\$ 35.51	44
NH	\$ 29.79	37	\$ 23.15	45	\$ 2.58	50	\$ 4.13	50	\$ 0.60	15	\$ 0.51	34	\$ 32.97	49	\$ 27.79	50
RI	\$ 47.33	11	\$ 48.98	3	\$ 5.15	49	\$ 8.78	44	\$ 0.55	19	\$ 0.22	47	\$ 53.03	29	\$ 57.98	15
VT	\$ 54.74	3	\$ 40.85	11	\$ 7.65	44	\$ 4.72	49	\$ 0.50	24	\$ 0.14	50	\$ 62.90	15	\$ 45.72	32

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

The largest share of spending in this category is for public welfare, which accounted for approximately two-thirds of total social services and income maintenance expenditures nationally, and for 89.3 percent of social services and income maintenance expenditures in Rhode Island in FY 2012. Public welfare, which includes cash assistance, vendor payments, and other forms of public assistance, decreased by 3.5 percent over the ten-year period on a per \$1,000 of personal income basis in Rhode Island. Nationally, public welfare expenditures increased by 15.7 percent during the same time period.

Over the ten-year period of FY 2002 to FY 2012, subcategories within social services and income maintenance did not follow a uniform trend for expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income. In Rhode Island, health and hospitals expenditures decreased by 41.3 percent and spending for employment security and veterans' services administration increased by 150 percent as a share of personal income over the ten year period. The expenditure change for both health and hospitals and employment security and veterans' services administration does not follow the national average; over the ten year period, national health and hospital expenditures increased by 9.4 percent whereas employment security and veterans' services decreased by 26.7 percent.

In general, New England has lower expenditures for health and hospitals than does the rest of the country. All states in the region ranked in the bottom half of the country in both years when expenditures were measured as a share of personal income. Rhode Island's expenditures of \$8.78 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 were the 44th highest in the country and the third

² NOTE: Emergency services are included in this category ONLY IF they are handled separately from local fire departments. For additional details, see the "Public Safety" section of this report.

lowest in New England. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, Rhode Island’s health and hospitals expenditures declined 41.3 percent to \$5.15 per \$1,000 of personal income, ranking the state 49th highest in the country and second lowest in the region. Nationally, over the ten-year time period, expenditures in this category increased by 9.4 percent.

Employment security and veterans’ services administration account for the smallest share of total social services and income maintenance expenditures. In FY 2012, expenditures in this category were less than \$1.00 per \$1,000 of personal income in all New England states as well as nationally. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, spending on administration of these services per \$1,000 of personal income fell nationally and in three New England states: Connecticut, Maine, and Massachusetts. In Rhode Island, expenditures increased from \$0.20 to \$0.55 per \$1,000 of personal income, and the state’s rank moved from 47th highest in the country to 19th highest.

Table 6
Social Services & Income Maintenance Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Public Welfare				Health & Hospitals				Employ. Security & Vet.				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 1,558	-	\$ 985	-	\$ 771	-	\$ 515	-	\$ 19	-	\$ 19	-	\$ 2,348	-	\$ 1,520	-
CT	\$ 1,803	11	\$ 1,011	20	\$ 579	31	\$ 554	15	\$ 29	9	\$ 26	12	\$ 2,411	19	\$ 1,591	18
ME	\$ 2,211	6	\$ 1,395	5	\$ 567	33	\$ 389	35	\$ 16	38	\$ 20	28	\$ 2,794	7	\$ 1,804	10
MA	\$ 2,268	5	\$ 895	30	\$ 418	43	\$ 493	17	\$ 22	22	\$ 20	27	\$ 2,708	10	\$ 1,408	28
NH	\$ 1,453	26	\$ 818	35	\$ 126	50	\$ 146	49	\$ 29	8	\$ 18	32	\$ 1,609	48	\$ 982	50
RI	\$ 2,146	7	\$ 1,573	3	\$ 234	49	\$ 282	45	\$ 25	17	\$ 7	47	\$ 2,404	20	\$ 1,862	8
VT	\$ 2,394	4	\$ 1,235	6	\$ 335	47	\$ 143	50	\$ 22	20	\$ 4	50	\$ 2,750	9	\$ 1,382	29

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

On a per capita basis, Rhode Island’s FY 2012 expenditures for social services and income maintenance of \$2,404 ranked the state 20th highest. In FY 2002, Rhode Island ranked 8th highest, with expenditures of \$1,862 per capita. Over the ten-year period from FY 2002 to FY 2012, total per capita Rhode Island expenditures in this category have increased by 29.1 percent, compared to a national increase of 54.5 percent. During this period, Rhode Island had the slowest rate of growth in the New England region. In the region, Vermont increased by 99.0 percent, Massachusetts increased by 92.3 percent, New Hampshire increased by 63.8 percent, Maine increased by 54.9 percent, and Connecticut increased by 51.5 percent

As with expenditures as a share of personal income, public welfare accounts for the largest share of social services and income maintenance spending, and growth in public welfare spending has accounted for the largest share of the overall increase in the category. However, Rhode Island’s public welfare-related expenditures increased by 36.4 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012, which is the slowest rate of growth in the New England region. Rhode Island’s rate of growth was also below the national average of 58.1 percent for public welfare expenditures.

When measured on a per capita basis, New England spent less on health and hospitals than the rest of the country; in FY 2012, no New England state spent more than the national average in

this category. Rhode Island's FY 2012 expenditures of \$234 per capita were 69.7 percent less than the national average of \$771 per capita and 49th highest in the country.

Public Welfare

The Census subcategory includes cash assistance (supplemental security income, temporary aid to needy families, or any other form of direct cash assistance, and Medicaid disproportionate share payments); vendor payments (payments made directly to private vendors for medical care on behalf of means-tested beneficiaries, e.g., Medicaid Title XIX and Medicare Part D payments); and other public welfare (including public nursing homes, orphanages, and homes for the elderly). As previously noted, public welfare constitutes the largest share of total social services and income maintenance spending. In FY 2012, spending on public welfare in Rhode Island was \$47.33 per \$1,000 of personal income, the 11th highest level of spending in the country and 31.6 percent higher than the national average of \$35.97.

Table 7
Public Welfare Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Cash Assistance				Vendor Payments				Other Public Welfare				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 1.71	-	\$ 2.15	-	\$ 28.70	-	\$ 21.60	-	\$ 5.55	-	\$ 7.34	-	\$ 35.97	-	\$ 31.09	-
CT	\$ 0.98	27	\$ 2.15	19	\$ 24.68	36	\$ 17.30	40	\$ 5.07	26	\$ 3.79	47	\$ 30.73	35	\$ 23.24	44
ME	\$ 1.48	18	\$ 3.97	5	\$ 44.83	4	\$ 32.37	9	\$ 9.93	2	\$ 12.23	4	\$ 56.24	1	\$ 48.58	5
MA	\$ 1.13	23	\$ 1.55	27	\$ 37.00	13	\$ 15.68	44	\$ 2.77	49	\$ 5.35	37	\$ 40.90	17	\$ 22.58	46
NH	\$ 0.96	29	\$ 1.26	31	\$ 21.86	41	\$ 15.27	45	\$ 6.97	12	\$ 6.62	27	\$ 29.79	37	\$ 23.15	45
RI	\$ 0.77	36	\$ 4.72	4	\$ 43.39	6	\$ 34.35	6	\$ 3.17	44	\$ 9.92	10	\$ 47.33	11	\$ 48.98	3
VT	\$ 1.51	17	\$ 3.06	11	\$ 45.40	3	\$ 26.68	15	\$ 7.84	7	\$ 11.11	6	\$ 54.74	3	\$ 40.85	11

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Cash assistance payments represent the smallest portion of public welfare expenditures, and have declined nationally and in every state in New England between FY 2002 and FY 2012. Although half of the New England states (Maine, Rhode Island and Vermont) outspent the national average of \$2.15 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002, none of the states in the region exceeded the national average in FY 2012. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, Rhode Island's expenditures declined from \$4.72 per \$1,000 of personal income (4th highest in the country) to \$0.77 per \$1,000 of personal income (36th highest in the country), which was the largest percentage decline in the region.

Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, vendor payments per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island increased from \$34.35 (59.0 percent higher than the national average and 6th highest in the country) to \$43.39 (51.2 percent higher than the national average and 6th highest in the country). The state's FY 2012 vendor payments as a share of personal income were higher than three of the five other New England states and the national average. However, Rhode Island's growth in spending in this category was slower than both the national growth rate and the other New England states' growth rates. It should be noted that New England as a whole saw substantial

growth in vendor payments during the ten-year period. In FY 2012, Connecticut and New Hampshire were the only New England states that spent below the national average.

Expenditures relating to other public welfare decreased by 24.4 percent nationally as a share of personal income, and declined in all of the New England states with the exception of Connecticut and New Hampshire, where they grew by 33.8 percent and 5.3 percent, respectively. Other public welfare expenditures in the Ocean State amounted to \$3.17 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012, which decreased by 68.0 percent from \$9.92 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002. In New England, spending in this category as a share of personal income ranged from a low of \$2.77 in Massachusetts (49th in the country) to a high of \$9.93 in Maine (2nd highest in the country).

	Cash Assistance				Vendor Payments				Other Public Welfare				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 74	-	\$ 68	-	\$ 1,244	-	\$ 685	-	\$ 241	-	\$ 233	-	\$ 1,558	-	\$ 985	-
CT	\$ 58	21	\$ 93	10	\$ 1,448	14	\$ 753	17	\$ 297	14	\$ 165	37	\$ 1,803	11	\$ 1,011	20
ME	\$ 58	20	\$ 114	5	\$ 1,762	8	\$ 930	7	\$ 390	4	\$ 351	6	\$ 2,211	6	\$ 1,395	5
MA	\$ 63	19	\$ 62	20	\$ 2,052	2	\$ 621	27	\$ 154	35	\$ 212	24	\$ 2,268	5	\$ 895	30
NH	\$ 47	23	\$ 45	29	\$ 1,066	35	\$ 539	42	\$ 340	8	\$ 234	22	\$ 1,453	26	\$ 818	35
RI	\$ 35	33	\$ 152	4	\$ 1,967	6	\$ 1,103	2	\$ 144	41	\$ 318	8	\$ 2,146	7	\$ 1,573	3
VT	\$ 66	17	\$ 92	11	\$ 1,985	5	\$ 807	12	\$ 343	7	\$ 336	7	\$ 2,394	4	\$ 1,235	6

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

When measured on a per capita basis, cash assistance payments saw an 8.9 percent increase nationally, from \$68 per capita to \$74 per capita. In Rhode Island, payments declined by 77.0 percent, from \$152 per capita in FY 2002 (4th highest) to \$35 per capita in FY 2012 (33rd highest). In FY 2012, Rhode Island's cash assistance spending per capita was 52.7 percent lower than the national average of \$74 per capita. In contrast, the Ocean State's expenditures of \$152 per capita were 123.5 percent greater than the national average of \$68 per capita in FY 2002.

In Rhode Island, while cash assistance payments declined over the ten-year period, per capita vendor payments grew by 78.3 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012. The state's FY 2002 vendor payments of \$1,103 per capita were 61.0 percent higher than the national average and were the second highest in the country. By FY 2012, Rhode Island's vendor payments of \$1,967 per capita were 58.1 percent higher than the national average but fell to the sixth highest in the country. Across the New England region, Massachusetts, Vermont, Rhode Island, and Maine all ranked in the top ten states for per capita vendor payments in FY 2012, ranking 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 8th, respectively.

Rhode Island's other public welfare expenditures declined by 54.7 percent from \$318 per capita in FY 2002 (8th highest) to \$144 per capita in FY 2012 (41st highest). The state had the third

highest level of spending per capita on other public welfare in New England in FY 2002; spending in FY 2012 was the lowest of the New England states.

Transportation

The Census transportation category is divided into two subsections in this RIPEC report. “Highways” includes spending on maintenance, operation, repair, and construction of highways, streets, roads, alleys, sidewalks, bridges, tunnels, ferryboats, viaducts, and related non-toll structures.³ The “Other” subcategory includes public parking structures and meters; public waterways, docks, port and other marine facilities, wharves, etc.; and airport facilities serving the public-at-large. In addition, other transportation expenditures include the regulation of the airline industry and the water transportation industry where applicable. Total transportation spending across the New England region tended to be lower than the national average in FY 2002 while higher than the national average ten years later. With the exceptions of Maine and Vermont, all states in the region spent less than the national average per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012. Rhode Island’s total FY 2012 transportation expenditures were \$10.43 per \$1,000 of personal income, ranking the state 46th highest in the country; one spot higher than its 47th highest rank from FY 2002.

Table 9
Transportation Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Highways				Other				Total			
	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R
US	\$ 11.74	-	\$ 12.75	-	\$ 2.13	-	\$ 2.31	-	\$ 13.87	-	\$ 15.06	-
CT	\$ 8.08	49	\$ 8.19	50	\$ 0.48	49	\$ 0.54	48	\$ 8.56	50	\$ 8.74	50
ME	\$ 17.03	12	\$ 16.75	21	\$ 1.79	22	\$ 1.93	23	\$ 18.82	13	\$ 18.68	22
MA	\$ 7.12	50	\$ 12.83	33	\$ 1.80	21	\$ 1.55	33	\$ 8.92	49	\$ 14.39	36
NH	\$ 11.55	33	\$ 11.34	41	\$ 1.03	45	\$ 0.62	47	\$ 12.58	37	\$ 11.95	46
RI	\$ 9.23	45	\$ 9.74	47	\$ 1.20	38	\$ 1.61	28	\$ 10.43	46	\$ 11.35	47
VT	\$ 24.48	6	\$ 19.55	10	\$ 1.38	32	\$ 1.22	40	\$ 25.86	6	\$ 20.77	11

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

In FY 2012, Rhode Island’s highway expenditures of \$9.23 per \$1,000 of personal income ranked the state 45th in the country and represented a 5.2 percent decline in spending from FY 2002 when the state spent \$9.74 per \$1,000 of personal income (47th highest in the country). In contrast to national trends, Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont spent more on highways on a personal income basis in FY 2012 when compared to FY 2002. In New England, the only state to see a larger decrease in highway expenditures than Rhode Island was Massachusetts, where expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income declined from \$12.83 to \$7.12 (44.5 percent

³ U.S. Census State and Local Expenditures Codebook.

decline). Nationally, highway expenditures decreased by 7.9 percent, from \$12.75 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$11.74 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012.

Spending in other transportation categories (parking, air transport, and sea and inland port facilities) decreased in Rhode Island over the ten years in this analysis. In FY 2002, the state spent \$1.61 per \$1,000 of personal income (28th highest in the country). In FY 2012, spending had decreased by 25.5 percent to \$1.20 per \$1,000 of personal income, ranking the state 38th highest in the country. Spending on transportation other than highways decreased nationally by 7.8 percent from \$2.31 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$2.13 in FY 2012. In New England, all states spent less in this category on a personal income basis than the national average in FY 2012.

Per capita total transportation spending increased by 26.0 percent nationally, from \$477 per capita in FY 2002 to \$601 per capita in FY 2012. During this time period, per capita transportation spending in the Ocean State increased by 30.0 percent, from \$364 per capita in FY 2002 to \$473 per capita in FY 2012. However, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and Massachusetts each spent below the national average per capita on transportation in FY 2012.

Table 10
Transportation Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Highways				Other				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 509	-	\$ 404	-	\$ 92	-	\$ 73	-	\$ 601	-	\$ 477	-
CT	\$ 474	33	\$ 356	38	\$ 28	48	\$ 24	45	\$ 502	40	\$ 380	46
ME	\$ 669	14	\$ 481	19	\$ 70	23	\$ 56	24	\$ 740	16	\$ 536	20
MA	\$ 395	45	\$ 509	17	\$ 100	14	\$ 62	23	\$ 495	41	\$ 570	17
NH	\$ 564	24	\$ 400	30	\$ 50	37	\$ 22	47	\$ 614	28	\$ 422	36
RI	\$ 418	42	\$ 313	49	\$ 55	34	\$ 52	26	\$ 473	43	\$ 364	47
VT	\$ 1,071	5	\$ 591	10	\$ 60	32	\$ 37	39	\$ 1,131	5	\$ 628	12

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Per capita highway spending increased in all of the New England states except Massachusetts between FY 2002 and FY 2012 with the exception of Massachusetts, and at a faster rate than the national average. During this time period, Rhode Island's per capita highway expenditures increased by 53.7 percent. The Ocean State's per capita highway expenditures of \$418 per capita were 17.9 percent below than the national average and ranked the state 42nd in the country. In FY 2002, the state's per capita highway spending of \$313 was 49th highest in the country.

Per capita spending on transportation other than highways increased faster in three of the six New England states than in the country as a whole (Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont). Rhode Island's expenditures in this category increased by 5.8 percent between FY

2002 and FY 2012, from \$52 per capita (26th highest in the country) to \$55 per capita (34th highest in the country).

Public Safety

Public safety expenditures include those related to general governmental departments associated with law enforcement (excluding special police forces of non-police agencies and law enforcement activities of legal offices); all services provided by fire protection agencies except for forest-fire protection and suppression⁴; and residential institutions or facilities for those convicted, adjudicated, or charged and awaiting trial, including hospitals for the criminally insane if operated by a corrections agency, halfway houses and residential work release units. Total expenditures also include protective inspection (regulatory activities related to public protection that are not classified under another Census category).

Table 11
Public Safety Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Police Protection				Fire Protection				Corrections				Total*			
	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R
US	\$ 7.18	-	\$ 7.13	-	\$ 3.14	-	\$ 2.87	-	\$ 5.38	-	\$ 6.04	-	\$ 16.70	-	\$ 17.33	-
CT	\$ 5.31	42	\$ 5.23	41	\$ 2.70	28	\$ 2.62	24	\$ 3.25	48	\$ 4.27	42	\$ 11.82	47	\$ 13.21	41
ME	\$ 4.71	48	\$ 4.90	46	\$ 2.63	32	\$ 2.29	38	\$ 3.71	43	\$ 3.95	46	\$ 12.01	45	\$ 12.16	45
MA	\$ 5.83	36	\$ 5.68	37	\$ 2.93	21	\$ 3.34	9	\$ 2.88	49	\$ 4.43	39	\$ 12.32	43	\$ 14.16	36
NH	\$ 5.48	40	\$ 4.76	48	\$ 3.13	18	\$ 2.67	22	\$ 2.84	50	\$ 2.58	50	\$ 12.12	44	\$ 10.71	50
RI	\$ 7.44	15	\$ 7.02	18	\$ 6.05	1	\$ 5.57	1	\$ 4.18	36	\$ 4.63	36	\$ 18.29	11	\$ 19.69	9
VT	\$ 6.46	30	\$ 4.96	45	\$ 1.80	43	\$ 1.91	43	\$ 4.59	29	\$ 4.29	41	\$ 13.67	36	\$ 12.36	44

* Also includes expenditures related to protective inspection

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

As a share of personal income, total expenditures relating to public safety in Rhode Island ranked 9th highest in FY 2002 (\$19.69 per \$1,000 of personal income), and 11th highest in FY 2012 (\$18.29 per \$1,000 of personal income). Rhode Island was the only New England state to rank in the top half nationally in both FY 2002 and FY 2012.

Police protection spending in the Ocean State increased by 6.0 percent from \$7.02 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$7.44 in FY 2012. Although this was the highest level of spending in New England in both years, only New Hampshire and Vermont saw police

⁴ NOTE: EMT/EMS services are included in this category if provided by the local fire department. According to the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 61.4 percent of fire departments provide some form of emergency medical services (EMS), advanced life services (ALS), or both. Generally speaking, larger communities are more likely to combine EMS/ALS with local fire departments; the Census reports expenditures on EMS/ALS services that are not combined with the local fire department in the Health category. A state like Rhode Island, which primarily consists of larger, urban communities, is likely to see most EMS/ALS expenditures reflected in the fire protection category.

protection expenditures as a share of personal income increase at a faster rate (15.1 percent, and 30.2 percent, respectively). Nationally, total spending on police protection increased by 0.7 percent, from \$7.13 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$7.18 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012.

Rhode Island’s fire safety expenditures of \$5.57 per \$1,000 in 2002 and \$6.05 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012, ranked the state 1st in the country for each year. Nationally, fire safety expenditures per \$1,000 of personal income were \$2.87 in FY 2002 and \$3.14 in FY 2012. During this time period, fire safety expenditures in Rhode Island increased by 8.6 percent, which grew slower than the national average increase of 9.4 percent. In New England, fire safety spending as a share of personal income increased in every state except Massachusetts and Vermont, where they declined by 12.3 percent and 5.8 percent, respectively.

Spending relating to corrections in FY 2012 was \$4.18 per \$1,000 of personal income in Rhode Island, 22.3 percent lower than the national average of \$5.38. Corrections expenditures in the Ocean State decreased by 9.7 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012, which was the third slowest rate of growth in New England. Although Rhode Island spent less than the national average in both years, the state had the highest level of spending on corrections in FY 2002 and second highest level of spending on corrections in FY 2012 when compared to the other New England states.

Table 12
Public Safety Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Police Protection				Fire Protection				Corrections				Total*			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 311	-	\$ 226	-	\$ 136	-	\$ 91	-	\$ 233	-	\$ 191	-	\$ 724	-	\$ 549	-
CT	\$ 312	17	\$ 227	14	\$ 159	12	\$ 114	7	\$ 191	29	\$ 186	21	\$ 694	20	\$ 575	13
ME	\$ 185	48	\$ 141	46	\$ 103	31	\$ 66	34	\$ 146	46	\$ 113	44	\$ 472	48	\$ 349	45
MA	\$ 323	13	\$ 225	16	\$ 163	11	\$ 133	4	\$ 160	42	\$ 176	22	\$ 683	21	\$ 561	15
NH	\$ 267	27	\$ 168	37	\$ 153	15	\$ 94	15	\$ 139	50	\$ 91	50	\$ 592	32	\$ 378	40
RI	\$ 337	11	\$ 225	15	\$ 274	1	\$ 179	1	\$ 190	31	\$ 149	30	\$ 829	7	\$ 632	5
VT	\$ 283	22	\$ 150	43	\$ 78	44	\$ 58	40	\$ 201	24	\$ 130	40	\$ 598	27	\$ 374	42

* Also includes expenditures related to protective inspection

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Total per capita public safety expenditures in Rhode Island were \$829 in FY 2012, ranking the state 7th highest in the country, an increase of 31.2 percent from FY 2002. Nationally, total public safety expenditures were \$549 per capita in FY 2002 and \$724 per capita in FY 2012, an increase of 31.9 percent. Rhode Island’s FY 2012 expenditures were the highest in New England and the state was the only one in the region in which per capita public safety expenditures exceeded the national average.

Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and Connecticut were the three New England states to exceed the national average for police protection spending in FY 2012 (\$337 per capita in Rhode Island,

\$323 in Massachusetts, and \$312 in Connecticut, compared to \$311 per capita nationally). Rhode Island ranked 11th highest in the country and the highest in New England in this category. In FY 2002, the state's per capita police protection expenditures of \$225 were 15th highest in the country and the second highest in the region. During the ten-year time period, police protection spending per capita increased 49.8 percent in Rhode Island, compared to a 37.6 percent increase nationally.

Per capita FY 2002 fire safety expenditures in Rhode Island of \$179 were 96.7 percent higher than the national average and highest in the country. In FY 2012, Rhode Island's per capita fire safety spending was \$274, still the highest in the country, and 101.5 percent higher than the national average of \$136. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, fire safety-related spending increased by 53.0 percent in Rhode Island, the third fastest rate of growth in New England and above the 49.5 percent growth rate nationally.

With the exception of Connecticut and Massachusetts, corrections-related spending per capita increased faster across New England than in the country as a whole. Rhode Island's expenditures in this category increased by 27.5 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012, from \$149 per capita (30th highest in the country) to \$190 per capita (31st highest in the country). At the same time, every New England state spent less than the national average on corrections compared to the national average in both years and, in general, ranked in the bottom half of the states (though Vermont ranked 24th in FY 2012).

Environment and Housing

Environment and Housing comprises a number of subcategories that are related to the following government functions: conservation, development, management and protection of natural resources; provision and support of recreational and cultural/scientific facilities for residents and visitors; development and maintenance of sewer systems and disposal and treatment facilities; garbage and hazardous waste collection and disposal and street/sidewalk cleaning; and the construction and administration of housing and redevelopment projects including urban renewal projects, redevelopment projects, rent subsidies, and public housing and mortgage finance entities. Overall, Rhode Island spent \$12.17 per \$1,000 of personal income on environment and housing expenditures in FY 2012, ranking the state 39th highest nationally.

In FY 2012, every New England state except for Maine and Vermont spent less on natural resources, parks and recreation compared to the national average when these expenditures were measured as a share of personal income. In Rhode Island, spending in this category fell by 11.3 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012, from \$3.26 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$2.89 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012. Regionally, spending per \$1,000 of personal income for natural resources, parks and recreation also fell in each of the other New England states except Maine over the same ten year period.

Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, expenditures for sewerage and solid waste management declined in half of New England states, including Maine, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island. In FY 2002, the Ocean State spent \$5.50 per \$1,000 of personal income for sewerage and solid waste management (19th highest), and in FY 2012 the state spent \$4.61 per \$1,000 of personal income (36th highest). In general, New England states have lower levels of expenditures in this category when compared to the rest of the country; in fact, every New England state spent less

than the national average in FY 2012, except for Maine, which spent \$5.95 per \$1,000 of personal income, compared to \$5.63 nationally.

Table 13
Environment & Housing Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Nat. Resources, Parks, Rec.				Sewerage & Solid Waste				Housing & Comm. Dev.				Total			
	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R
US	\$ 4.92	-	\$ 5.76	-	\$ 5.63	-	\$ 5.56	-	\$ 3.94	-	\$ 3.50	-	\$ 14.48	-	\$ 14.82	-
CT	\$ 2.25	49	\$ 3.31	46	\$ 4.63	35	\$ 4.28	38	\$ 4.17	14	\$ 2.95	27	\$ 11.05	44	\$ 10.54	48
ME	\$ 5.78	21	\$ 5.52	27	\$ 5.95	17	\$ 5.98	16	\$ 6.51	4	\$ 3.51	17	\$ 18.24	9	\$ 15.01	21
MA	\$ 1.94	50	\$ 2.12	50	\$ 4.24	43	\$ 4.85	29	\$ 8.02	2	\$ 5.30	4	\$ 14.20	26	\$ 12.27	40
NH	\$ 2.31	48	\$ 2.54	49	\$ 3.99	45	\$ 3.43	48	\$ 3.30	28	\$ 3.47	19	\$ 9.60	50	\$ 9.44	50
RI	\$ 2.89	47	\$ 3.26	47	\$ 4.61	36	\$ 5.50	20	\$ 4.67	9	\$ 4.57	7	\$12.17	39	\$13.33	34
VT	\$ 5.13	25	\$ 5.26	33	\$ 4.70	33	\$ 4.14	41	\$ 5.11	7	\$ 4.86	5	\$ 14.94	23	\$ 14.26	28

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

In contrast, five of the six New England states outspent the national average for housing and community development per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012. Rhode Island's expenditures in this category increased by 2.2 percent from \$4.57 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 (7th highest) to \$4.67 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012 (9th highest). Nationally, expenditures for housing and community development increased 12.6 percent, from \$3.50 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$3.94 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012.

Table 14
Environment & Housing Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Nat. Resources, Parks, Rec.				Sewerage & Solid Waste				Housing & Comm. Dev.				Total			
	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R	FY2012	R	FY2002	R
US	\$ 213	-	\$ 183	-	\$ 244	-	\$ 176	-	\$ 171	-	\$ 111	-	\$ 627	-	\$ 470	-
CT	\$ 132	45	\$ 144	33	\$ 271	11	\$ 186	13	\$ 245	6	\$ 128	15	\$ 648	21	\$ 459	21
ME	\$ 227	23	\$ 158	29	\$ 234	19	\$ 172	23	\$ 256	5	\$ 101	19	\$ 717	13	\$ 431	25
MA	\$ 108	50	\$ 84	50	\$ 235	18	\$ 192	10	\$ 444	1	\$ 210	2	\$ 788	8	\$ 486	18
NH	\$ 113	49	\$ 90	49	\$ 195	36	\$ 121	39	\$ 161	19	\$ 123	17	\$ 468	41	\$ 333	42
RI	\$ 131	47	\$ 105	47	\$ 209	27	\$ 177	21	\$ 212	10	\$ 147	9	\$ 552	32	\$ 428	27
VT	\$ 224	24	\$ 159	28	\$ 206	29	\$ 125	36	\$ 223	9	\$ 147	8	\$ 653	20	\$ 431	26

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

When spending for national resources, parks and recreation are measured on a per capita basis, the Ocean State ranked 47th in the country in FY 2012 with expenditures of \$131 per capita. By contrast, the national average spending in this category was \$213 per capita, 62.6 percent higher than Rhode Island. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, Connecticut's per capita expenditures decreased by 8.3 percent, while every other New England state increased spending in this category. Rhode Island's per capita expenditures in this category increased by 24.8 percent.

Sewerage and solid waste management expenditures in Rhode Island increased by 18.1 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012, from \$177 per capita (21st highest) to \$209 per capita (27th highest). This was lower than the national average rate of increase of 38.6 percent, from \$176 per capita to \$244 per capita. Expenditures in this category over the ten-year time period varied across the region. In FY 2002, three New England states (including Rhode Island) exceeded national per capita expenditure average while three states were below the national average. However, every New England state except for Connecticut spent less than the national per capita average in FY 2012.

Across New England, spending for housing and community development was higher than the national average, with the exception of New Hampshire, in FY 2012. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, per capita housing and community development expenditures increased by 44.2 percent in Rhode Island, from \$147 per capita (9th highest) to \$212 per capita (10th highest). Nationally, expenditures in this subcategory increased 54.1 percent to \$171 per capita in FY 2012. Within New England, Rhode Island's increase in per capita expenditures during this time period was the second slowest rate of growth, ahead of New Hampshire. In FY 2012, New Hampshire was the only New England state that did not rank in the top ten nationally in per capita housing and community development spending.

Government Administration and Interest on General Debt

The Census classifies government administration into three subcategories: financial administration (effectively, activities relating to the financial functions of a government); judicial and legal administration (expenditures associated with the legal system, excluding judgments, crime victim compensation, and appeal boards); and other government administration (i.e., expenditures related to legislative bodies and central staff). In addition, interest on general debt (short- and long-term, whether general obligation or nonguaranteed and including debt to cover insurance trust fund deficits) has been included in these tables.

In FY 2012, Rhode Island's government administration expenditures totaled \$10.56 per \$1,000 of personal income (16th highest nationally), which was 15.0 percent higher than the national average of \$9.18 per \$1,000 of personal income. In FY 2002, state and local government administration costs in Rhode Island of \$10.93 per \$1,000 of personal income (20th highest) were 6.5 percent higher than the national average of \$10.26. During the ten-year time period, government administration expenditures as a share of personal income has decreased nationally and in all six of the New England states. Government administration expenditures as a share of personal income in the Ocean State has decreased by 3.4 percent, compared to a national average decrease of 10.5 percent.

Interest on general debt as a share of personal income increased by 37.9 percent in Rhode Island between FY 2002 and FY 2012, rising from \$9.53 to \$13.14 per \$1,000 of personal income.

Rhode Island now has the greatest expenditure rate nationally per \$1,000 of personal income for interest on general debt. Nationally, interest on general debt per \$1,000 of personal income has decreased by 6.6 percent over the ten-year time period. During this time, Rhode Island was the only New England state to see an increase in interest on general debt as a share of personal income.

Table 15
Government Admin. & Debt Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Government Admin				Interest on Gen. Debt				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 9.18	-	\$ 10.26	-	\$ 8.08	-	\$ 8.33	-	\$ 17.26	-	\$ 18.58	-
CT	\$ 8.49	31	\$ 9.09	38	\$ 9.05	11	\$ 9.56	11	\$ 17.55	20	\$ 18.65	27
ME	\$ 9.57	21	\$ 11.49	18	\$ 6.82	28	\$ 8.92	17	\$ 16.39	27	\$ 20.40	20
MA	\$ 6.97	47	\$ 8.09	46	\$ 9.84	6	\$ 12.75	4	\$ 16.82	23	\$ 20.84	17
NH	\$ 7.95	40	\$ 8.11	45	\$ 7.83	22	\$ 9.12	16	\$ 15.78	31	\$ 17.22	36
RI	\$10.56	16	\$10.93	20	\$13.14	1	\$ 9.53	12	\$ 23.70	2	\$20.47	19
VT	\$ 8.63	29	\$ 13.74	10	\$ 5.55	37	\$ 8.83	18	\$ 14.18	41	\$ 22.57	12

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

When government administration expenditures are measured on a per capita basis, Rhode Island's FY 2012 expenditures of \$479 per capita were 11th highest in the country and the second highest in New England behind Connecticut. Over the ten-year time period between FY 2002 and FY 2012, per capita government administration costs increased by 37.6 percent in the Ocean State, the fastest rate of growth in the region and higher than the national average increase of 23.2 percent. Within the New England region, only Connecticut and Rhode Island had higher government administration expenditures per capita than the national average in FY 2012.

Table 16
Government Admin. & Debt Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Government Admin				Interest on Gen. Debt				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 398	-	\$ 325	-	\$ 350	-	\$ 264	-	\$ 748	-	\$ 589	-
CT	\$ 498	10	\$ 395	11	\$ 531	5	\$ 416	5	\$ 1,030	5	\$ 812	6
ME	\$ 376	29	\$ 330	20	\$ 268	29	\$ 256	21	\$ 644	33	\$ 586	25
MA	\$ 387	24	\$ 321	23	\$ 546	4	\$ 506	2	\$ 933	8	\$ 826	5
NH	\$ 388	23	\$ 286	35	\$ 382	13	\$ 322	10	\$ 770	19	\$ 608	19
RI	\$ 479	11	\$ 351	15	\$ 596	1	\$ 306	12	\$ 1,074	3	\$ 657	12
VT	\$ 377	28	\$ 415	8	\$ 243	34	\$ 267	18	\$ 620	34	\$ 682	10

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

On a per capita basis, Rhode Island's interest on general debt of \$596 per capita was highest in the country in FY 2012. Nationally, expenditures for interest on general debt averaged \$350 per capita. Of the six New England states, all but Maine and Vermont had a higher level of interest on general debt per capita than the national average in FY 2012.

Total Direct Expenditures

In addition to expenditures to support general government activities, as outlined in the sections above, the Census reports expenditures for state/local government owned or operated utilities, liquor stores, and social insurance trusts. Together, these four activities of government represent total direct expenditures (total expenditures excluding intergovernmental transfers). In FY 2012, Rhode Island's total direct expenditures were \$239.92 per \$1,000 of personal income (20th highest in the country), and were 3.2 percent greater than FY 2002 expenditures of \$232.50 per \$1,000 of personal income. Over this ten-year period, total direct expenditures as a share of personal income increased in all six New England states, as well as nationally.

Table 17
Total Direct Expenditures per \$1,000 of Personal Income
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Direct General Exp.				Utility and Liquor Exp.				Insurance Trust Exp.				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 191.63	-	\$ 191.57	-	\$ 15.83	-	\$ 15.91	-	\$ 25.66	-	\$ 18.89	-	\$ 233.12	-	\$ 226.37	-
CT	\$ 163.33	47	\$ 161.96	46	\$ 7.22	44	\$ 5.55	46	\$ 26.66	16	\$ 17.16	25	\$ 197.22	47	\$ 184.67	47
ME	\$ 215.81	10	\$ 215.49	13	\$ 3.18	50	\$ 4.18	50	\$ 20.67	32	\$ 14.60	31	\$ 239.66	21	\$ 234.27	22
MA	\$ 173.03	44	\$ 166.79	45	\$ 13.39	21	\$ 13.77	17	\$ 27.55	13	\$ 20.19	15	\$ 213.97	39	\$ 200.75	43
NH	\$ 156.08	50	\$ 142.58	50	\$ 9.49	37	\$ 7.97	39	\$ 11.71	50	\$ 8.28	49	\$ 177.28	50	\$ 158.83	50
RI	\$ 195.08	26	\$ 198.57	25	\$ 7.24	43	\$ 6.86	43	\$ 37.60	2	\$ 27.07	6	\$ 239.92	20	\$ 232.50	23
VT	\$ 227.65	8	\$ 205.37	17	\$ 11.26	28	\$ 12.09	19	\$ 14.13	47	\$ 9.67	48	\$ 253.04	14	\$ 227.13	26

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

Between FY 2002 and FY 2012 direct general expenditures (spending relating to general government activity) decreased by 1.8 percent in Rhode Island, from \$198.57 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 to \$195.08 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012. Rhode Island was the only state in New England that experienced a decline in direct general expenditures as a share of personal income between FY 2002 and FY 2012. During the same period of time, average direct general expenditures were nearly flat nationally, increasing slightly from \$191.57 to \$191.63 per \$1,000 of personal income.

Utility and liquor store expenditures in Rhode Island were \$7.24 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2012, compared to \$6.86 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002. The state ranked 43rd highest nationally in both FY 2012 and FY 2002. National expenditures in this subcategory totaled \$15.91 per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 and \$15.83 in FY 2012. Within New England, Massachusetts had the highest level of spending on utilities and liquor stores per \$1,000 of personal income in FY 2002 and FY 2012.

Insurance trust funds include unemployment compensation, employee retirement (excluding contributions to systems administered by private companies or public employee retirement associations), workers' compensation, and other social insurance programs. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, expenditures in this category increased by 38.9 percent in Rhode Island, from \$27.07 per \$1,000 of personal income (6th highest in the country) to \$37.60 per \$1,000 of personal income (2nd highest). Nationally, expenditures in this category increased by 31.6 percent between FY 2002 and FY 2012 to reach \$25.66 per \$1,000 of personal income. In FY 2002 and FY 2012, Rhode Island insurance trust fund expenditures were the highest in New England. At the same time, every New England state experienced a faster rate of growth in these expenditures between FY 2002 and FY 2012 than Rhode Island.

Table 18
Total Direct Expenditures per Capita
FY 2012 & FY 2002

	Direct General Exp.				Utility and Liquor Exp.				Insurance Trust Exp.				Total			
	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R	FY 2012	R	FY 2002	R
US	\$ 8,304	-	\$ 6,072	-	\$ 686	-	\$ 504	-	\$ 1,112	-	\$ 599	-	\$ 10,102	-	\$ 7,110	-
CT	\$ 9,583	8	\$ 7,046	4	\$ 423	33	\$ 241	38	\$ 1,564	6	\$ 747	11	\$ 11,571	7	\$ 7,977	7
ME	\$ 8,484	19	\$ 6,188	17	\$ 125	50	\$ 120	50	\$ 813	28	\$ 419	33	\$ 9,421	26	\$ 6,672	25
MA	\$ 9,595	7	\$ 6,612	10	\$ 742	9	\$ 546	10	\$ 1,528	7	\$ 800	8	\$ 11,865	4	\$ 7,936	8
NH	\$ 7,614	32	\$ 5,037	47	\$ 463	30	\$ 281	30	\$ 571	48	\$ 293	47	\$ 8,649	38	\$ 5,546	49
RI	\$ 8,844	16	\$ 6,376	13	\$ 328	45	\$ 220	42	\$ 1,705	4	\$ 869	6	\$ 10,877	12	\$ 7,397	12
VT	\$ 9,954	6	\$ 6,207	16	\$ 492	26	\$ 365	23	\$ 618	43	\$ 292	48	\$ 11,064	10	\$ 6,832	23

Source: US Census Bureau, Government Finance, FY 2012 and FY 2002 data, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, RIPEC calculations

On a per capita basis, total direct expenditures grew by 42.1 percent, from \$7,110 in FY 2002 to \$10,877 in FY 2012, in Rhode Island. Nationally, total direct expenditures increased by 42.1 percent, from \$7,110 per capita in FY 2002 to \$10,102 per capita in FY 2012. Rhode Island's FY 2012 expenditures per capita were the 12th highest nationally and fourth highest in New England, behind Massachusetts (4th highest nationally), Connecticut (7th highest nationally) and Vermont (10th highest nationally). New Hampshire had the lowest level of spending in the region and ranked 38th overall for per capita direct expenditures in FY 2012.

Per capita, Rhode Island's direct general expenditures in FY 2012 of \$8,844 were 6.5 percent higher than the national average of \$8,304 and were the fourth highest in New England. Between FY 2002 and FY 2012, per capita state and local government direct general expenditures increased by 38.7 percent in Rhode Island, compared to a national average increase of 36.8 percent. Massachusetts, Vermont and New Hampshire each experienced a higher rate of growth during this time period than Rhode Island.

In FY 2002 and FY 2012, Rhode Island ranked 45th and 42nd highest, respectively, in the country for per capita utility and liquor store expenditures. Over the ten-year time period, expenditures in these categories increased in Rhode Island by 49.1 percent, from \$220 to \$328 per capita. Spending in this subcategory increased by 36.1 percent nationally, from \$504 per capita in FY

2002 to \$686 per capita in FY 2012. With the exception of Massachusetts, every New England state spent below the per capita national average in FY 2002 and FY 2012.

Expenditures as measured on a per capita basis for insurance trusts in Rhode Island increased from \$869 (6th highest) in FY 2002 to \$1,705 in FY 2012 (4th highest). Nationally, per capita insurance trust spending increased from \$599 per capita in FY 2002 to \$1,112 per capita in FY 2012. While per capita insurance trust spending in Rhode Island is the highest of the New England states, two other states in the region (Connecticut and Vermont) saw greater rates of increase between FY 2002 and FY 2012.

IV

State and Local Government Expenditures

Table 19
Direct General Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 191.63	-	\$ 191.57	-
Alabama	\$ 204.63	18	\$ 213.30	14
Alaska	353.32	1	397.53	1
Arizona	177.30	38	176.91	38
Arkansas	205.66	17	201.87	22
California	201.03	20	199.99	23
Colorado	170.80	45	175.32	41
Connecticut	163.33	47	161.96	46
Delaware	228.59	7	193.32	28
Florida	173.27	43	171.52	44
Georgia	178.04	35	184.31	34
Hawaii	203.53	19	223.71	10
Idaho	183.06	32	195.66	26
Illinois	177.59	36	174.18	42
Indiana	188.48	28	186.19	33
Iowa	209.31	16	203.75	19
Kansas	186.04	31	184.08	35
Kentucky	212.21	14	203.63	20
Louisiana	234.92	5	210.55	15
Maine	215.81	10	215.49	13
Maryland	173.42	42	158.35	48
Massachusetts	173.03	44	166.79	45
Michigan	197.25	24	202.11	21
Minnesota	196.53	25	208.86	16
Mississippi	246.73	3	234.80	4
Missouri	182.84	33	176.95	37
Montana	215.56	11	222.82	11
Nebraska	179.60	34	186.52	32
Nevada	177.32	37	173.91	43
New Hampshire	156.08	50	142.58	50
New Jersey	173.44	41	157.92	49
New Mexico	246.44	4	242.98	3
New York	230.79	6	232.58	5
North Carolina	193.53	27	189.51	30
North Dakota	200.28	22	227.88	7
Ohio	200.65	21	199.05	24
Oklahoma	173.85	40	195.17	27
Oregon	214.60	12	225.10	8
Pennsylvania	187.94	29	187.19	31
Rhode Island	195.08	26	198.57	25
South Carolina	211.63	15	224.32	9
South Dakota	162.24	48	180.21	36
Tennessee	175.36	39	176.89	39
Texas	169.02	46	176.01	40
Utah	214.14	13	216.08	12
Vermont	227.65	8	205.37	17
Virginia	161.05	49	159.91	47
Washington	186.09	30	193.25	29
West Virginia	226.40	9	230.17	6
Wisconsin	198.86	23	203.89	18
Wyoming	265.66	2	249.57	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 26th in FY 2012

Table 20
Direct General Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 8,304	-	\$ 6,072	-
Alabama	\$ 7,265	39	\$ 5,506	31
Alaska	17,473	1	13,325	1
Arizona	6,427	49	4,863	49
Arkansas	7,255	40	4,850	50
California	9,256	11	6,807	6
Colorado	7,768	30	6,146	18
Connecticut	9,583	8	7,046	4
Delaware	9,957	5	6,722	8
Florida	7,056	43	5,318	40
Georgia	6,583	48	5,502	33
Hawaii	8,936	15	6,756	7
Idaho	6,298	50	5,152	45
Illinois	7,988	27	5,896	23
Indiana	7,033	44	5,348	39
Iowa	9,115	13	5,862	26
Kansas	7,996	26	5,504	32
Kentucky	7,498	34	5,296	41
Louisiana	9,296	10	5,367	38
Maine	8,484	19	6,188	17
Maryland	9,221	12	5,931	22
Massachusetts	9,595	7	6,612	10
Michigan	7,471	35	6,097	20
Minnesota	9,101	14	7,008	5
Mississippi	8,106	24	5,380	37
Missouri	7,126	42	5,152	44
Montana	8,219	23	5,579	30
Nebraska	8,070	25	5,666	27
Nevada	6,815	46	5,609	29
New Hampshire	7,614	32	5,037	47
New Jersey	9,398	9	6,390	12
New Mexico	8,727	17	6,246	15
New York	12,191	3	8,443	2
North Carolina	7,280	38	5,428	36
North Dakota	10,529	4	6,105	19
Ohio	7,922	28	5,887	24
Oklahoma	7,026	45	5,232	42
Oregon	8,289	21	6,619	9
Pennsylvania	8,396	20	5,959	21
Rhode Island	8,844	16	6,376	13
South Carolina	7,379	37	5,864	25
South Dakota	7,408	36	5,123	46
Tennessee	6,698	47	5,036	48
Texas	7,177	41	5,211	43
Utah	7,553	33	5,644	28
Vermont	9,954	6	6,207	16
Virginia	7,747	31	5,456	35
Washington	8,554	18	6,448	11
West Virginia	7,853	29	5,481	34
Wisconsin	8,278	22	6,290	14
Wyoming	13,608	2	7,804	3

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 16th in FY 2012

Table 21
Education & Library Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 65.23		\$ 66.67	
Alabama	\$ 74.73	13	\$ 72.72	19
Alaska	93.82	1	100.30	1
Arizona	58.34	43	61.24	42
Arkansas	80.73	8	74.75	16
California	62.89	33	66.11	30
Colorado	57.86	45	59.06	44
Connecticut	58.99	41	53.46	49
Delaware	85.69	6	70.72	23
Florida	48.83	50	51.59	50
Georgia	70.14	22	69.66	26
Hawaii	58.49	42	61.71	41
Idaho	58.29	44	70.50	24
Illinois	62.50	35	62.56	38
Indiana	71.28	19	71.06	22
Iowa	74.42	14	77.82	11
Kansas	69.16	23	69.02	27
Kentucky	76.40	11	65.46	33
Louisiana	71.94	18	71.15	21
Maine	65.05	30	68.23	29
Maryland	61.06	38	61.84	40
Massachusetts	54.36	47	53.88	48
Michigan	77.71	9	79.83	7
Minnesota	63.32	31	68.37	28
Mississippi	76.81	10	78.50	10
Missouri	63.07	32	65.31	34
Montana	68.59	24	79.88	6
Nebraska	72.46	16	73.19	17
Nevada	52.69	49	55.51	46
New Hampshire	60.51	39	55.39	47
New Jersey	66.72	25	60.39	43
New Mexico	86.01	5	89.46	2
New York	70.43	21	69.97	25
North Carolina	65.89	27	65.64	32
North Dakota	65.75	28	77.52	12
Ohio	72.39	17	71.35	20
Oklahoma	62.37	37	74.94	15
Oregon	70.45	20	75.07	14
Pennsylvania	62.41	36	62.50	39
Rhode Island	66.55	26	64.82	35
South Carolina	75.28	12	79.60	8
South Dakota	53.89	48	63.87	36
Tennessee	56.44	46	58.43	45
Texas	65.48	29	72.79	18
Utah	84.03	7	89.11	3
Vermont	87.43	3	79.58	9
Virginia	60.26	40	62.65	37
Washington	62.70	34	65.69	31
West Virginia	86.25	4	82.72	5
Wisconsin	72.68	15	76.64	13
Wyoming	87.63	2	84.24	4

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 26th in FY 2012

Table 22
Education & Library Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 2,826		\$ 2,113	
Alabama	\$ 2,653	34	\$ 1,877	39
Alaska	4,640	1	3,362	1
Arizona	2,115	47	1,683	48
Arkansas	2,848	26	1,796	45
California	2,896	23	2,250	14
Colorado	2,632	35	2,070	28
Connecticut	3,461	7	2,326	10
Delaware	3,733	4	2,459	4
Florida	1,989	50	1,599	50
Georgia	2,593	38	2,080	26
Hawaii	2,568	39	1,864	40
Idaho	2,005	49	1,856	41
Illinois	2,811	28	2,118	22
Indiana	2,660	33	2,041	30
Iowa	3,241	11	2,239	15
Kansas	2,973	17	2,064	29
Kentucky	2,699	32	1,702	47
Louisiana	2,847	27	1,814	43
Maine	2,557	40	1,959	35
Maryland	3,247	10	2,316	11
Massachusetts	3,014	15	2,136	21
Michigan	2,944	20	2,408	6
Minnesota	2,932	21	2,294	13
Mississippi	2,524	41	1,798	44
Missouri	2,458	45	1,902	37
Montana	2,615	37	2,000	32
Nebraska	3,256	9	2,223	16
Nevada	2,025	48	1,790	46
New Hampshire	2,952	19	1,957	36
New Jersey	3,615	6	2,444	5
New Mexico	3,046	12	2,300	12
New York	3,720	5	2,540	3
North Carolina	2,479	43	1,880	38
North Dakota	3,457	8	2,077	27
Ohio	2,858	25	2,110	23
Oklahoma	2,521	42	2,009	31
Oregon	2,721	31	2,207	17
Pennsylvania	2,788	29	1,990	33
Rhode Island	3,017	14	2,081	24
South Carolina	2,625	36	2,081	25
South Dakota	2,460	44	1,816	42
Tennessee	2,156	46	1,663	49
Texas	2,780	30	2,155	19
Utah	2,964	18	2,327	9
Vermont	3,823	3	2,405	7
Virginia	2,899	22	2,138	20
Washington	2,882	24	2,192	18
West Virginia	2,992	16	1,970	34
Wisconsin	3,026	13	2,364	8
Wyoming	4,489	2	2,634	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 14th in FY 2012

Table 23
Elem. & Secondary Education Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 41.88		\$ 45.47	
Alabama	\$ 42.55	25	\$ 44.12	30
Alaska	63.97	1	70.57	1
Arizona	33.68	47	39.55	45
Arkansas	48.09	10	45.59	24
California	38.59	36	45.18	26
Colorado	34.33	45	37.83	47
Connecticut	42.72	23	39.89	44
Delaware	46.49	12	43.46	33
Florida	31.84	49	36.67	50
Georgia	47.18	11	49.10	12
Hawaii	31.33	50	38.92	46
Idaho	34.01	46	46.89	19
Illinois	42.95	21	42.33	36
Indiana	40.35	33	45.39	25
Iowa	44.25	20	45.09	27
Kansas	41.25	29	42.75	34
Kentucky	44.92	17	36.82	49
Louisiana	48.22	8	45.83	23
Maine	44.85	18	48.88	14
Maryland	39.03	35	40.34	43
Massachusetts	37.07	39	40.43	42
Michigan	45.66	15	52.96	7
Minnesota	40.74	31	46.46	21
Mississippi	44.49	19	45.06	28
Missouri	40.58	32	45.01	29
Montana	42.54	26	49.96	11
Nebraska	45.58	16	47.46	16
Nevada	37.00	40	41.01	38
New Hampshire	42.92	22	40.67	41
New Jersey	50.00	5	46.49	20
New Mexico	48.15	9	53.26	5
New York	53.85	4	55.26	3
North Carolina	35.36	44	40.85	40
North Dakota	36.38	42	43.90	31
Ohio	49.22	7	48.97	13
Oklahoma	35.93	43	47.13	17
Oregon	40.06	34	47.06	18
Pennsylvania	42.46	27	42.01	37
Rhode Island	46.07	13	46.29	22
South Carolina	46.03	14	54.21	4
South Dakota	33.44	48	43.66	32
Tennessee	36.53	41	37.59	48
Texas	41.14	30	50.69	9
Utah	42.46	28	47.81	15
Vermont	53.92	3	50.56	10
Virginia	37.79	37	42.36	35
Washington	37.48	38	40.96	39
West Virginia	49.71	6	53.14	6
Wisconsin	42.62	24	50.76	8
Wyoming	56.87	2	55.49	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 13th in FY 2012

Table 24
Elem. & Secondary Education Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 1,815		\$ 1,441	
Alabama	\$ 1,511	39	\$ 1,139	44
Alaska	3,164	1	2,365	1
Arizona	1,221	49	1,087	47
Arkansas	1,696	31	1,095	46
California	1,777	21	1,538	10
Colorado	1,561	36	1,326	28
Connecticut	2,507	5	1,735	4
Delaware	2,025	12	1,511	13
Florida	1,297	48	1,137	45
Georgia	1,744	26	1,466	16
Hawaii	1,376	46	1,175	41
Idaho	1,170	50	1,235	39
Illinois	1,932	14	1,433	21
Indiana	1,506	40	1,304	31
Iowa	1,927	15	1,297	32
Kansas	1,773	23	1,278	33
Kentucky	1,587	34	958	50
Louisiana	1,908	17	1,168	43
Maine	1,763	24	1,404	23
Maryland	2,075	9	1,511	12
Massachusetts	2,056	10	1,603	6
Michigan	1,730	27	1,597	7
Minnesota	1,887	19	1,559	9
Mississippi	1,462	42	1,033	49
Missouri	1,582	35	1,311	30
Montana	1,622	32	1,251	36
Nebraska	2,048	11	1,442	19
Nevada	1,422	44	1,323	29
New Hampshire	2,094	7	1,436	20
New Jersey	2,709	4	1,881	3
New Mexico	1,705	30	1,369	25
New York	2,845	3	2,006	2
North Carolina	1,330	47	1,170	42
North Dakota	1,912	16	1,176	40
Ohio	1,943	13	1,448	17
Oklahoma	1,452	43	1,264	35
Oregon	1,547	37	1,384	24
Pennsylvania	1,897	18	1,337	27
Rhode Island	2,088	8	1,486	15
South Carolina	1,605	33	1,417	22
South Dakota	1,527	38	1,241	38
Tennessee	1,395	45	1,070	48
Texas	1,747	25	1,501	14
Utah	1,498	41	1,249	37
Vermont	2,358	6	1,528	11
Virginia	1,818	20	1,445	18
Washington	1,723	29	1,367	26
West Virginia	1,724	28	1,266	34
Wisconsin	1,774	22	1,566	8
Wyoming	2,913	2	1,735	5

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 8th in FY 2012

Table 25
Higher Education Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 19.24		\$ 17.34	
Alabama	\$ 26.98	6	\$ 23.58	9
Alaska	24.99	16	22.94	13
Arizona	20.33	28	18.53	28
Arkansas	25.49	14	22.21	19
California	20.66	26	17.30	35
Colorado	19.73	29	18.39	29
Connecticut	12.38	47	10.41	49
Delaware	29.12	3	22.73	15
Florida	12.31	49	11.41	48
Georgia	17.29	37	15.51	39
Hawaii	24.90	17	21.38	22
Idaho	20.38	27	19.90	26
Illinois	15.52	41	15.35	40
Indiana	24.76	18	20.54	23
Iowa	26.11	12	27.60	5
Kansas	24.99	15	21.91	20
Kentucky	24.31	20	22.70	16
Louisiana	17.52	36	18.36	30
Maine	15.29	42	15.16	41
Maryland	19.15	31	17.52	33
Massachusetts	13.82	45	9.92	50
Michigan	28.36	4	24.17	7
Minnesota	17.73	35	17.62	32
Mississippi	27.33	5	28.10	4
Missouri	18.33	34	16.12	38
Montana	20.72	25	22.34	17
Nebraska	22.97	21	22.82	14
Nevada	11.58	50	11.98	45
New Hampshire	14.43	43	12.61	44
New Jersey	12.33	48	11.69	46
New Mexico	32.16	2	31.06	2
New York	13.58	46	11.52	47
North Carolina	26.29	9	21.90	21
North Dakota	26.00	13	29.92	3
Ohio	19.09	32	17.32	34
Oklahoma	22.37	22	23.95	8
Oregon	26.51	8	24.85	6
Pennsylvania	16.12	39	14.73	42
Rhode Island	14.17	44	14.10	43
South Carolina	21.42	24	20.06	24
South Dakota	17.04	38	16.80	37
Tennessee	15.57	40	18.07	31
Texas	21.99	23	19.73	27
Utah	36.62	1	35.81	1
Vermont	26.58	7	23.13	12
Virginia	19.26	30	16.92	36
Washington	18.81	33	19.91	25
West Virginia	26.18	10	23.32	11
Wisconsin	26.14	11	22.25	18
Wyoming	24.62	19	23.34	10

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 44th in FY 2012

Table 26
Higher Education Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 834		\$ 550	
Alabama	\$ 958	17	\$ 609	21
Alaska	1,236	5	769	6
Arizona	737	35	509	36
Arkansas	899	24	534	30
California	951	18	589	25
Colorado	897	26	645	17
Connecticut	726	36	453	43
Delaware	1,268	3	790	5
Florida	501	49	354	50
Georgia	639	46	463	42
Hawaii	1,093	9	646	16
Idaho	701	41	524	32
Illinois	698	42	520	33
Indiana	924	21	590	24
Iowa	1,137	8	794	4
Kansas	1,074	11	655	15
Kentucky	859	28	590	23
Louisiana	693	43	468	41
Maine	601	47	435	46
Maryland	1,018	15	656	14
Massachusetts	766	32	393	48
Michigan	1,074	12	729	9
Minnesota	821	29	591	22
Mississippi	898	25	644	18
Missouri	714	39	469	39
Montana	790	30	559	28
Nebraska	1,032	13	693	11
Nevada	445	50	386	49
New Hampshire	704	40	445	45
New Jersey	668	44	473	38
New Mexico	1,139	7	798	3
New York	717	38	418	47
North Carolina	989	16	627	20
North Dakota	1,367	1	802	2
Ohio	754	33	512	35
Oklahoma	904	23	642	19
Oregon	1,024	14	731	7
Pennsylvania	720	37	469	40
Rhode Island	642	45	453	44
South Carolina	747	34	524	31
South Dakota	778	31	477	37
Tennessee	595	48	514	34
Texas	934	19	584	26
Utah	1,292	2	935	1
Vermont	1,162	6	699	10
Virginia	927	20	577	27
Washington	865	27	664	13
West Virginia	908	22	555	29
Wisconsin	1,088	10	686	12
Wyoming	1,261	4	730	8

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 45th in FY 2012

Table 27
Social Services and Income Maintenance Exp.
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 54.19		\$ 47.96	
Alabama	\$ 69.59	8	\$ 72.35	2
Alaska	73.44	4	63.99	5
Arizona	50.63	32	37.37	40
Arkansas	64.77	12	54.92	18
California	55.90	24	48.33	27
Colorado	39.74	45	32.31	46
Connecticut	41.10	41	36.58	42
Delaware	60.83	18	37.60	39
Florida	47.07	37	39.65	38
Georgia	48.20	36	49.59	24
Hawaii	54.35	26	49.65	23
Idaho	52.44	30	48.24	28
Illinois	38.58	46	36.19	43
Indiana	53.91	27	47.31	29
Iowa	66.06	10	55.37	17
Kansas	51.90	31	40.55	36
Kentucky	64.31	14	59.65	12
Louisiana	64.38	13	59.39	13
Maine	71.06	7	62.82	7
Maryland	39.89	43	31.11	47
Massachusetts	48.84	34	35.51	44
Michigan	57.06	23	52.03	20
Minnesota	66.12	9	57.24	16
Mississippi	92.38	1	83.50	1
Missouri	57.80	21	48.63	26
Montana	48.31	35	46.91	30
Nebraska	45.45	40	45.16	34
Nevada	37.59	47	31.06	48
New Hampshire	32.97	49	27.79	50
New Jersey	40.05	42	28.50	49
New Mexico	78.01	2	62.95	6
New York	71.46	6	66.20	4
North Carolina	65.52	11	59.00	14
North Dakota	32.94	50	45.34	33
Ohio	62.49	17	53.35	19
Oklahoma	53.22	28	49.10	25
Oregon	60.62	19	61.92	9
Pennsylvania	57.52	22	50.77	22
Rhode Island	53.03	29	57.98	15
South Carolina	75.05	3	71.55	3
South Dakota	33.12	48	36.85	41
Tennessee	60.04	20	60.12	10
Texas	45.66	39	40.02	37
Utah	46.95	38	41.44	35
Vermont	62.90	15	45.72	32
Virginia	39.89	44	32.61	45
Washington	50.52	33	51.82	21
West Virginia	62.59	16	62.70	8
Wisconsin	55.34	25	46.60	31
Wyoming	72.79	5	60.01	11

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 29th in FY 2012

Table 28
Social Services and Income Maintenance Exp.
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 2,348		\$ 1,520	
Alabama	\$ 2,471	16	\$ 1,867	7
Alaska	3,632	3	2,145	2
Arizona	1,835	41	1,027	48
Arkansas	2,285	26	1,319	32
California	2,574	13	1,645	14
Colorado	1,807	42	1,133	44
Connecticut	2,411	19	1,591	18
Delaware	2,650	11	1,308	34
Florida	1,917	39	1,229	36
Georgia	1,782	44	1,480	25
Hawaii	2,386	21	1,499	23
Idaho	1,804	43	1,270	35
Illinois	1,735	45	1,225	37
Indiana	2,012	36	1,359	31
Iowa	2,877	6	1,593	17
Kansas	2,231	29	1,213	39
Kentucky	2,272	27	1,551	21
Louisiana	2,548	15	1,514	22
Maine	2,794	7	1,804	10
Maryland	2,121	34	1,165	42
Massachusetts	2,708	10	1,408	28
Michigan	2,161	32	1,570	20
Minnesota	3,062	4	1,921	3
Mississippi	3,035	5	1,913	4
Missouri	2,253	28	1,416	27
Montana	1,842	40	1,174	41
Nebraska	2,042	35	1,372	30
Nevada	1,445	50	1,002	49
New Hampshire	1,609	48	982	50
New Jersey	2,170	31	1,153	43
New Mexico	2,762	8	1,618	15
New York	3,774	1	2,403	1
North Carolina	2,465	18	1,690	13
North Dakota	1,732	46	1,215	38
Ohio	2,467	17	1,578	19
Oklahoma	2,151	33	1,316	33
Oregon	2,341	22	1,821	9
Pennsylvania	2,570	14	1,616	16
Rhode Island	2,404	20	1,862	8
South Carolina	2,617	12	1,870	6
South Dakota	1,512	49	1,047	47
Tennessee	2,293	25	1,711	12
Texas	1,939	37	1,185	40
Utah	1,656	47	1,082	46
Vermont	2,750	9	1,382	29
Virginia	1,919	38	1,113	45
Washington	2,322	23	1,729	11
West Virginia	2,171	30	1,493	24
Wisconsin	2,304	24	1,438	26
Wyoming	3,729	2	1,877	5

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 20th in FY 2012

Table 29
Cash Assistance Payments
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 1.71		\$ 2.15	
Alabama	\$ 0.62	40	\$ 6.39	2
Alaska	4.67	2	7.02	1
Arizona	0.43	45	1.13	32
Arkansas	0.14	50	0.90	38
California	3.58	4	4.77	3
Colorado	0.50	43	0.33	49
Connecticut	0.98	27	2.15	19
Delaware	0.97	28	0.73	43
Florida	0.31	48	0.70	45
Georgia	0.31	49	0.82	42
Hawaii	0.86	32	3.56	6
Idaho	1.19	21	2.10	20
Illinois	0.44	44	1.33	29
Indiana	0.71	38	0.13	50
Iowa	1.97	15	1.05	34
Kansas	0.35	47	0.87	39
Kentucky	0.77	35	0.99	36
Louisiana	1.10	24	1.88	22
Maine	1.48	18	3.97	5
Maryland	4.46	3	1.72	23
Massachusetts	1.13	23	1.55	27
Michigan	1.05	26	1.61	25
Minnesota	3.24	5	3.11	10
Mississippi	0.62	39	0.34	48
Missouri	0.53	41	2.21	18
Montana	0.78	34	1.12	33
Nebraska	0.43	46	0.96	37
Nevada	0.51	42	0.68	46
New Hampshire	0.96	29	1.26	31
New Jersey	1.68	16	0.87	40
New Mexico	1.05	25	3.47	7
New York	2.30	9	2.77	14
North Carolina	1.36	20	2.87	12
North Dakota	3.21	6	0.84	41
Ohio	2.20	10	2.27	16
Oklahoma	0.72	37	0.70	44
Oregon	2.17	11	2.25	17
Pennsylvania	2.13	12	1.44	28
Rhode Island	0.77	36	4.72	4
South Carolina	0.86	31	1.56	26
South Dakota	1.40	19	1.71	24
Tennessee	2.46	8	2.07	21
Texas	0.84	33	1.30	30
Utah	5.63	1	3.22	8
Vermont	1.51	17	3.06	11
Virginia	2.48	7	1.01	35
Washington	2.00	14	3.17	9
West Virginia	1.17	22	2.38	15
Wisconsin	2.02	13	2.79	13
Wyoming	0.92	30	0.64	47

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 36th in FY 2012

Table 30
Cash Assistance Payments
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 74		\$ 68	
Alabama	\$ 22	40	\$ 165	2
Alaska	231	2	235	1
Arizona	16	46	31	34
Arkansas	5	50	22	45
California	165	5	162	3
Colorado	23	39	12	48
Connecticut	58	21	93	10
Delaware	42	26	25	40
Florida	13	48	22	44
Georgia	11	49	25	41
Hawaii	38	30	107	6
Idaho	41	27	55	23
Illinois	20	43	45	28
Indiana	27	38	4	50
Iowa	86	14	30	35
Kansas	15	47	26	38
Kentucky	27	37	26	39
Louisiana	43	25	48	26
Maine	58	20	114	5
Maryland	237	1	64	18
Massachusetts	63	19	62	20
Michigan	40	29	48	25
Minnesota	150	6	104	8
Mississippi	20	42	8	49
Missouri	20	41	64	19
Montana	30	35	28	37
Nebraska	19	45	29	36
Nevada	19	44	22	43
New Hampshire	47	23	45	29
New Jersey	91	12	35	32
New Mexico	37	31	89	12
New York	121	7	101	9
North Carolina	51	22	82	15
North Dakota	169	4	23	42
Ohio	87	13	67	16
Oklahoma	29	36	19	47
Oregon	84	16	66	17
Pennsylvania	95	9	46	27
Rhode Island	35	33	152	4
South Carolina	30	34	41	30
South Dakota	64	18	49	24
Tennessee	94	10	59	21
Texas	36	32	38	31
Utah	199	3	84	14
Vermont	66	17	92	11
Virginia	119	8	34	33
Washington	92	11	106	7
West Virginia	41	28	57	22
Wisconsin	84	15	86	13
Wyoming	47	24	20	46

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 33rd in FY 2012

Table 31
Vendor Payments
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 28.70		\$ 21.60	
Alabama	\$ 33.26	17	\$ 26.65	16
Alaska	42.95	9	32.43	8
Arizona	28.56	28	21.33	27
Arkansas	43.33	7	31.75	10
California	23.34	39	17.11	41
Colorado	18.42	48	10.91	50
Connecticut	24.68	36	17.30	40
Delaware	38.81	11	16.41	43
Florida	25.46	33	19.66	33
Georgia	25.09	34	25.04	19
Hawaii	26.56	31	20.39	31
Idaho	32.47	20	22.23	24
Illinois	21.61	43	13.68	47
Indiana	29.50	24	21.35	26
Iowa	32.50	19	21.49	25
Kansas	25.00	35	17.53	39
Kentucky	39.77	10	35.81	3
Louisiana	29.48	25	21.09	28
Maine	44.83	4	32.37	9
Maryland	24.15	38	16.45	42
Massachusetts	37.00	13	15.68	44
Michigan	28.34	29	19.18	34
Minnesota	43.33	8	27.69	12
Mississippi	46.48	2	41.28	1
Missouri	31.48	22	25.97	18
Montana	27.92	30	18.65	37
Nebraska	18.62	47	22.44	22
Nevada	17.37	49	11.21	49
New Hampshire	21.86	41	15.27	45
New Jersey	26.02	32	13.81	46
New Mexico	49.91	1	34.66	4
New York	37.99	12	33.35	7
North Carolina	29.51	23	23.45	21
North Dakota	19.26	45	24.75	20
Ohio	33.93	15	26.26	17
Oklahoma	31.74	21	27.27	14
Oregon	29.43	26	27.42	13
Pennsylvania	33.80	16	22.35	23
Rhode Island	43.39	6	34.35	6
South Carolina	32.62	18	34.63	5
South Dakota	16.91	50	19.85	32
Tennessee	35.51	14	30.96	11
Texas	24.60	37	18.70	36
Utah	21.79	42	18.92	35
Vermont	45.40	3	26.68	15
Virginia	18.77	46	13.56	48
Washington	21.99	40	20.41	30
West Virginia	44.32	5	39.11	2
Wisconsin	28.68	27	20.54	29
Wyoming	20.62	44	18.10	38

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 6th in FY 2012

Table 32
Vendor Payments
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 1,244		\$ 685	
Alabama	\$ 1,181	24	\$ 688	21
Alaska	2,124	1	1,087	3
Arizona	1,035	40	586	33
Arkansas	1,529	11	763	15
California	1,074	33	582	35
Colorado	838	46	383	49
Connecticut	1,448	14	753	17
Delaware	1,690	9	571	37
Florida	1,037	39	609	32
Georgia	928	44	748	18
Hawaii	1,166	26	616	30
Idaho	1,117	29	585	34
Illinois	972	43	463	47
Indiana	1,101	31	613	31
Iowa	1,415	15	618	28
Kansas	1,075	32	524	44
Kentucky	1,405	17	931	6
Louisiana	1,167	25	538	43
Maine	1,762	8	930	7
Maryland	1,284	20	616	29
Massachusetts	2,052	2	621	27
Michigan	1,073	34	579	36
Minnesota	2,006	4	929	8
Mississippi	1,527	12	946	4
Missouri	1,227	22	756	16
Montana	1,065	36	467	46
Nebraska	837	47	682	22
Nevada	668	50	362	50
New Hampshire	1,066	35	539	42
New Jersey	1,410	16	559	40
New Mexico	1,767	7	891	10
New York	2,007	3	1,211	1
North Carolina	1,110	30	672	24
North Dakota	1,012	41	663	25
Ohio	1,339	19	776	14
Oklahoma	1,283	21	731	19
Oregon	1,137	28	806	13
Pennsylvania	1,510	13	712	20
Rhode Island	1,967	6	1,103	2
South Carolina	1,138	27	905	9
South Dakota	772	48	564	39
Tennessee	1,356	18	881	11
Texas	1,045	38	554	41
Utah	769	49	494	45
Vermont	1,985	5	807	12
Virginia	903	45	463	48
Washington	1,011	42	681	23
West Virginia	1,537	10	931	5
Wisconsin	1,194	23	634	26
Wyoming	1,056	37	566	38

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 6th in FY 2012

Table 33
Health & Hospitals
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 17.79		\$ 16.26	
Alabama	\$ 32.08	4	\$ 35.39	1
Alaska	17.62	21	12.38	37
Arizona	15.49	28	10.50	43
Arkansas	13.78	33	14.14	26
California	20.78	16	17.80	14
Colorado	15.57	27	13.83	28
Connecticut	9.88	42	12.74	34
Delaware	12.53	38	11.80	40
Florida	17.22	22	14.72	24
Georgia	19.22	17	19.26	11
Hawaii	20.84	15	17.59	16
Idaho	13.97	32	17.41	17
Illinois	10.41	41	12.27	38
Indiana	18.05	18	16.34	19
Iowa	27.77	7	22.36	7
Kansas	23.43	8	15.23	22
Kentucky	17.14	23	13.66	29
Louisiana	29.03	6	31.78	4
Maine	14.42	30	13.56	31
Maryland	7.20	47	7.39	47
Massachusetts	7.54	45	12.43	36
Michigan	21.40	14	18.69	13
Minnesota	12.57	37	11.75	41
Mississippi	39.49	2	32.67	3
Missouri	22.04	11	14.82	23
Montana	11.36	40	16.68	18
Nebraska	16.79	24	11.61	42
Nevada	13.23	35	13.64	30
New Hampshire	2.58	50	4.13	50
New Jersey	8.46	43	7.95	45
New Mexico	22.89	9	17.61	15
New York	21.62	12	18.78	12
North Carolina	30.03	5	25.90	6
North Dakota	6.08	48	6.08	48
Ohio	17.84	20	16.19	20
Oklahoma	14.87	29	14.03	27
Oregon	21.41	13	21.48	8
Pennsylvania	14.14	31	13.16	32
Rhode Island	5.15	49	8.78	44
South Carolina	38.56	3	29.60	5
South Dakota	7.42	46	7.92	46
Tennessee	17.86	19	20.16	9
Texas	16.75	25	15.97	21
Utah	16.32	26	14.42	25
Vermont	7.65	44	4.72	49
Virginia	13.63	34	12.97	33
Washington	22.57	10	20.07	10
West Virginia	11.39	39	12.04	39
Wisconsin	12.99	36	12.48	35
Wyoming	44.69	1	33.44	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 49th in FY 2012

Table 34
Health & Hospitals
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 771		\$ 515	
Alabama	\$ 1,139	7	\$ 913	2
Alaska	872	13	415	32
Arizona	562	34	289	43
Arkansas	486	38	340	41
California	957	11	606	11
Colorado	708	21	485	18
Connecticut	579	31	554	15
Delaware	546	35	410	33
Florida	701	23	456	23
Georgia	710	20	575	12
Hawaii	915	12	531	16
Idaho	481	39	458	22
Illinois	468	40	415	31
Indiana	674	25	469	21
Iowa	1,209	4	643	9
Kansas	1,007	10	456	24
Kentucky	606	28	355	39
Louisiana	1,149	5	810	3
Maine	567	33	389	35
Maryland	383	45	277	46
Massachusetts	418	43	493	17
Michigan	811	16	564	14
Minnesota	582	30	394	34
Mississippi	1,298	3	748	5
Missouri	859	14	432	28
Montana	433	42	418	30
Nebraska	755	18	353	40
Nevada	509	37	440	27
New Hampshire	126	50	146	49
New Jersey	458	41	321	42
New Mexico	810	17	453	25
New York	1,142	6	682	7
North Carolina	1,130	8	742	6
North Dakota	320	48	163	48
Ohio	704	22	479	19
Oklahoma	601	29	376	38
Oregon	827	15	632	10
Pennsylvania	632	27	419	29
Rhode Island	234	49	282	45
South Carolina	1,345	2	774	4
South Dakota	339	46	225	47
Tennessee	682	24	574	13
Texas	711	19	473	20
Utah	576	32	377	37
Vermont	335	47	143	50
Virginia	656	26	442	26
Washington	1,037	9	670	8
West Virginia	395	44	287	44
Wisconsin	541	36	385	36
Wyoming	2,289	1	1,046	1

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 49th in FY 2012

Table 35

**Employ. Security & Veterans' Services Administration
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002**

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 0.44		\$ 0.60	
Alabama	\$ 0.66	12	\$ 0.88	11
Alaska	1.35	1	2.89	1
Arizona	0.46	30	0.49	39
Arkansas	0.96	3	0.73	23
California	0.30	41	0.34	42
Colorado	0.30	40	0.31	44
Connecticut	0.49	26	0.60	31
Delaware	0.47	28	0.45	41
Florida	0.37	38	0.31	45
Georgia	0.25	42	0.60	30
Hawaii	0.11	50	1.26	5
Idaho	0.74	8	1.06	8
Illinois	0.24	43	0.65	26
Indiana	0.51	23	0.78	18
Iowa	0.44	31	1.21	7
Kansas	0.22	45	0.53	32
Kentucky	0.59	16	0.48	40
Louisiana	0.67	11	0.97	9
Maine	0.40	34	0.68	25
Maryland	0.24	44	0.24	46
Massachusetts	0.39	36	0.50	36
Michigan	0.52	21	0.75	22
Minnesota	0.48	27	0.80	15
Mississippi	0.93	4	1.44	3
Missouri	0.16	48	0.18	49
Montana	0.70	10	0.63	27
Nebraska	0.57	17	0.96	10
Nevada	0.82	5	0.86	13
New Hampshire	0.60	15	0.51	34
New Jersey	0.40	35	1.37	4
New Mexico	0.18	47	1.21	6
New York	0.38	37	0.50	35
North Carolina	0.56	18	0.52	33
North Dakota	0.31	39	0.34	43
Ohio	0.76	6	0.70	24
Oklahoma	0.53	20	0.75	20
Oregon	0.50	25	0.83	14
Pennsylvania	0.21	46	0.63	28
Rhode Island	0.55	19	0.22	47
South Carolina	0.46	29	0.76	19
South Dakota	0.62	13	0.87	12
Tennessee	0.43	32	0.50	38
Texas	0.62	14	0.50	37
Utah	0.15	49	0.21	48
Vermont	0.50	24	0.14	50
Virginia	0.41	33	0.61	29
Washington	0.76	7	0.75	21
West Virginia	0.73	9	0.78	16
Wisconsin	0.51	22	0.78	17
Wyoming	1.17	2	1.88	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 19th in FY 2012

Table 36

**Employ. Security & Veterans' Services Administration
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002**

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 19		\$ 19	
Alabama	\$ 24	18	\$ 23	18
Alaska	67	1	97	1
Arizona	17	34	14	40
Arkansas	34	4	18	33
California	14	40	12	42
Colorado	14	41	11	43
Connecticut	29	9	26	12
Delaware	20	27	16	36
Florida	15	39	9	44
Georgia	9	46	18	31
Hawaii	5	50	38	4
Idaho	25	15	28	9
Illinois	11	43	22	21
Indiana	19	33	22	20
Iowa	19	32	35	5
Kansas	10	44	16	35
Kentucky	21	26	12	41
Louisiana	27	11	25	14
Maine	16	38	20	28
Maryland	13	42	9	46
Massachusetts	22	22	20	27
Michigan	20	29	23	19
Minnesota	22	19	27	11
Mississippi	31	6	33	6
Missouri	6	48	5	49
Montana	27	12	16	34
Nebraska	25	14	29	8
Nevada	32	5	28	10
New Hampshire	29	8	18	32
New Jersey	22	21	55	3
New Mexico	6	47	31	7
New York	20	28	18	30
North Carolina	21	25	15	37
North Dakota	16	36	9	45
Ohio	30	7	21	22
Oklahoma	22	23	20	24
Oregon	19	31	25	16
Pennsylvania	9	45	20	25
Rhode Island	25	17	7	47
South Carolina	16	37	20	26
South Dakota	29	10	25	15
Tennessee	16	35	14	39
Texas	26	13	15	38
Utah	5	49	6	48
Vermont	22	20	4	50
Virginia	20	30	21	23
Washington	35	3	25	13
West Virginia	25	16	19	29
Wisconsin	21	24	24	17
Wyoming	60	2	59	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 17th in FY 2012

Table 37
Transportation Expenditures**
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 13.87		\$ 15.06	
Alabama	\$ 15.08	29	\$ 16.04	31
Alaska	48.96	1	52.76	1
Arizona	12.47	38	16.45	29
Arkansas	15.00	30	20.96	10
California	12.60	36	12.60	43
Colorado	12.73	35	20.45	12
Connecticut	8.56	50	8.74	50
Delaware	19.27	11	19.01	21
Florida	13.54	33	17.22	25
Georgia	11.29	45	13.11	42
Hawaii	15.64	24	16.47	28
Idaho	17.14	18	19.36	17
Illinois	14.64	31	14.97	34
Indiana	12.44	39	12.36	44
Iowa	18.84	12	21.83	8
Kansas	15.25	27	19.34	18
Kentucky	17.89	15	20.13	14
Louisiana	18.77	14	16.30	30
Maine	18.82	13	18.68	22
Maryland	17.61	16	11.20	48
Massachusetts	8.92	49	14.39	36
Michigan	10.21	47	13.34	39
Minnesota	16.32	20	19.80	15
Mississippi	19.59	10	20.29	13
Missouri	14.14	32	18.30	23
Montana	29.60	3	25.55	6
Nebraska	16.13	23	19.11	20
Nevada	22.36	7	21.12	9
New Hampshire	12.58	37	11.95	46
New Jersey	9.04	48	8.84	49
New Mexico	15.37	26	25.97	5
New York	12.18	40	13.25	40
North Carolina	12.00	42	14.37	37
North Dakota	37.50	2	30.29	3
Ohio	12.90	34	13.17	41
Oklahoma	16.20	22	18.16	24
Oregon	15.16	28	14.58	35
Pennsylvania	16.71	19	15.66	33
Rhode Island	10.43	46	11.35	47
South Carolina	11.62	44	15.96	32
South Dakota	26.77	5	27.86	4
Tennessee	11.80	43	12.27	45
Texas	12.17	41	14.19	38
Utah	20.88	9	19.57	16
Vermont	25.86	6	20.77	11
Virginia	15.45	25	16.67	26
Washington	16.25	21	16.49	27
West Virginia	21.17	8	25.35	7
Wisconsin	17.40	17	19.27	19
Wyoming	28.19	4	33.34	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

** Figures do not include transit subsidies, which were previously included.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 46th in FY 2012

Table 38
Transportation Expenditures**
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 601		\$ 477	
Alabama	\$ 536	36	\$ 414	41
Alaska	2,421	1	1,769	1
Arizona	452	45	452	33
Arkansas	529	37	504	27
California	580	31	429	34
Colorado	579	32	717	5
Connecticut	502	40	380	46
Delaware	840	9	661	9
Florida	552	33	534	21
Georgia	417	48	391	44
Hawaii	687	21	497	29
Idaho	590	29	510	25
Illinois	659	22	507	26
Indiana	464	44	355	49
Iowa	820	10	628	11
Kansas	655	23	578	16
Kentucky	632	27	524	23
Louisiana	743	15	415	40
Maine	740	16	536	20
Maryland	936	7	419	38
Massachusetts	495	41	570	17
Michigan	387	50	402	43
Minnesota	756	11	664	8
Mississippi	644	25	465	32
Missouri	551	34	533	22
Montana	1,128	6	640	10
Nebraska	725	19	580	15
Nevada	859	8	681	6
New Hampshire	614	28	422	36
New Jersey	490	42	358	48
New Mexico	544	35	668	7
New York	643	26	481	31
North Carolina	451	46	412	42
North Dakota	1,972	2	811	3
Ohio	509	39	390	45
Oklahoma	655	24	487	30
Oregon	585	30	429	35
Pennsylvania	746	13	499	28
Rhode Island	473	43	364	47
South Carolina	405	49	417	39
South Dakota	1,222	4	792	4
Tennessee	451	47	349	50
Texas	517	38	420	37
Utah	736	17	511	24
Vermont	1,131	5	628	12
Virginia	743	14	569	18
Washington	747	12	550	19
West Virginia	734	18	604	13
Wisconsin	724	20	594	14
Wyoming	1,444	3	1,043	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

** Figures do not include transit subsidies, which were previously included.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 43rd in FY 2012

Table 39
Highway Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 11.74		\$ 12.75	
Alabama	\$ 13.16	27	\$ 14.46	25
Alaska	35.73	2	43.11	1
Arizona	9.98	40	13.12	31
Arkansas	13.90	25	20.19	9
California	9.62	43	9.74	46
Colorado	10.26	37	18.26	15
Connecticut	8.08	49	8.19	50
Delaware	18.06	9	16.77	20
Florida	10.24	38	13.24	30
Georgia	8.54	48	11.71	38
Hawaii	9.94	42	11.30	42
Idaho	16.16	14	17.78	17
Illinois	12.44	30	13.39	29
Indiana	11.61	32	11.54	40
Iowa	17.76	10	20.89	8
Kansas	14.64	22	18.91	11
Kentucky	16.14	15	18.44	14
Louisiana	15.25	18	13.43	28
Maine	17.03	12	16.75	21
Maryland	16.29	13	9.20	48
Massachusetts	7.12	50	12.83	33
Michigan	8.77	46	10.71	44
Minnesota	14.42	23	16.03	23
Mississippi	17.75	11	18.87	12
Missouri	12.54	28	15.06	24
Montana	27.64	3	23.93	7
Nebraska	14.73	21	17.68	18
Nevada	16.09	16	18.79	13
New Hampshire	11.55	33	11.34	41
New Jersey	8.62	47	8.60	49
New Mexico	14.06	24	24.29	6
New York	9.97	41	10.22	45
North Carolina	10.78	35	12.84	32
North Dakota	35.92	1	27.01	3
Ohio	11.78	31	12.15	35
Oklahoma	15.13	20	16.60	22
Oregon	12.46	29	11.72	37
Pennsylvania	15.24	19	13.51	27
Rhode Island	9.23	45	9.74	47
South Carolina	9.59	44	14.04	26
South Dakota	25.14	5	26.92	4
Tennessee	10.16	39	10.83	43
Texas	10.41	36	11.59	39
Utah	19.76	8	17.09	19
Vermont	24.48	6	19.55	10
Virginia	10.83	34	12.63	34
Washington	13.18	26	11.88	36
West Virginia	20.11	7	24.35	5
Wisconsin	16.08	17	17.91	16
Wyoming	26.15	4	30.90	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 45th in FY 2012

Table 40
Highway Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 509		\$ 404	
Alabama	\$ 467	34	\$ 373	32
Alaska	1,767	2	1,445	1
Arizona	362	47	361	36
Arkansas	490	30	485	18
California	443	38	331	47
Colorado	467	36	640	5
Connecticut	474	33	356	38
Delaware	787	8	583	11
Florida	417	43	410	29
Georgia	316	50	350	39
Hawaii	436	40	341	45
Idaho	556	26	468	21
Illinois	560	25	453	22
Indiana	433	41	332	46
Iowa	774	9	601	8
Kansas	629	17	565	13
Kentucky	570	23	480	20
Louisiana	603	21	342	44
Maine	669	14	481	19
Maryland	866	7	344	42
Massachusetts	395	45	509	17
Michigan	332	49	323	48
Minnesota	668	15	538	15
Mississippi	583	22	432	26
Missouri	489	31	439	25
Montana	1,054	6	599	9
Nebraska	662	16	537	16
Nevada	618	18	606	7
New Hampshire	564	24	400	30
New Jersey	467	35	348	40
New Mexico	498	29	624	6
New York	526	27	371	33
North Carolina	406	44	368	34
North Dakota	1,889	1	724	4
Ohio	465	37	359	37
Oklahoma	612	19	445	24
Oregon	481	32	345	41
Pennsylvania	681	12	430	28
Rhode Island	418	42	313	49
South Carolina	334	48	367	35
South Dakota	1,148	4	765	3
Tennessee	388	46	308	50
Texas	442	39	343	43
Utah	697	11	446	23
Vermont	1,071	5	591	10
Virginia	521	28	431	27
Washington	606	20	396	31
West Virginia	698	10	580	12
Wisconsin	670	13	552	14
Wyoming	1,339	3	966	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 42nd in FY 2012

Table 41
Public Safety Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 16.70		\$ 17.33	
Alabama	\$ 14.34	30	\$ 13.32	40
Alaska	23.63	2	26.28	1
Arizona	20.77	5	20.86	7
Arkansas	14.38	29	15.34	27
California	22.83	3	23.04	3
Colorado	16.47	16	15.90	24
Connecticut	11.82	47	13.21	41
Delaware	17.55	12	16.95	17
Florida	20.18	8	20.06	8
Georgia	16.28	18	16.51	19
Hawaii	13.52	37	14.92	30
Idaho	17.36	14	17.25	13
Illinois	15.96	21	15.98	22
Indiana	11.92	46	13.14	42
Iowa	11.47	48	11.92	46
Kansas	12.83	39	13.69	37
Kentucky	12.66	40	14.70	33
Louisiana	20.42	7	18.64	11
Maine	12.01	45	12.16	45
Maryland	16.35	17	16.26	20
Massachusetts	12.32	43	14.16	36
Michigan	15.62	23	16.96	15
Minnesota	12.54	41	13.05	43
Mississippi	16.05	20	15.63	26
Missouri	14.61	27	14.74	31
Montana	17.28	15	15.72	25
Nebraska	12.46	42	13.62	38
Nevada	23.66	1	23.83	2
New Hampshire	12.12	44	10.71	50
New Jersey	14.20	34	15.05	29
New Mexico	22.22	4	21.04	5
New York	18.88	10	21.01	6
North Carolina	16.16	19	14.71	32
North Dakota	10.98	50	11.30	49
Ohio	15.50	24	16.95	16
Oklahoma	14.22	32	16.17	21
Oregon	20.68	6	21.28	4
Pennsylvania	13.36	38	14.28	35
Rhode Island	18.29	11	19.69	9
South Carolina	14.25	31	15.08	28
South Dakota	11.22	49	11.43	48
Tennessee	14.43	28	13.43	39
Texas	14.21	33	15.94	23
Utah	15.23	25	17.23	14
Vermont	13.67	36	12.36	44
Virginia	14.78	26	14.48	34
Washington	15.63	22	16.58	18
West Virginia	13.85	35	11.81	47
Wisconsin	17.36	13	18.63	12
Wyoming	18.94	9	18.77	10

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 11th in FY 2012

Table 42
Public Safety Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 724		\$ 549	
Alabama	\$ 509	43	\$ 344	46
Alaska	1,169	1	881	1
Arizona	753	14	573	14
Arkansas	507	44	368	43
California	1,051	2	784	2
Colorado	749	15	557	16
Connecticut	694	20	575	13
Delaware	764	13	589	10
Florida	822	8	622	7
Georgia	602	26	493	23
Hawaii	594	30	451	28
Idaho	597	28	454	27
Illinois	718	18	541	19
Indiana	445	50	377	41
Iowa	500	45	343	47
Kansas	551	38	409	35
Kentucky	447	49	382	38
Louisiana	808	9	475	24
Maine	472	48	349	45
Maryland	869	6	609	8
Massachusetts	683	21	561	15
Michigan	592	31	512	20
Minnesota	581	33	438	30
Mississippi	527	41	358	44
Missouri	569	36	429	32
Montana	659	22	394	37
Nebraska	560	37	414	34
Nevada	909	5	769	3
New Hampshire	592	32	378	40
New Jersey	770	12	609	9
New Mexico	787	11	541	18
New York	997	3	763	4
North Carolina	608	24	421	33
North Dakota	577	34	303	49
Ohio	612	23	501	21
Oklahoma	575	35	434	31
Oregon	799	10	626	6
Pennsylvania	597	29	454	26
Rhode Island	829	7	632	5
South Carolina	497	46	394	36
South Dakota	512	42	325	48
Tennessee	551	39	382	39
Texas	604	25	472	25
Utah	537	40	450	29
Vermont	598	27	374	42
Virginia	711	19	494	22
Washington	718	17	553	17
West Virginia	481	47	281	50
Wisconsin	723	16	575	12
Wyoming	970	4	587	11

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 7th in FY 2012

Table 43
Police Protection Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 7.18		\$ 7.13	
Alabama	\$ 6.78	24	\$ 6.16	31
Alaska	8.98	4	12.44	1
Arizona	8.84	5	8.63	6
Arkansas	5.66	39	6.23	28
California	8.58	7	8.56	7
Colorado	6.85	22	6.90	20
Connecticut	5.31	42	5.23	41
Delaware	7.70	11	6.89	21
Florida	9.42	2	8.65	5
Georgia	6.68	26	6.20	30
Hawaii	6.42	31	6.87	22
Idaho	7.34	16	6.92	19
Illinois	7.95	9	7.61	11
Indiana	4.73	47	5.09	44
Iowa	5.16	44	5.43	39
Kansas	5.99	34	5.91	35
Kentucky	4.40	50	5.13	42
Louisiana	8.57	8	7.80	9
Maine	4.71	48	4.90	46
Maryland	6.89	21	6.62	25
Massachusetts	5.83	36	5.68	37
Michigan	6.30	32	6.64	24
Minnesota	6.61	28	6.09	33
Mississippi	6.77	25	7.04	16
Missouri	7.17	18	6.20	29
Montana	7.24	17	7.51	13
Nebraska	4.89	45	5.12	43
Nevada	10.51	1	9.61	3
New Hampshire	5.48	40	4.76	48
New Jersey	6.94	20	7.03	17
New Mexico	8.80	6	8.71	4
New York	9.01	3	9.70	2
North Carolina	7.86	10	6.40	26
North Dakota	4.79	46	4.52	49
Ohio	7.08	19	7.17	15
Oklahoma	6.07	33	6.12	32
Oregon	7.70	12	7.56	12
Pennsylvania	5.70	37	6.25	27
Rhode Island	7.44	15	7.02	18
South Carolina	6.47	29	6.80	23
South Dakota	4.51	49	4.89	47
Tennessee	6.81	23	5.97	34
Texas	5.94	35	5.89	36
Utah	6.63	27	7.40	14
Vermont	6.46	30	4.96	45
Virginia	5.34	41	5.33	40
Washington	5.19	43	5.46	38
West Virginia	5.66	38	4.47	50
Wisconsin	7.49	14	7.62	10
Wyoming	7.56	13	7.86	8

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 15th in FY 2012

Table 44
Police Protection Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 311		\$ 226	
Alabama	\$ 241	37	\$ 159	40
Alaska	444	2	417	1
Arizona	320	14	237	12
Arkansas	200	46	150	44
California	395	4	291	4
Colorado	312	15	242	10
Connecticut	312	17	227	14
Delaware	335	12	239	11
Florida	383	6	268	6
Georgia	247	35	185	27
Hawaii	282	23	208	20
Idaho	253	32	182	29
Illinois	358	9	258	7
Indiana	177	49	146	45
Iowa	225	42	156	41
Kansas	257	29	177	34
Kentucky	156	50	133	48
Louisiana	339	10	199	23
Maine	185	48	141	46
Maryland	366	8	248	8
Massachusetts	323	13	225	16
Michigan	239	38	200	22
Minnesota	306	19	204	21
Mississippi	222	43	161	39
Missouri	280	24	181	32
Montana	276	26	188	26
Nebraska	220	44	156	42
Nevada	404	3	310	3
New Hampshire	267	27	168	37
New Jersey	376	7	284	5
New Mexico	312	18	224	17
New York	476	1	352	2
North Carolina	296	21	183	28
North Dakota	252	34	121	49
Ohio	279	25	212	19
Oklahoma	245	36	164	38
Oregon	297	20	222	18
Pennsylvania	255	31	199	24
Rhode Island	337	11	225	15
South Carolina	226	41	178	33
South Dakota	206	45	139	47
Tennessee	260	28	170	36
Texas	252	33	174	35
Utah	234	40	193	25
Vermont	283	22	150	43
Virginia	257	30	182	31
Washington	238	39	182	30
West Virginia	196	47	106	50
Wisconsin	312	16	235	13
Wyoming	387	5	246	9

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 11th in FY 2012

Table 45
Fire Protection Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 3.14		\$ 2.87	
Alabama	\$ 2.53	37	\$ 2.41	33
Alaska	4.71	3	4.02	3
Arizona	4.36	5	3.32	10
Arkansas	2.39	39	2.28	39
California	3.90	10	3.54	7
Colorado	3.62	12	2.73	21
Connecticut	2.70	28	2.62	24
Delaware	0.79	50	0.86	50
Florida	4.55	4	3.66	5
Georgia	2.82	24	2.53	28
Hawaii	3.22	16	2.79	19
Idaho	3.10	19	2.36	35
Illinois	3.92	9	3.21	12
Indiana	2.77	26	2.86	18
Iowa	1.78	44	1.91	42
Kansas	2.39	40	2.34	36
Kentucky	2.69	29	2.51	29
Louisiana	3.60	13	3.15	14
Maine	2.63	32	2.29	38
Maryland	2.91	22	2.59	25
Massachusetts	2.93	21	3.34	9
Michigan	2.53	36	2.31	37
Minnesota	1.66	45	1.59	47
Mississippi	2.66	30	2.64	23
Missouri	3.31	15	2.90	17
Montana	2.48	38	1.86	44
Nebraska	2.29	41	2.42	32
Nevada	4.90	2	4.21	2
New Hampshire	3.13	18	2.67	22
New Jersey	2.03	42	2.03	41
New Mexico	4.16	7	3.11	15
New York	3.32	14	3.54	8
North Carolina	2.58	35	2.44	31
North Dakota	1.52	48	1.54	48
Ohio	3.77	11	3.57	6
Oklahoma	3.14	17	3.17	13
Oregon	4.28	6	3.69	4
Pennsylvania	1.29	49	1.23	49
Rhode Island	6.05	1	5.57	1
South Carolina	2.65	31	2.18	40
South Dakota	1.65	46	1.69	45
Tennessee	2.80	25	2.59	26
Texas	2.60	33	2.36	34
Utah	2.58	34	2.47	30
Vermont	1.80	43	1.91	43
Virginia	3.09	20	2.54	27
Washington	3.95	8	3.32	11
West Virginia	1.63	47	1.62	46
Wisconsin	2.72	27	2.94	16
Wyoming	2.84	23	2.75	20

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 1st in FY 2012

Table 46
Fire Protection Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 136		\$ 91	
Alabama	\$ 90	40	\$ 62	37
Alaska	233	2	135	3
Arizona	158	13	91	16
Arkansas	84	42	55	43
California	180	6	121	6
Colorado	165	10	96	14
Connecticut	159	12	114	7
Delaware	34	50	30	50
Florida	185	4	113	8
Georgia	104	29	76	27
Hawaii	141	21	84	22
Idaho	107	28	62	38
Illinois	176	7	108	10
Indiana	103	30	82	24
Iowa	77	45	55	42
Kansas	103	33	70	31
Kentucky	95	36	65	35
Louisiana	142	20	80	25
Maine	103	31	66	34
Maryland	155	14	97	13
Massachusetts	163	11	133	4
Michigan	96	35	70	33
Minnesota	77	46	53	44
Mississippi	87	41	60	39
Missouri	129	22	84	21
Montana	94	37	47	46
Nebraska	103	32	73	29
Nevada	188	3	136	2
New Hampshire	153	15	94	15
New Jersey	110	26	82	23
New Mexico	147	18	80	26
New York	175	8	129	5
North Carolina	97	34	70	32
North Dakota	80	43	41	47
Ohio	149	16	106	12
Oklahoma	127	23	85	20
Oregon	165	9	108	11
Pennsylvania	58	48	39	48
Rhode Island	274	1	179	1
South Carolina	93	38	57	41
South Dakota	75	47	48	45
Tennessee	107	27	74	28
Texas	111	25	70	30
Utah	91	39	65	36
Vermont	78	44	58	40
Virginia	148	17	87	18
Washington	181	5	111	9
West Virginia	56	49	39	49
Wisconsin	113	24	91	17
Wyoming	146	19	86	19

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 1st in FY 2012

Table 47
Corrections Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 5.38		\$ 6.04	
Alabama	\$ 4.22	35	\$ 3.99	45
Alaska	8.83	1	8.25	1
Arizona	6.59	9	7.69	4
Arkansas	5.38	20	5.71	22
California	7.89	3	7.63	5
Colorado	5.35	21	5.51	25
Connecticut	3.25	48	4.27	42
Delaware	7.13	7	7.30	7
Florida	5.22	22	6.63	15
Georgia	6.29	11	7.03	10
Hawaii	3.28	47	4.24	43
Idaho	5.60	18	6.59	16
Illinois	3.56	45	4.43	38
Indiana	3.94	40	4.78	33
Iowa	3.92	41	3.91	47
Kansas	3.90	42	4.47	37
Kentucky	4.79	28	5.67	23
Louisiana	7.33	5	6.79	13
Maine	3.71	43	3.95	46
Maryland	5.64	16	6.23	19
Massachusetts	2.88	49	4.43	39
Michigan	5.97	13	6.99	11
Minnesota	3.49	46	3.88	48
Mississippi	5.71	15	4.92	32
Missouri	3.68	44	4.97	30
Montana	6.25	12	5.38	27
Nebraska	4.37	31	4.93	31
Nevada	6.74	8	7.43	6
New Hampshire	2.84	50	2.58	50
New Jersey	4.33	32	4.67	35
New Mexico	8.18	2	7.89	3
New York	5.60	17	6.73	14
North Carolina	5.21	24	4.99	29
North Dakota	3.96	39	3.51	49
Ohio	3.99	38	5.39	26
Oklahoma	4.28	34	6.03	20
Oregon	7.17	6	8.11	2
Pennsylvania	5.80	14	6.26	18
Rhode Island	4.18	36	4.63	36
South Carolina	4.15	37	5.37	28
South Dakota	4.38	30	4.33	40
Tennessee	4.29	33	4.21	44
Texas	5.03	26	6.96	12
Utah	5.22	23	6.31	17
Vermont	4.59	29	4.29	41
Virginia	5.56	19	5.65	24
Washington	4.97	27	5.73	21
West Virginia	5.19	25	4.70	34
Wisconsin	6.50	10	7.05	9
Wyoming	7.41	4	7.11	8
			\$7.05	
			7.11	

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 36th in FY 2012

Table 48
Corrections Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 233		\$ 191	
Alabama	\$ 150	44	\$ 103	48
Alaska	437	1	277	1
Arizona	239	15	211	10
Arkansas	190	30	137	36
California	363	3	260	2
Colorado	243	14	193	17
Connecticut	191	29	186	21
Delaware	311	4	254	3
Florida	213	22	206	14
Georgia	233	18	210	12
Hawaii	144	48	128	41
Idaho	193	28	174	23
Illinois	160	41	150	28
Indiana	147	45	137	35
Iowa	171	36	112	46
Kansas	167	38	134	38
Kentucky	169	37	147	31
Louisiana	290	7	173	24
Maine	146	46	113	44
Maryland	300	5	233	7
Massachusetts	160	42	176	22
Michigan	226	20	211	11
Minnesota	162	40	130	39
Mississippi	187	32	113	45
Missouri	143	49	145	32
Montana	238	16	135	37
Nebraska	196	26	150	29
Nevada	259	13	240	5
New Hampshire	139	50	91	50
New Jersey	235	17	189	20
New Mexico	290	8	203	15
New York	296	6	244	4
North Carolina	196	27	143	33
North Dakota	208	23	94	49
Ohio	158	43	159	27
Oklahoma	173	35	162	26
Oregon	277	9	238	6
Pennsylvania	259	12	199	16
Rhode Island	190	31	149	30
South Carolina	145	47	140	34
South Dakota	200	25	123	42
Tennessee	164	39	120	43
Texas	214	21	206	13
Utah	184	33	165	25
Vermont	201	24	130	40
Virginia	267	11	193	18
Washington	229	19	191	19
West Virginia	180	34	112	47
Wisconsin	271	10	218	9
Wyoming	380	2	222	8

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 31st in FY 2012

Table 49
Total Environment & Housing Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 14.48		\$ 14.82	
Alabama	\$ 10.40	48	\$ 15.82	16
Alaska	27.14	1	29.11	1
Arizona	12.80	35	15.39	20
Arkansas	11.34	42	13.66	33
California	16.99	12	17.53	11
Colorado	14.43	25	14.39	25
Connecticut	11.05	44	10.54	48
Delaware	15.23	20	14.60	23
Florida	18.82	5	17.70	10
Georgia	12.59	37	14.25	29
Hawaii	18.46	8	24.37	2
Idaho	15.51	17	16.70	12
Illinois	13.91	30	16.29	13
Indiana	14.99	22	14.28	27
Iowa	16.18	13	13.84	32
Kansas	11.00	45	10.53	49
Kentucky	13.43	31	13.09	36
Louisiana	24.22	3	15.96	15
Maine	18.24	9	15.01	21
Maryland	13.94	28	14.35	26
Massachusetts	14.20	26	12.27	40
Michigan	13.20	32	13.26	35
Minnesota	15.44	18	17.74	9
Mississippi	15.04	21	11.77	42
Missouri	11.42	41	10.81	47
Montana	17.63	10	19.75	5
Nebraska	13.08	33	12.71	39
Nevada	15.37	19	14.59	24
New Hampshire	9.60	50	9.44	50
New Jersey	11.24	43	12.99	38
New Mexico	15.86	16	15.48	18
New York	16.12	14	15.64	17
North Carolina	14.83	24	14.14	30
North Dakota	21.66	4	20.70	4
Ohio	14.15	27	14.73	22
Oklahoma	10.91	47	11.83	41
Oregon	18.54	7	18.90	7
Pennsylvania	12.69	36	13.02	37
Rhode Island	12.17	39	13.33	34
South Carolina	12.88	34	11.69	43
South Dakota	15.94	15	15.42	19
Tennessee	12.01	40	11.41	46
Texas	9.91	49	11.55	45
Utah	16.99	11	17.91	8
Vermont	14.94	23	14.26	28
Virginia	10.99	46	11.62	44
Washington	18.64	6	19.43	6
West Virginia	13.94	29	13.89	31
Wisconsin	12.56	38	16.09	14
Wyoming	24.53	2	21.15	3

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 39th in FY 2012

Table 50
Total Environment & Housing Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 627		\$ 470	
Alabama	\$ 369	50	\$ 408	32
Alaska	1,342	1	976	1
Arizona	464	43	423	29
Arkansas	400	49	328	44
California	782	9	597	5
Colorado	656	19	504	15
Connecticut	648	21	459	21
Delaware	663	18	508	14
Florida	766	10	549	11
Georgia	466	42	425	28
Hawaii	810	7	736	2
Idaho	534	33	440	22
Illinois	626	22	551	10
Indiana	559	29	410	31
Iowa	705	16	398	36
Kansas	473	40	315	47
Kentucky	475	39	340	41
Louisiana	959	4	407	33
Maine	717	13	431	25
Maryland	741	11	538	12
Massachusetts	788	8	486	18
Michigan	500	36	400	35
Minnesota	715	15	595	6
Mississippi	494	37	270	50
Missouri	445	46	315	48
Montana	672	17	494	17
Nebraska	588	26	386	39
Nevada	591	25	471	19
New Hampshire	468	41	333	42
New Jersey	609	23	525	13
New Mexico	562	28	398	37
New York	852	6	568	7
North Carolina	558	31	405	34
North Dakota	1,139	3	555	9
Ohio	559	30	436	24
Oklahoma	441	47	317	46
Oregon	716	14	556	8
Pennsylvania	567	27	414	30
Rhode Island	552	32	428	27
South Carolina	449	45	306	49
South Dakota	728	12	438	23
Tennessee	459	44	325	45
Texas	421	48	342	40
Utah	599	24	468	20
Vermont	653	20	431	26
Virginia	529	34	397	38
Washington	857	5	648	4
West Virginia	483	38	331	43
Wisconsin	523	35	496	16
Wyoming	1,256	2	661	3

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 32nd in FY 2012

Table 51
National Resources,
Parks & Recreation Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 4.92		\$ 5.76	
Alabama	\$ 3.79	37	\$ 4.98	36
Alaska	13.04	3	16.05	1
Arizona	4.78	27	7.24	18
Arkansas	4.48	29	5.99	25
California	6.16	18	7.30	16
Colorado	6.88	16	7.71	14
Connecticut	2.25	49	3.31	46
Delaware	4.08	36	5.50	28
Florida	8.12	9	8.35	11
Georgia	3.59	38	5.03	35
Hawaii	5.95	20	9.90	5
Idaho	7.04	13	8.88	8
Illinois	5.70	22	7.48	15
Indiana	4.37	31	4.71	39
Iowa	7.11	12	6.77	23
Kansas	4.87	26	5.24	34
Kentucky	4.12	34	5.33	31
Louisiana	9.42	5	7.30	17
Maine	5.78	21	5.52	27
Maryland	4.42	30	6.03	24
Massachusetts	1.94	50	2.12	50
Michigan	3.10	45	5.42	30
Minnesota	7.04	14	7.88	13
Mississippi	5.70	23	5.99	26
Missouri	4.33	32	4.31	41
Montana	9.48	4	11.45	4
Nebraska	6.92	15	7.10	20
Nevada	9.31	6	8.80	9
New Hampshire	2.31	48	2.54	49
New Jersey	3.12	44	3.98	43
New Mexico	8.32	8	8.77	10
New York	3.28	42	3.55	44
North Carolina	4.64	28	5.49	29
North Dakota	15.79	2	13.78	3
Ohio	3.49	40	4.33	40
Oklahoma	4.32	33	5.28	32
Oregon	7.35	10	6.98	21
Pennsylvania	2.97	46	3.24	48
Rhode Island	2.89	47	3.26	47
South Carolina	4.12	35	4.78	38
South Dakota	8.72	7	9.88	6
Tennessee	3.45	41	4.20	42
Texas	3.57	39	4.83	37
Utah	7.22	11	9.05	7
Vermont	5.13	25	5.26	33
Virginia	3.14	43	3.46	45
Washington	6.45	17	7.92	12
West Virginia	5.95	19	6.83	22
Wisconsin	5.63	24	7.17	19
Wyoming	18.49	1	15.45	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 47th in FY 2012

Table 52
National Resources,
Parks and Recreation Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 213		\$ 183	
Alabama	\$ 135	42	\$ 129	41
Alaska	645	3	538	1
Arizona	173	32	199	21
Arkansas	158	36	144	34
California	284	16	248	13
Colorado	313	10	270	8
Connecticut	132	45	144	33
Delaware	178	28	191	23
Florida	331	8	259	11
Georgia	133	44	150	32
Hawaii	261	17	299	4
Idaho	242	20	234	15
Illinois	257	18	253	12
Indiana	163	35	135	39
Iowa	310	12	195	22
Kansas	209	25	157	31
Kentucky	146	39	139	37
Louisiana	373	5	186	24
Maine	227	23	158	29
Maryland	235	21	226	16
Massachusetts	108	50	84	50
Michigan	117	48	164	25
Minnesota	326	9	264	9
Mississippi	187	27	137	38
Missouri	169	34	126	43
Montana	361	6	287	5
Nebraska	311	11	216	19
Nevada	358	7	284	6
New Hampshire	113	49	90	49
New Jersey	169	33	161	27
New Mexico	295	14	225	17
New York	173	31	129	40
North Carolina	175	29	157	30
North Dakota	830	2	369	3
Ohio	138	41	128	42
Oklahoma	175	30	141	36
Oregon	284	15	205	20
Pennsylvania	133	43	103	48
Rhode Island	131	47	105	47
South Carolina	144	40	125	44
South Dakota	398	4	281	7
Tennessee	132	46	120	45
Texas	151	37	143	35
Utah	255	19	236	14
Vermont	224	24	159	28
Virginia	151	38	118	46
Washington	296	13	264	10
West Virginia	207	26	163	26
Wisconsin	234	22	221	18
Wyoming	947	1	483	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 47th in FY 2012

Table 53
Housing and Community Development Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 3.94		\$ 3.50	
Alabama	\$ 2.93	32	\$ 3.51	18
Alaska	8.78	1	8.23	1
Arizona	2.44	40	2.06	41
Arkansas	2.09	45	2.44	36
California	4.92	8	4.57	8
Colorado	3.34	26	2.86	29
Connecticut	4.17	14	2.95	27
Delaware	4.17	13	3.76	14
Florida	3.53	24	2.32	38
Georgia	3.67	21	2.95	26
Hawaii	3.40	25	5.96	2
Idaho	2.40	41	0.88	49
Illinois	3.76	18	4.22	12
Indiana	4.57	10	3.35	20
Iowa	1.86	47	1.79	45
Kansas	2.22	44	1.71	46
Kentucky	2.91	34	1.68	47
Louisiana	7.91	3	3.24	21
Maine	6.51	4	3.51	17
Maryland	4.48	11	3.74	15
Massachusetts	8.02	2	5.30	4
Michigan	3.57	23	1.27	48
Minnesota	3.72	20	4.56	9
Mississippi	3.34	27	2.21	39
Missouri	2.80	36	2.85	31
Montana	2.98	31	3.63	16
Nebraska	2.34	43	2.16	40
Nevada	1.56	48	2.88	28
New Hampshire	3.30	28	3.47	19
New Jersey	2.93	33	2.73	32
New Mexico	2.58	38	1.95	42
New York	5.74	5	5.44	3
North Carolina	3.99	17	3.24	22
North Dakota	2.38	42	3.14	23
Ohio	5.14	6	4.30	11
Oklahoma	3.12	30	1.91	43
Oregon	4.26	12	4.73	6
Pennsylvania	3.66	22	4.20	13
Rhode Island	4.67	9	4.57	7
South Carolina	3.23	29	2.54	34
South Dakota	2.85	35	2.36	37
Tennessee	4.04	15	3.03	24
Texas	2.01	46	2.47	35
Utah	3.76	19	3.02	25
Vermont	5.11	7	4.86	5
Virginia	2.60	37	2.86	30
Washington	4.02	16	4.49	10
West Virginia	2.47	39	2.68	33
Wisconsin	1.48	49	1.88	44
Wyoming	0.71	50	0.55	50

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 9th in FY 2012

Table 54
Housing and Community Development Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 171		\$ 111	
Alabama	\$ 104	38	\$ 90	26
Alaska	434	2	276	1
Arizona	89	42	57	41
Arkansas	74	47	59	39
California	227	8	156	5
Colorado	152	22	100	20
Connecticut	245	6	128	15
Delaware	182	13	131	14
Florida	144	25	72	34
Georgia	136	26	88	27
Hawaii	149	24	180	4
Idaho	82	45	23	49
Illinois	169	16	143	10
Indiana	170	15	96	22
Iowa	81	46	52	42
Kansas	95	40	51	44
Kentucky	103	39	44	47
Louisiana	313	3	83	31
Maine	256	5	101	19
Maryland	238	7	140	11
Massachusetts	444	1	210	2
Michigan	135	27	38	48
Minnesota	172	14	153	6
Mississippi	110	35	51	45
Missouri	109	36	83	30
Montana	114	33	91	25
Nebraska	105	37	66	37
Nevada	60	49	93	23
New Hampshire	161	19	123	17
New Jersey	159	20	111	18
New Mexico	91	41	50	46
New York	303	4	197	3
North Carolina	150	23	93	24
North Dakota	125	32	84	29
Ohio	203	11	127	16
Oklahoma	126	30	51	43
Oregon	165	17	139	12
Pennsylvania	163	18	134	13
Rhode Island	212	10	147	9
South Carolina	113	34	66	36
South Dakota	130	29	67	35
Tennessee	154	21	86	28
Texas	86	44	73	33
Utah	133	28	79	32
Vermont	223	9	147	8
Virginia	125	31	98	21
Washington	185	12	150	7
West Virginia	86	43	64	38
Wisconsin	61	48	58	40
Wyoming	37	50	17	50

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 10th in FY 2012

Table 55
Sewerage and Solid Waste Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 5.63		\$ 5.56	
Alabama	\$ 3.68	48	\$ 7.33	2
Alaska	5.32	26	4.82	30
Arizona	5.58	19	6.09	14
Arkansas	4.77	32	5.22	27
California	5.90	18	5.66	18
Colorado	4.20	44	3.81	42
Connecticut	4.63	35	4.28	38
Delaware	6.98	6	5.33	23
Florida	7.17	4	7.02	5
Georgia	5.33	24	6.27	11
Hawaii	9.11	1	8.50	1
Idaho	6.08	12	6.94	7
Illinois	4.45	39	4.59	34
Indiana	6.05	14	6.23	12
Iowa	7.21	3	5.28	26
Kansas	3.91	46	3.58	45
Kentucky	6.40	10	6.08	15
Louisiana	6.90	8	5.42	21
Maine	5.95	17	5.98	16
Maryland	5.03	30	4.59	35
Massachusetts	4.24	43	4.85	29
Michigan	6.53	9	6.57	9
Minnesota	4.68	34	5.30	25
Mississippi	6.00	16	3.57	46
Missouri	4.29	42	3.65	44
Montana	5.17	29	4.67	32
Nebraska	3.82	47	3.45	47
Nevada	4.50	38	2.91	50
New Hampshire	3.99	45	3.43	48
New Jersey	5.19	28	6.27	10
New Mexico	4.97	31	4.77	31
New York	7.10	5	6.66	8
North Carolina	6.19	11	5.42	22
North Dakota	3.50	49	3.78	43
Ohio	5.52	21	6.10	13
Oklahoma	3.47	50	4.64	33
Oregon	6.92	7	7.18	3
Pennsylvania	6.06	13	5.57	19
Rhode Island	4.61	36	5.50	20
South Carolina	5.53	20	4.37	37
South Dakota	4.37	40	3.18	49
Tennessee	4.51	37	4.17	40
Texas	4.33	41	4.24	39
Utah	6.01	15	5.85	17
Vermont	4.70	33	4.14	41
Virginia	5.25	27	5.30	24
Washington	8.17	2	7.02	6
West Virginia	5.52	22	4.38	36
Wisconsin	5.45	23	7.03	4
Wyoming	5.32	25	5.15	28

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 36th in FY 2012

Table 56
Sewerage and Solid Waste Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 244		\$ 176	
Alabama	\$ 131	50	\$ 189	11
Alaska	263	15	162	25
Arizona	202	30	167	24
Arkansas	168	46	125	35
California	272	10	192	9
Colorado	191	39	134	33
Connecticut	271	11	186	13
Delaware	304	5	185	14
Florida	292	6	218	5
Georgia	197	35	187	12
Hawaii	400	1	257	1
Idaho	209	28	183	15
Illinois	200	31	155	28
Indiana	226	23	179	18
Iowa	314	4	152	31
Kansas	168	47	107	43
Kentucky	226	22	158	27
Louisiana	273	8	138	32
Maine	234	19	172	23
Maryland	268	13	172	22
Massachusetts	235	18	192	10
Michigan	248	17	198	8
Minnesota	217	25	178	19
Mississippi	197	33	82	50
Missouri	167	48	106	44
Montana	197	34	117	41
Nebraska	172	45	105	45
Nevada	173	43	94	48
New Hampshire	195	36	121	39
New Jersey	281	7	254	2
New Mexico	176	42	123	38
New York	375	3	242	3
North Carolina	233	20	155	29
North Dakota	184	40	101	47
Ohio	218	24	180	17
Oklahoma	140	49	124	37
Oregon	267	14	211	7
Pennsylvania	271	12	177	20
Rhode Island	209	27	177	21
South Carolina	193	37	114	42
South Dakota	200	32	90	49
Tennessee	172	44	119	40
Texas	184	41	126	34
Utah	212	26	153	30
Vermont	206	29	125	36
Virginia	253	16	181	16
Washington	376	2	234	4
West Virginia	191	38	104	46
Wisconsin	227	21	217	6
Wyoming	273	9	161	26

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 27th in FY 2012

Table 57
Government Administration Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 9.18		\$ 10.26	
Alabama	\$ 8.54	30	\$ 8.27	42
Alaska	26.24	1	24.61	1
Arizona	9.29	23	11.27	19
Arkansas	9.82	20	10.38	25
California	11.47	12	13.28	13
Colorado	10.20	18	9.41	33
Connecticut	8.49	31	9.09	38
Delaware	13.97	5	14.67	7
Florida	8.44	32	9.63	29
Georgia	9.24	24	9.57	30
Hawaii	11.91	9	14.27	8
Idaho	10.57	15	12.04	16
Illinois	8.23	34	9.79	27
Indiana	7.81	41	10.65	22
Iowa	7.68	42	9.94	26
Kansas	8.98	26	11.68	17
Kentucky	9.46	22	9.55	31
Louisiana	11.77	10	12.29	14
Maine	9.57	21	11.49	18
Maryland	8.82	27	8.15	43
Massachusetts	6.97	47	8.09	46
Michigan	7.63	43	9.54	32
Minnesota	8.44	33	10.43	24
Mississippi	10.26	17	9.68	28
Missouri	6.41	50	7.94	47
Montana	14.10	4	14.76	6
Nebraska	6.97	48	8.32	41
Nevada	11.54	11	13.45	11
New Hampshire	7.95	40	8.11	45
New Jersey	7.03	46	8.13	44
New Mexico	14.53	3	13.30	12
New York	9.88	19	10.78	21
North Carolina	7.22	45	7.42	49
North Dakota	7.97	39	10.55	23
Ohio	10.95	13	13.81	9
Oklahoma	7.51	44	9.30	34
Oregon	13.00	8	15.57	3
Pennsylvania	10.67	14	8.74	39
Rhode Island	10.56	16	10.93	20
South Carolina	8.70	28	12.16	15
South Dakota	9.15	25	9.24	36
Tennessee	8.08	36	7.62	48
Texas	6.61	49	7.13	50
Utah	13.43	7	15.37	4
Vermont	8.63	29	13.74	10
Virginia	8.01	37	9.17	37
Washington	8.13	35	8.71	40
West Virginia	13.46	6	14.91	5
Wisconsin	7.97	38	9.30	35
Wyoming	17.84	2	15.77	2

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 16th in FY 2012

Table 58
Government Administration Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 398		\$ 325	
Alabama	\$ 303	45	\$ 214	48
Alaska	1,298	1	825	1
Arizona	337	37	310	28
Arkansas	347	33	249	43
California	528	5	452	5
Colorado	464	17	330	21
Connecticut	498	10	395	11
Delaware	609	3	510	2
Florida	344	34	298	31
Georgia	342	35	286	37
Hawaii	523	6	431	7
Idaho	364	32	317	25
Illinois	370	31	331	19
Indiana	292	46	306	29
Iowa	334	39	286	36
Kansas	386	25	349	17
Kentucky	334	38	248	44
Louisiana	466	16	313	26
Maine	376	29	330	20
Maryland	469	14	305	30
Massachusetts	387	24	321	23
Michigan	289	47	288	33
Minnesota	391	22	350	16
Mississippi	337	36	222	46
Missouri	250	50	231	45
Montana	537	4	370	13
Nebraska	313	41	253	41
Nevada	444	18	434	6
New Hampshire	388	23	286	35
New Jersey	381	27	329	22
New Mexico	515	8	342	18
New York	522	7	391	12
North Carolina	272	49	212	49
North Dakota	419	20	283	38
Ohio	432	19	408	9
Oklahoma	303	43	249	42
Oregon	502	9	458	4
Pennsylvania	477	12	278	39
Rhode Island	479	11	351	15
South Carolina	303	44	318	24
South Dakota	418	21	263	40
Tennessee	309	42	217	47
Texas	281	48	211	50
Utah	474	13	402	10
Vermont	377	28	415	8
Virginia	385	26	313	27
Washington	374	30	291	32
West Virginia	467	15	355	14
Wisconsin	332	40	287	34
Wyoming	914	2	493	3

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 11th in FY 2012

Table 59
Interest on General Debt
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 8.08		\$ 8.33	
Alabama	\$ 5.49	38	\$ 7.10	37
Alaska	11.47	3	20.12	1
Arizona	7.11	27	7.48	33
Arkansas	4.84	43	6.43	42
California	9.60	7	7.37	34
Colorado	9.29	8	8.27	22
Connecticut	9.05	11	9.56	11
Delaware	8.29	17	11.79	6
Florida	6.42	30	8.23	24
Georgia	4.02	49	4.51	49
Hawaii	8.85	14	15.47	2
Idaho	4.67	44	6.03	44
Illinois	10.87	5	9.26	14
Indiana	8.02	21	6.68	41
Iowa	4.87	42	4.46	50
Kansas	8.57	15	7.80	30
Kentucky	12.41	2	14.08	3
Louisiana	9.26	10	9.25	15
Maine	6.82	28	8.92	17
Maryland	5.92	34	6.78	40
Massachusetts	9.84	6	12.75	4
Michigan	7.38	24	7.91	28
Minnesota	8.04	20	8.70	21
Mississippi	5.70	36	7.59	32
Missouri	7.23	26	6.32	43
Montana	5.31	41	9.27	13
Nebraska	4.13	48	4.91	48
Nevada	9.27	9	10.00	10
New Hampshire	7.83	22	9.12	16
New Jersey	7.31	25	6.90	39
New Mexico	6.77	29	8.03	25
New York	11.17	4	12.02	5
North Carolina	6.19	32	5.71	45
North Dakota	4.67	45	8.81	19
Ohio	6.08	33	8.00	27
Oklahoma	4.65	46	5.62	47
Oregon	8.14	18	7.21	35
Pennsylvania	8.13	19	10.33	9
Rhode Island	13.14	1	9.53	12
South Carolina	8.98	12	10.92	7
South Dakota	5.44	40	8.02	26
Tennessee	4.63	47	5.63	46
Texas	8.86	13	7.83	29
Utah	5.86	35	7.14	36
Vermont	5.55	37	8.83	18
Virginia	6.29	31	6.95	38
Washington	8.51	16	7.69	31
West Virginia	5.45	39	10.40	8
Wisconsin	7.81	23	8.74	20
Wyoming	2.70	50	8.26	23

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 1st in FY 2012

Table 60
Interest on General Debt
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 350		\$ 264	
Alabama	\$ 195	41	\$ 183	41
Alaska	567	3	674	1
Arizona	258	31	206	37
Arkansas	171	47	154	46
California	442	7	251	24
Colorado	423	9	290	14
Connecticut	531	5	416	5
Delaware	361	19	410	6
Florida	261	30	255	22
Georgia	149	49	135	49
Hawaii	388	12	467	3
Idaho	161	48	159	45
Illinois	489	6	314	11
Indiana	299	26	192	38
Iowa	212	38	128	50
Kansas	368	16	233	31
Kentucky	439	8	366	7
Louisiana	366	17	236	30
Maine	268	29	256	21
Maryland	315	22	254	23
Massachusetts	546	4	506	2
Michigan	280	28	239	26
Minnesota	372	15	292	13
Mississippi	187	44	174	42
Missouri	282	27	184	40
Montana	202	40	232	32
Nebraska	186	45	149	48
Nevada	356	20	322	9
New Hampshire	382	13	322	10
New Jersey	396	10	279	16
New Mexico	240	36	206	36
New York	590	2	436	4
North Carolina	233	37	164	43
North Dakota	245	33	236	29
Ohio	240	35	237	28
Oklahoma	188	43	151	47
Oregon	314	23	212	35
Pennsylvania	363	18	329	8
Rhode Island	596	1	306	12
South Carolina	313	24	285	15
South Dakota	249	32	228	34
Tennessee	177	46	160	44
Texas	376	14	232	33
Utah	207	39	186	39
Vermont	243	34	267	18
Virginia	303	25	237	27
Washington	391	11	257	20
West Virginia	189	42	248	25
Wisconsin	325	21	270	17
Wyoming	138	50	258	19

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 1st in FY 2012

Table 61
Insurance Trust Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 25.66		\$ 18.89	
Alabama	\$ 21.57	29	\$ 15.31	29
Alaska	37.09	3	31.29	3
Arizona	19.97	34	13.26	39
Arkansas	18.53	36	14.48	33
California	34.91	6	22.17	9
Colorado	25.75	18	17.87	23
Connecticut	26.66	16	17.16	25
Delaware	23.35	22	13.28	37
Florida	15.02	44	9.92	46
Georgia	21.05	31	12.41	42
Hawaii	24.06	21	20.56	13
Idaho	20.67	33	16.09	26
Illinois	33.68	7	20.62	11
Indiana	16.47	42	9.79	47
Iowa	18.57	35	14.47	35
Kansas	17.66	38	12.47	41
Kentucky	30.84	9	19.46	18
Louisiana	22.75	26	20.19	14
Maine	20.67	32	14.60	31
Maryland	17.65	39	13.26	38
Massachusetts	27.55	13	20.19	15
Michigan	28.48	11	19.27	20
Minnesota	21.98	27	21.36	10
Mississippi	25.14	19	17.40	24
Missouri	21.85	28	15.05	30
Montana	24.07	20	19.52	17
Nebraska	12.19	49	8.16	50
Nevada	27.06	15	13.85	36
New Hampshire	11.71	50	8.28	49
New Jersey	32.07	8	19.74	16
New Mexico	29.92	10	18.49	22
New York	35.08	5	28.17	5
North Carolina	21.44	30	15.34	28
North Dakota	14.26	45	12.60	40
Ohio	38.12	1	32.34	2
Oklahoma	17.83	37	16.04	27
Oregon	36.78	4	30.10	4
Pennsylvania	28.14	12	20.56	12
Rhode Island	37.60	2	27.07	6
South Carolina	23.22	24	18.92	21
South Dakota	12.34	48	10.52	44
Tennessee	15.05	43	11.47	43
Texas	17.36	40	14.48	34
Utah	17.11	41	14.55	32
Vermont	14.13	47	9.67	48
Virginia	14.21	46	10.51	45
Washington	25.87	17	25.00	7
West Virginia	23.00	25	42.45	1
Wisconsin	27.12	14	24.10	8
Wyoming	23.30	23	19.39	19

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 2nd in FY 2012

Table 62
Insurance Trust Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 1,112		\$ 599	
Alabama	\$ 766	34	\$ 395	36
Alaska	1,834	2	1,049	1
Arizona	724	38	364	40
Arkansas	654	42	348	42
California	1,607	5	755	10
Colorado	1,171	14	627	16
Connecticut	1,564	6	747	11
Delaware	1,017	22	462	26
Florida	612	45	308	45
Georgia	778	33	371	39
Hawaii	1,056	19	621	17
Idaho	711	40	424	32
Illinois	1,515	8	698	14
Indiana	614	44	281	49
Iowa	809	30	416	34
Kansas	759	35	373	38
Kentucky	1,090	16	506	21
Louisiana	900	25	515	20
Maine	813	28	419	33
Maryland	939	23	497	22
Massachusetts	1,528	7	800	8
Michigan	1,079	17	581	19
Minnesota	1,018	21	717	13
Mississippi	826	27	399	35
Missouri	852	26	438	29
Montana	918	24	489	24
Nebraska	548	50	248	50
Nevada	1,040	20	447	27
New Hampshire	571	48	293	47
New Jersey	1,738	3	799	9
New Mexico	1,059	18	475	25
New York	1,853	1	1,022	2
North Carolina	806	31	439	28
North Dakota	749	36	338	43
Ohio	1,505	9	956	4
Oklahoma	721	39	430	30
Oregon	1,421	10	885	5
Pennsylvania	1,257	11	655	15
Rhode Island	1,705	4	869	6
South Carolina	810	29	494	23
South Dakota	563	49	299	46
Tennessee	575	47	327	44
Texas	737	37	429	31
Utah	604	46	380	37
Vermont	618	43	292	48
Virginia	684	41	359	41
Washington	1,189	13	834	7
West Virginia	798	32	1,011	3
Wisconsin	1,129	15	744	12
Wyoming	1,194	12	606	18

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.

RI ranked 4th in FY 2012

Table 63
Utility & Liquor Store Expenditures
Per \$1,000 of Personal Income
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 15.83		\$ 15.91	
Alabama	\$ 18.94	10	\$ 18.72	9
Alaska	19.74	9	13.63	18
Arizona	20.65	7	28.26	5
Arkansas	9.98	35	9.17	33
California	21.07	6	24.47	7
Colorado	14.52	16	15.32	14
Connecticut	7.22	44	5.55	46
Delaware	13.44	20	8.01	38
Florida	14.36	17	14.16	16
Georgia	17.09	11	16.91	11
Hawaii	15.49	13	9.08	34
Idaho	6.29	49	5.80	45
Illinois	12.20	23	11.43	25
Indiana	10.45	32	10.13	28
Iowa	10.39	33	10.02	29
Kansas	11.57	27	10.33	27
Kentucky	13.71	19	11.23	26
Louisiana	7.93	40	9.18	32
Maine	3.18	50	4.18	50
Maryland	7.75	41	5.47	47
Massachusetts	13.39	21	13.77	17
Michigan	10.89	29	9.29	30
Minnesota	10.66	31	12.01	20
Mississippi	11.84	25	11.61	23
Missouri	11.91	24	9.25	31
Montana	6.90	47	5.38	48
Nebraska	50.26	1	44.14	1
Nevada	13.87	18	18.62	10
New Hampshire	9.49	37	7.97	39
New Jersey	7.20	45	8.78	35
New Mexico	10.24	34	8.12	37
New York	28.40	3	24.95	6
North Carolina	14.74	15	15.71	13
North Dakota	7.46	42	5.24	49
Ohio	8.70	39	8.64	36
Oklahoma	12.49	22	11.70	22
Oregon	15.89	12	16.32	12
Pennsylvania	10.86	30	11.59	24
Rhode Island	7.24	43	6.86	43
South Carolina	20.08	8	21.43	8
South Dakota	9.75	36	7.63	40
Tennessee	37.45	2	35.49	2
Texas	15.02	14	14.39	15
Utah	26.83	5	30.18	4
Vermont	11.26	28	12.09	19
Virginia	6.95	46	7.48	41
Washington	27.40	4	33.88	3
West Virginia	6.87	48	6.18	44
Wisconsin	8.85	38	7.43	42
Wyoming	11.69	26	11.95	21

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 43rd in FY 2012

Table 64
Utility & Liquor Store Expenditures
Per Capita
Fiscal Years 2012 and 2002

State	FY 2012		FY 2002	
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank
United States*	\$ 686		\$ 504	
Alabama	\$ 672	12	\$ 483	13
Alaska	976	5	457	15
Arizona	749	8	777	7
Arkansas	352	42	220	41
California	970	6	833	5
Colorado	660	13	537	11
Connecticut	423	33	241	38
Delaware	586	18	278	32
Florida	585	19	439	17
Georgia	632	15	505	12
Hawaii	680	11	274	33
Idaho	217	49	153	46
Illinois	549	21	387	20
Indiana	390	38	291	28
Iowa	452	31	288	29
Kansas	497	24	309	26
Kentucky	484	28	292	27
Louisiana	314	46	234	39
Maine	125	50	120	50
Maryland	412	35	205	45
Massachusetts	742	9	546	10
Michigan	412	34	280	31
Minnesota	494	25	403	19
Mississippi	389	39	266	35
Missouri	464	29	269	34
Montana	263	47	135	49
Nebraska	2,258	1	1,341	1
Nevada	533	22	601	8
New Hampshire	463	30	281	30
New Jersey	390	37	355	24
New Mexico	362	41	209	44
New York	1,500	2	906	4
North Carolina	555	20	450	16
North Dakota	392	36	140	48
Ohio	343	43	255	36
Oklahoma	505	23	314	25
Oregon	614	16	480	14
Pennsylvania	485	27	369	22
Rhode Island	328	45	220	42
South Carolina	700	10	560	9
South Dakota	445	32	217	43
Tennessee	1,430	3	1,010	3
Texas	638	14	426	18
Utah	946	7	788	6
Vermont	492	26	365	23
Virginia	334	44	255	37
Washington	1,259	4	1,130	2
West Virginia	238	48	147	47
Wisconsin	368	40	229	40
Wyoming	599	17	374	21

* U.S. average includes the District of Columbia.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Government Finances, various years, Bureau of Economic Analysis for personal income data, and RIPEC calculations.
 RI ranked 45th in FY 2012